

# DARWIN EU® – Frailty and polypharmacy among adults with selected cancers at the time of diagnosis

**First published:** 22/04/2024

**Last updated:** 11/11/2024

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS1000000120

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### Study ID

1000000120

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### DARWIN EU® study

Yes

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### Study countries

- Belgium
- Estonia
- Germany
- Netherlands

- Spain
- United Kingdom

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### **Study description**

This study intends to investigate the ability to characterise frailty and polypharmacy in real-world data sources, to estimate the prevalence of frailty and polypharmacy in people aged 18 and above with selected cancers at the point of diagnosis and to describe their characteristics. While the focus is on older adults, the study will explore the full age range of adulthood to better contextualise the results.

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### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

#### [Department of Medical Informatics - Health Data Science, Erasmus Medical Center \(ErasmusMC\)](#)

- Netherlands

**First published:** 03/11/2022

**Last updated:** 02/05/2024

**Institution**

**Educational Institution**

**ENCePP partner**

[IQVIA NL, Real-World-Evidence](#)

Netherlands

**First published:** 25/11/2022

**Last updated:** 21/03/2025

**Institution**

**Other**

**ENCePP partner**

Fundació Institut Universitari per a la Recerca a l'Atenció Primària de Salut Jordi Gol i Gurina,  
**IDIAPJGol**

Spain

**First published:** 05/10/2012

**Last updated:** 23/05/2025

**Institution**

**Educational Institution**

**Laboratory/Research/Testing facility**

**Not-for-profit**

**ENCePP partner**

**University of Oxford, University of Tartu**

## Networks

**Data Analysis and Real World Interrogation Network (DARWIN EU®)**

Belgium

Croatia

- Denmark
- Estonia
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Greece
- Hungary
- Italy
- Netherlands
- Norway
- Portugal
- Spain
- Sweden
- United Kingdom

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 30/04/2025

**Network**

## Contact details

### **Study institution contact**

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**Study contact**

[study@darwin-eu.org](mailto:study@darwin-eu.org)

### **Primary lead investigator**

Talita Duarte-Salles

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 19/04/2024

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### **Study start date**

Planned: 05/04/2024

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/05/2024

Actual: 09/07/2024

## Sources of funding

- EMA

## Study protocol

[DARWIN\\_EU\\_D2.2.3\\_Protocol\\_P2-C1-009\\_Frailty and Polypharmacy at cancer diagnosis\\_v2.3.pdf](#) (1.58 MB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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## **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## **Methodological aspects**

### **Study type**

#### **Study type list**

##### **Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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##### **Study design:**

A population-based cohort study of all incident cases of selected cancers will be conducted.

##### **Main study objective:**

The aim of this study is to estimate the prevalence of frailty and polypharmacy at the point of diagnosis of selected cancers in adults and to describe their characteristics.

## **Study Design**

### **Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## **Study drug and medical condition**

## **Medical condition to be studied**

Breast cancer

Ovarian cancer

Endometrial cancer

Prostate cancer

Colorectal cancer

Lymphoma

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## **Additional medical condition(s)**

Lung cancer, pancreatic cancer, leukemia and myeloma

## **Population studied**

### **Short description of the study population**

The study population will include all individuals aged 18 years and above with a primary diagnosis of selected cancers (lung, breast, ovary, endometrium, prostate, pancreas, colorectal cancer, lymphoma, leukemia and myeloma) recorded between 01/01/2017 and 31/12/2022, with at least one year of prior history available before cancer diagnosis. Individuals with a diagnosis of cancer (any, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer) any time prior to the diagnosis of one of the selected cancers will be excluded.

Additional eligibility of a minimum of 1 year of potential follow-up time prior to the end of last database observations will be imposed for the estimation of one-year hospitalisation and mortality rates if the data sources capture this information.

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### **Age groups**

- Adult and elderly population ( $\geq 18$  years)**

- Adults (18 to < 65 years)

- Adults (18 to < 46 years)
- Adults (46 to < 65 years)
- Elderly (≥ 65 years)
  - Adults (65 to < 75 years)
  - Adults (75 to < 85 years)
  - Adults (85 years and over)

## Study design details

### Setting

This study will be conducted using routinely collected health data from 6 databases in the DARWIN EU network of data partners from 6 European countries. All databases were previously mapped to the OMOP CDM.

### Data sources

1. Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD, United Kingdom
2. IQVIA Disease Analyzer Germany (IQVIA DA Germany), Germany
3. IQVIA Longitudinal Patient Database Belgium (IQVIA LPD Belgium), Belgium
4. Integrated Primary Care Information Project (IPCI), The Netherlands
5. Estonian Biobank (EBB), Estonia
6. Sistema d'Informació per al Desenvolupament de la Investigació en Atenció Primària (SIDIAP), Spain

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### Data analysis plan

Population-level descriptive epidemiology:

- Prevalence rates of the condition of interest

Patient-level characterisation:

- Large-scale characterisation
- Patient-level characteristics
- Prognosis / progression to a pre-specified outcome

## Documents

## Study report

[DARWIN EU\\_D2.2.4\\_Report\\_P2-C1-009 Frailty and polypharmacy report\\_V4.pdf](#)  
(5.9 MB)

## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data source(s)

Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD

Estonian Biobank

Integrated Primary Care Information (IPCI)

The Information System for Research in Primary Care (SIDIAP)

IQVIA Disease Analyzer Germany

IQVIA Longitudinal Patient Data - Belgium

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### CDM mapping

Yes

### CDM Mappings

**CDM name**

OMOP

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**CDM website**

<https://www.ohdsi.org/Data-standardization/>

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## Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

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## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

Unknown