

# Assessing the impact of earlier access to biologics on remission and natural course of asthma (GLEAM)

**First published:** 28/03/2025

**Last updated:** 21/07/2025

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS1000000530

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### Study ID

1000000530

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

- ☐ Argentina
- ☐ Belgium
- ☐ Brazil
- ☐ Bulgaria

- ☐ Canada
  - ☐ Colombia
  - ☐ Denmark
  - ☐ Estonia
  - ☐ France
  - ☐ Greece
  - ☐ India
  - ☐ Ireland
  - ☐ Italy
  - ☐ Japan
  - ☐ Korea, Republic of
  - ☐ Kuwait
  - ☐ Mexico
  - ☐ Norway
  - ☐ Poland
  - ☐ Portugal
  - ☐ Saudi Arabia
  - ☐ Singapore
  - ☐ Spain
  - ☐ Taiwan
  - ☐ United Arab Emirates
  - ☐ United Kingdom
  - ☐ United States
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### **Study description**

An examination of the association between the timing of biologic therapy initiation, disease progression, and remission probabilities in severe asthma.

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### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

### Observational & Pragmatic Research Institute Pte (OPRI)

☐ United Kingdom

**First published:** 06/10/2015

**Last updated:** 19/08/2024

**Institution**

**Educational Institution**

**Laboratory/Research/Testing facility**

**ENCePP partner**

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

David Price [dprice@opri.sg](mailto:dprice@opri.sg)

**Study contact**

[dprice@opri.sg](mailto:dprice@opri.sg)

### Primary lead investigator

David Price 0000-0002-9728-9992

**Primary lead investigator**

### ORCID number:

0000-0002-9728-9992

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 17/11/2023

Actual: 17/11/2023

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**Study start date**

Planned: 01/03/2024

Actual: 01/08/2024

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**Data analysis start date**

Actual: 15/03/2025

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**Date of final study report**

Planned: 21/07/2025

Actual: 21/07/2025

## Sources of funding

- Other
- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Pharmaceutical companies: AstraZeneca

Other: Optimum Patient Care Global

## Study protocol

[GLEAM\\_PROTOCOL\\_Final\\_25.03.15.pdf](#) (622.3 KB)

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

No

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)

**Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

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**Study design:**

Observational study, historical cohort study

**Main study objective:**

### Objective 1:

To describe the timing of biologic therapy initiation using various proxies of time to initiation

### Objective 2:

To assess whether the timing of biologic therapy initiation is associated with the course of the disease in patients with severe asthma, including remission, biomarkers and individual clinical outcomes.

## Study Design

### **Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

### **Medicinal product name**

DUPIXENT

FASENRA

NUCALA

TEZSPIRE

XOLAIR

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### **Medicinal product name, other**

Cinqair

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### **Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name**

BENRALIZUMAB

DUPILUMAB  
MEPOLIZUMAB  
OMALIZUMAB  
RESLIZUMAB  
TEZEPELUMAB

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**Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(R03DX05) omalizumab  
omalizumab  
(R03DX08) reslizumab  
reslizumab  
(R03DX09) mepolizumab  
mepolizumab  
(R03DX10) benralizumab  
benralizumab  
(R03DX11) tezepelumab  
tezepelumab  
(D11AH05) dupilumab  
dupilumab

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**Additional medical condition(s)**

Severe asthma

## Population studied

**Short description of the study population**

Patients diagnosed with severe asthma from 27 countries.

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**Age groups**

- Adults (18 to < 65 years)
    - Adults (18 to < 46 years)
    - Adults (46 to < 65 years)
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## **Special population of interest**

Other

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## **Special population of interest, other**

Patients with severe asthma

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## **Estimated number of subjects**

15000

# **Study design details**

## **Setting**

Data collected at a clinical setting from years 2017-2024

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## **Comparators**

Early vs late biologic initiators

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## **Outcomes**

Asthma clinical remission, exacerbation, Long-term OCS, asthma control, blood eosinophil count, Fractional exhaled nitric oxide

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## **Data analysis plan**

Remission:

- Type: Yes / No, Univariable: Logistic regression



#### Clinical outcomes:

- Exacerbations, Type: count, Univariable: Negative binomial
- Total OCS, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Linear regression
- Asthma control, Type: Ordinal, Univariable: Ordinal logistic regression
- Lung function, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Linear regression

#### Biomarkers:

- FeNO, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Median change from baseline to 3 months, 12 month, 2 yrs, 3 yrs (Linear or quantile regression)
- BEC, Type: Continuous, Univariable: Median change from baseline to 3 months, 12 month, 2 yrs, 3 yrs (Linear or quantile regression)

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#### Summary results

Not yet completed.

## Documents

#### Study report

[ISAR GLEAM Study Report\\_25.07.09.pdf](#) (3.9 MB)

## Data management

## ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.  
The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency

but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data source(s)

International Severe Asthma Registry

Optimum Patient Care Research Database

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### Data source(s), other

CHRONICLE

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### Data sources (types)

[Disease registry](#)

[Electronic healthcare records \(EHR\)](#)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### CDM mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

### Check conformance

Yes

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### Check completeness

Yes

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**Check stability**

Yes

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**Check logical consistency**

Yes

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

Not applicable