# Assessing the impact of earlier access to biologics on remission and natural course of asthma (GLEAM)

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# Administrative details

EU PAS number	
EUPAS1000000530	
Study ID	
1000000530	
DARWIN EU® study	
No	
Study countries	
☐ Argentina	
☐ Belgium ☐ Brazil	
Bulgaria	

Ongoing
Study status
initiation, disease progression, and remission probabilities in severe asthma.
An examination of the association between the timing of biologic therapy
Study description
United States
United Kingdom
United Arab Emirates
Taiwan  United Arab Emirates
☐ Spain
Singapore
Saudi Arabia
Portugal
Poland
Norway
Mexico
Kuwait
Korea, Republic of
Japan
Italy
Ireland
India
Greece
France
Estonia
Denmark
Colombia
Canada

Research institutions and networks

# **Institutions**

Observational & Pragmatic Research Institute Pte (OPRI)
United Kingdom
First published: 06/10/2015
Last updated: 19/08/2024
Institution Educational Institution Laboratory/Research/Testing facility
ENCePP partner

# Contact details

## **Study institution contact**

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Study contact

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# **Primary lead investigator**

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Primary lead investigator

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# Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 17/11/2023 Actual: 17/11/2023

### Study start date

Planned: 01/03/2024 Actual: 01/08/2024

### Data analysis start date

Actual: 15/03/2025

### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 30/06/2025

# Sources of funding

Other

Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Pharmaceutical companies: AstraZeneca

Other: Optimum Patient Care Global

# Study protocol

GLEAM\_PROTOCOL\_Final\_25.03.15.pdf(622.3 KB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?
Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?  Not applicable
Methodological aspects
Study type
Study type list
Study topic: Human medicinal product
Study type:
Non-interventional study
Scope of the study:
Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)
Data collection methods:
Secondary use of data
Study design:
Observational study, historical cohort study
Main study objective:

### Objective 1:

To describe the timing of biologic therapy initiation using various proxies of time to initiation

### Objective 2:

To assess whether the timing of biologic therapy initiation is associated with the course of the disease in patients with severe asthma, including remission, biomarkers and individual clinical outcomes.

# Study Design

### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

### Name of medicine

**DUPIXENT** 

**FASENRA** 

NUCALA

TEZSPIRE 210 MG - SOLUTION FOR INJECTION

**XOLAIR** 

### Name of medicine, other

Cinqair

Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name BENRALIZUMAB

**DUPILUMAB** 

**MEPOLIZUMAB** 

**OMALIZUMAB** 

**RESLIZUMAB** 

**TEZEPELUMAB** 

### **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(R03DX05) omalizumab

omalizumab

(R03DX08) reslizumab

reslizumab

(R03DX09) mepolizumab

mepolizumab

(R03DX10) benralizumab

benralizumab

(R03DX11) tezepelumab

tezepelumab

(D11AH05) dupilumab

dupilumab

### Additional medical condition(s)

Severe asthma

# Population studied

### Short description of the study population

Patients diagnosed with severe asthma from 27 countries.

### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 65 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

### **Special population of interest**

Other

### Special population of interest, other

Patients with severe asthma

### **Estimated number of subjects**

15000

# Study design details

### **Setting**

Data collected at a clinical setting from years 2017-2024

### **Comparators**

Early vs late biologic initiators

### **Outcomes**

Asthma clinical remission, exacerbation, Long-term OCS, asthma control, blood eosinophil count, Fractional exhaled nitric oxide

### **Data analysis plan**

Remission:

- Type: Yes / No, Univariable: Logistic regression

### Clinical outcomes:

- Exacerbations, Type: count, Univariable: Negative binomial
- Total OCS, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Linear regression
- Asthma control, Type: Ordinal, Univariable: Ordinal logistic regression
- Lung function, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Linear regression

### Biomarkers:

- FeNO, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Median change from baseline to 3 months, 12 month, 2 yrs, 3 yrs (Linear or quantile regression)
- BEC, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Median change from baseline to 3 months, 12 month, 2 yrs, 3 yrs (Linear or quantile regression)

### **Summary results**

Not yet completed.

# Data management

# Data sources

### Data source(s)

International Severe Asthma Registry

Optimum Patient Care Research Database

### Data source(s), other

CHRONICLE

# Disease registry Electronic healthcare records (EHR) Use of a Common Data Model (CDM) **CDM** mapping No Data quality specifications **Check conformance** Yes **Check completeness** Yes **Check stability** Yes **Check logical consistency** Yes Data characterisation **Data characterisation conducted** Not applicable

Data sources (types)