

# DARWIN EU® Effectiveness of Human Papillomavirus Vaccines (HPV) to prevent cervical cancer

**First published:** 22/03/2024

**Last updated:** 26/02/2025

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### PURI

<https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/1000000080>

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### EU PAS number

EUPAS1000000080

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### Study ID

1000000080

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### DARWIN EU® study

Yes

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### Study countries

Germany

Spain

United Kingdom

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### **Study description**

Research question: What is the effectiveness of HPV vaccination in prevention of severe disease outcomes in women, including invasive cervical cancer and CIN2+ for the different licensed HPV vaccines in Europe.

More specifically, the study objectives are:

Main objectives:

- To assess the effectiveness of HPV vaccination in prevention of invasive cervical cancer stratified by licenced vaccine brand
- To assess the effectiveness of HPV vaccination in prevention of CIN2+, stratified by licenced vaccine brand
- To assess the effectiveness of HPV vaccination in prevention of, conization, stratified by licenced vaccine brand

Secondary objectives:

- To assess the effectiveness of HPV vaccination overall for the three outcomes (i.e. invasive cervical cancer, CIN2+ and conization)
- To assess the effectiveness of HPV vaccination in prevention of invasive cervical cancer, CIN2+ and conization in subgroups defined by number of doses, within each brand.

Results in both main and secondary analyses will be further stratified by age group.

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### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## Networks

### Data Analysis and Real World Interrogation Network (DARWIN EU®)

- Belgium
- Croatia
- Denmark
- Estonia
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Hungary
- Netherlands
- Norway
- Portugal
- Spain
- United Kingdom

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Network

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

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Study contact

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**Primary lead investigator**

Daniel Prieto Alhambra

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 10/02/2023

Actual: 10/02/2023

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**Study start date**

Planned: 10/02/2023

Actual: 10/02/2023

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**Date of final study report**

Planned: 15/05/2024

Actual: 19/11/2024

## Sources of funding

- EMA

## Study protocol

[DARWIN EU\\_D2.2.3 Protocol P2-C3-004\\_HPV\\_Final\\_v3.6 Public.pdf](#)(916.23 KB)

[DARWIN EU\\_D2.2.3 Protocol P2-C3-004\\_HPV\\_Final\\_v3.6 Public \(1\).pdf](#)(916.23 KB)

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

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**Study type:**

Not applicable

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**Study design:**

New user matched cohort study

## Study drug and medical condition

**Name of medicine**

CERVARIX

GARDASIL

GARDASIL 9

SILGARD

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**Name of medicine, other**

- human papillomavirus vaccine [types 16, 18] (recombinant, adjuvanted, adsorbed)
  - human papillomavirus vaccine [types 6, 11, 16, 18] (recombinant, adsorbed)
  - human papillomavirus 9-valent vaccine (recombinant, adsorbed)
- 

**Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(J07BM01) papillomavirus (human types 6, 11, 16, 18)

papillomavirus (human types 6, 11, 16, 18)

(J07BM02) papillomavirus (human types 16, 18)

papillomavirus (human types 16, 18)

(J07BM03) papillomavirus (human types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58)

papillomavirus (human types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58)

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**Additional medical condition(s)**

Invasive cervical cancer and CIN2+

## Population studied

**Short description of the study population**

All females aged 9 years or older on any date after the launch of the vaccination programme in any of the contributing datasets and with at least

365 days of prior data availability at the beginning of vaccination programme launch date in their country of residence will be eligible. The analysis will be further restricted to matched cohorts of vaccinated and unvaccinated participants with similar baseline characteristics.

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### **Age groups**

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adult and elderly population ( $\geq 18$  years)

Adults (18 to < 65 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Elderly ( $\geq 65$  years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

## **Study design details**

### **Outcomes**

The main outcome of interest is invasive cervical cancer. Two secondary outcomes are also considered: CIN2+ and Conization. These outcomes will be phenotyped and diagnostics will be carried out.

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### **Data analysis plan**

All analyses will be conducted separately for each database, and carried out in a federated manner, with effectiveness estimates meta-analysed and the I<sup>2</sup> heterogeneity coefficient reported.

We will conduct a propensity score (PS) matched cohort design, where target

and comparator cohort participants will be matched 1:5.

Matching will be done based on PS, year of birth, year of first dose (for analyses not involving dose number) and geographic region using nearest neighbor matching, with caliper width 0.2 standard deviations as is standard for propensity score matching.

Large-scale PS will be estimated using lasso regression to estimate the probability of being in the target cohorts, potentially including any of the covariates mentioned above.

The following matched cohorts will be compared:

Main comparisons:

Vaccinated vs unvaccinated per brand:

- Vaccinated with Gardasil/Silgard (target) (1 or more dose) vs unvaccinated (comparator)
- Vaccinated with Cervarix (target) (1 or more dose) vs unvaccinated (comparator)
- Vaccinated with Gardasil-9 (target) (1 or more dose) vs unvaccinated (comparator)

Secondary comparisons:

- Vaccinated (target) (1 or more dose) (any brand) vs unvaccinated (comparator) overall.

Dose comparisons:

- Vaccinated with 2 or more doses (target) vs 1 dose (comparator) of the same brand.
- Vaccinated with 3 or more doses (target) vs 2 doses (comparator) of the same brand.

## Documents

### **Study report**



## Data management

### Data sources

#### Data source(s)

Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD

IQVIA Disease Analyzer Germany

The Information System for Research in Primary Care (SIDIAP)

### Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### CDM mapping

Yes

#### CDM Mappings

#### CDM name

OMOP

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#### CDM website

<https://www.ohdsi.org/Data-standardization/>

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### Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No