

# SAFETY-VAC: Phenotype proposal and rates of immunocompromised populations in real-world data sources.

**First published:** 24/02/2025

**Last updated:** 16/04/2026

Study

Planned

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS1000000288

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### Study ID

1000000288


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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

 Denmark


 Finland

 France

 Italy

 Norway

 Spain

 United Kingdom

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### Study description

This SAFETY-VAC project aims to provide a consolidated approach to identify and characterise immunocompromised populations in real-world data sources and to produce incidence and prevalence rates for these populations using electronic healthcare records databases.

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### Study status

Planned

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

Aarhus University & Aarhus University Hospital  
DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY

 Denmark


**First published:** 20/07/2021

**Last updated:** 08/05/2026

**Institution**

**Educational Institution**

University Medical Center Utrecht (UMCU)

 Netherlands

**First published:** 24/11/2021

**Last updated:** 22/02/2024

**Institution**

Educational Institution

Hospital/Clinic/Other health care facility

ENCePP partner

## Fundació Institut Universitari per a la Recerca a l'Atenció Primària de Salut Jordi Gol i Gurina, IDIAPJGol

 Spain

**First published:** 05/10/2012

**Last updated:** 23/05/2025

**Institution**


Educational Institution

Laboratory/Research/Testing facility

Not-for-profit

ENCePP partner

## Bordeaux PharmacoEpi, University of Bordeaux

 France

**First published:** 07/02/2023

**Last updated:** 08/12/2025

**Institution**

Educational Institution

Hospital/Clinic/Other health care facility

Not-for-profit

ENCePP partner

## Instituto Aragonés de Ciencias de la Salud (IACS)

 Spain

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 02/04/2024

**Institution**

**Educational Institution**

## Agenzia regionale di sanità della Toscana (ARS Toscana)

 Italy

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 23/03/2026

**Institution**

**EU Institution/Body/Agency**

**ENCePP partner**

## The Foundation for the Promotion of Health and Biomedical Research of Valencia Region (FISABIO)

 Spain

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 31/10/2025

**Institution**

## Agencia Española de Medicamentos y Productos Sanitarios (Spanish Agency for Medicines and Medical Devices, AEMPS)

 Spain

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 04/09/2024

**Institution**

EU Institution/Body/Agency

Not-for-profit

Regulatory Authority

ENCePP partner

## University of Oslo

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

**Institution**

## Teamit Institute

 Spain

**First published:** 12/03/2024

**Last updated:** 12/03/2024

**Institution**

Other

ENCePP partner

Utrecht University (UU), University of Eastern  
Finland (UEF)

## Networks

### Vaccine monitoring Collaboration for Europe (VAC4EU)

-  Belgium
-  Denmark
-  Finland
-  France
-  Germany
-  Italy
-  Netherlands
-  Norway
-  Spain
-  United Kingdom

**First published:** 22/09/2020


**Last updated:** 22/09/2020

Network

Outdated

ENCePP partner

EU Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacovigilance  
(PE&PV) Research Network

 Netherlands

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 24/09/2025

Network

## Pedianet network (So.Se.Te)

 Italy

**First published:** 23/10/2025

**Last updated:** 08/04/2026

Network

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

Fabio Riefolo [friefolo@teamitresearch.com](mailto:friefolo@teamitresearch.com)

Study contact

[friefolo@teamitresearch.com](mailto:friefolo@teamitresearch.com)

### Primary lead investigator

Carlos Durán Salinas

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 15/01/2024

Actual: 06/02/2024

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**Study start date**

Planned: 15/05/2024

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**Date of final study report**

Planned: 16/09/2024

## Sources of funding

- EMA

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Disease /health condition

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Disease epidemiology

Method development or testing

**Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

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**Study design:**

- Scoping review aimed at describing and identifying immunocompromised populations in epidemiological studies using EHRs.
- Retrospective cohort study from January 1, 2017, to the last available data aimed at identifying and characterizing these populations using RWD.

**Main study objective:**

- To describe what operational definitions are used to identify immunocompromised populations when conducting epidemiological research in EHR databases and propose a phenotype to identify immunocompromised individuals in database studies correctly.
- To estimate the incidence and one-year prevalence rates of immunocompromised status based on the agreed phenotype and different durations of episodes.
- To assess the contribution of different provenances of data and durations to the prevalence of the immunocompromised status.

## Study Design

## **Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

# Population studied

### **Short description of the study population**

Electronic health records of people from 10 data sources in 7 countries in Europe from January 1st, 2017, until the last data availability were selected.

Persons were included in the study population when they had:

- Information on age and gender available,
- At least one day of follow in the study period (1/1/2017- latest availability).

Follow-up started at the latest date of any of the following dates: day that one year of lookback is available during the study period, or at 1/1/2017 when the person is born in the data base.

Follow-up finished at the earliest of the following dates: death, disenrollment, end of study period, or recommended end date.

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### **Age groups**

- **Paediatric Population (< 18 years)**
- **Adult and elderly population ( $\geq 18$  years)**

# Study design details

### **Setting**

The study will use data from 10 secondary electronic health record databases that are population-based in 7 countries in Europe (UK, Spain, Denmark, Finland, Norway, Italy and France).

The study will be conducted during the period from January 1st, 2017, to the last data availability, specific for each data source.

The source population comprises all persons in the data sources who can be potentially included in the study.

## Documents

### Study report

[SAFETY-VAC\\_Immunocompromised\\_population\\_D4\\_Report.pdf](#) (1009.31 KB)

### Study publications

[Immunocompromised Status Definition in Observational Studies Using Electronic H...](#)

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## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data source(s)

Pedinet

Norwegian Health Registers

The Valencia Health System Integrated Database

EpiChron Cohort

Danish Health Data Registries

Système National des Données de Santé (French national health system main database)

BIFAP - Base de Datos para la Investigación Farmacoepidemiológica en el Ámbito Público (Pharmacoepidemiological Research Database for Public Health Systems)

Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD

The Information System for Research in Primary Care (SIDIAP)

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**Data source(s), other**

Finnish national data registers

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

**CDM mapping**

Yes

## Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Yes

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**Check completeness**

Yes

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**Check stability**

Yes

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**Check logical consistency**

Yes

## Data characterisation

## **Data characterisation conducted**

Yes