DARWIN EU® – Paracetamol prescribing and paracetamol overdose in Europe: a descriptive analysis of trends and patient characteristics

First published: 22/05/2025

Last updated: 27/08/2025





Administrative details

EU PAS number
EUPAS1000000584
Study ID
100000584
DARWIN EU® study
Yes
Study countries
Denmark
France
Germany

Nethe	erlands		
Norwa	ау		
Spain			
Swed	en		

Study description

Paracetamol (acetaminophen) is one of the most widely used medicines worldwide and is available over the counter in the European Union. It is one of the most common causes of drug poisonings and can result in severe hepatic failure.

Different regulatory interventions at national level have occurred to reduce the incidence of paracetamol overdose, but it is uncertain how paracetamol is prescribed across Europe and to what extent prescription may be involved in poisonings.

Study status

Ongoing

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Department of Medical Informatics - Health Data						
Science, Erasmus Medical Center (ErasmusMC)						
☐ Netherlands						
First published: 03/11/2022						
Last updated: 02/05/2024						

Networks

Data Analysis and Real World Interrogation Network
(DARWIN EU®)
Belgium
Croatia
☐ Denmark
Estonia
Finland
France
Germany
Greece
Hungary
Italy
☐ Netherlands
□ Norway
Portugal
Spain
Sweden
United Kingdom
First published: 01/02/2024
Last updated: 30/04/2025
Network

Contact details

Study institution contact

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Berta Raventos

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 24/03/2025

Actual: 24/03/2025

Study start date

Planned: 05/05/2025

Actual: 05/05/2025

Date of final study report

Planned: 30/09/2025

Sources of funding

EMA

Study protocol

DARWIN EU Protocol P4-C2-002 Paracetamol OD V2.pdf (772.08 KB)

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Human medicinal product

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

Data collection methods:

Study design:

Retrospective cohort studies will be conducted using routinely collected health data from 8 databases.

Main study objective:

The aim of the study is to provide an overview of paracetamol prescribing and paracetamol overdose in the selected European databases, and to characterise patients presenting with paracetamol overdose.

The specific objectives of the study are:

- 1. To examine the incidence/prevalence of paracetamol prescribing (overall, and by age, sex, formulation and country/database).
- 2. To examine the incidence of paracetamol overdose (overall, and by age, sex, country/database).
- 3. To characterise patients with paracetamol overdose, in terms of comorbidities, co-prescribed medications, prior paracetamol prescription, and incidence of short-term complications and mortality.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cohort

Study drug and medical condition

Name of medicine, other

Paracetamol

Population studied

Short description of the study population

The source population will comprise all individuals present in the database at any time during the period from 1st of January 2010 to 31st of December 2023 (or last year with complete observation). All patients will need to have at least 365 days of data visibility prior to index date. Therefore, children aged <1 year will be excluded.

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

Data sources

Data source(s)

Danish Health Data Registries
InGef Research Database
Integrated Primary Care Information (IPCI)
Norwegian Linked Health registry at University of Oslo

Data source(s), other

Hospital Universitario 12 de Octubre, Health Impact - Swedish Population Evidence Enabling Data-linkage

Data sources (types)

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping	
Yes	
CDM Mappings	
CDM name	
ОМОР	
CDM website	
https://www.ohdsi.org/Data-standardization/	
CDM version	
https://ohdsi.github.io/CommonDataModel/index.html	
Data quality specifications	
Check conformance	
Unknown	

Check stability

Unknown

Check completeness

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

Unknown