

# Rhekiss: Rheuma - Kinderwunsch und Schwangerschaft

**First published:** 14/03/2024

**Last updated:** 17/10/2024

Data source

Human

Disease registry

## Administrative details

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#### Data source ID

1000000028

#### Data source acronym

Rhekiss

#### Data holder

[Epidemiology Unit, Deutsches Rheuma-Forschungszentrum Berlin \(DRFZ\)](#)

#### Data source type

Disease registry

#### Main financial support

Funding by own institution

Other

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### Care setting

Hospital outpatient care

Primary care – specialist level (e.g. paediatricians)

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### Data source qualification

If the data source has successfully undergone a formal qualification process (e.g., from the EMA, ISO or other certifications), this should be described.

No

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### Data source website

<https://rhekiss.de/>

## Contact details

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## Data source regions and languages

### Data source countries

Germany

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## Data source languages

German

## Data source establishment

### Data source established

01/09/2015

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### Data source time span

**First collection:** 01/09/2015

The date when data started to be collected or extracted.

## Publications

### Data source publications

[Pregnancy and neonatal outcomes in women with axial spondyloarthritis: pooled data analysis from the European Network of Pregnancy Registries in Rheumatology \(EuNeP\)](#)

[Mobile Responsive App—A Useful Additional Tool for Data Collection in the German Pregnancy Register Rhekiss?](#)

[European Network of Pregnancy Registers in Rheumatology \(EuNeP\)—an overview of procedures and data collection](#)

## Data elements collected

The data source contains the following information

## **Disease information**

Does the data source collect information with a focus on a specific disease? This might be a patient registry or other similar initiatives.

Yes

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## **Rare diseases**

Are rare diseases captured? In the European Union a rare disease is one that affects no more than 5 people in 10,000.

Yes

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## **Pregnancy and/or neonates**

Does the data source collect information on pregnant women and/or neonatal subpopulation (under 28 days of age)?

Yes

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## **Hospital admission and/or discharge**

Yes

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## **ICU admission**

Is information on intensive care unit admission available?

Yes

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## **Cause of death**

Captured

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## **Cause of death vocabulary**

MedDRA

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## **Prescriptions of medicines**

Captured

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## **Prescriptions vocabulary**

not coded

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## **Dispensing of medicines**

Not Captured

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## **Advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMP)**

Is information on advanced therapy medicinal products included? A medicinal product for human use that is either a gene therapy medicinal product, a somatic cell therapy product or a tissue engineered products as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1394/2007 [Reg (EC) No 1394/2007 Art 1(1)].

No

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## **Contraception**

Is information on the use of any type of contraception (oral, injectable, devices etc.) available?

Yes

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## **Indication for use**

Does the data source capture information on the therapeutic indication for the use of medicinal products?

Not Captured

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## **Medical devices**

Is information on medicinal devices (e.g., pens, syringes, inhalers) available?

No

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## **Administration of vaccines**

Yes

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## **Procedures**

Does the data source capture information on procedures (e.g., diagnostic tests, therapeutic, surgical interventions)?

Captured

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### **Procedures vocabulary**

MedDRA

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### **Healthcare provider**

Is information on the person providing healthcare (e.g., physician, pharmacist, specialist) available?  
The healthcare provider refers to individual health professionals or a health facility organisation licensed to provide health care diagnosis and treatment services including medication, surgery and medical devices.

Yes

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### **Clinical measurements**

Is information on clinical measurements (e.g., BMI, blood pressure, height) available?

Yes

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### **Genetic data**

Are data related to genotyping, genome sequencing available?

Not Captured

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### **Biomarker data**

Does the data source capture biomarker information? The term “biomarker” refers to a broad subcategory of medical signs ( objective indications of medical state observed from outside the patient), which can be measured accurately and reproducibly. For example, haematological assays, infectious disease markers or metabolomic biomarkers.

Captured

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### **Biomarker data vocabulary**

Other

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## **Biomarker vocabulary, other**

Laboratory values, free text

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## **Patient-reported outcomes**

Is information on patient-reported outcomes (e.g., quality of life) available?

Yes

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## **Patient-generated data**

Is patient-generated information (e.g., from wearable devices) available?

Yes

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## **Units of healthcare utilisation**

Are units of healthcare utilisation (e.g., number of visits to GP per year, number of hospital days) available or can they be derived? Units of healthcare utilisation refer to the quantification of the use of services for the purpose of preventing or curing health problems.

No

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## **Unique identifier for persons**

Are patients uniquely identified in the data source?

Yes

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## **Diagnostic codes**

Captured

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## **Diagnosis / medical event vocabulary**

MedDRA

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## **Medicinal product information**

Captured

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## **Medicinal product information collected**

Brand name

Dosage regime

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## **Medicinal product vocabulary**

Not coded (Free text)

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## **Quality of life measurements**

Captured

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## **Quality of life measurements vocabulary**

other

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## **Quality of life measurements, other**

HAQ

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## **Lifestyle factors**

Captured

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## **Lifestyle factors**

Alcohol use

Tobacco use

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## **Sociodemographic information**

Captured

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## **Sociodemographic information collected**

Age

Education level

Gender

Marital status

Quantitative descriptors



### **Population age groups**

Preterm newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

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### **Estimated percentage of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area**

Cannot be distinguished since no prevalence data on pregnancies in women with inflammatory rheumatic diseases exist for Germany.

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### **Description of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area whose data are not collected (e.g., people who are registered only for private care)**

Nation-wide collection of data from women with different inflammatory rheumatic diseases that are planning a pregnancy or are pregnant. Women are enrolled by rheumatologists in private practice or outpatient clinics of hospitals.

## **Family linkage**

### **Family linkage available in the data source permanently or can be created on an ad hoc basis**

Permanently

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### **Family linkage available between the following persons**

Mother-child

## **Population**

## Population size

3500

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## Active population size

750

## Population by age group

Age group	Population size	Active population size
Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)	1400	250
Adults (18 to < 46 years)	2100	500

## Data flows and management

## Access and validation

### Governance details

Documents or webpages that describe the overall governance of the data source and processes and procedures for data capture and management, data quality check and validation results (governing data access or utilisation for research purposes).

<https://rhekiss.de/>

## **Biospecimen access**

Are biospecimens available in the data source (e.g., tissue samples)?

No

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## **Access to subject details**

Can individual patients/practitioners/practices included in the data source be contacted?

Yes

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## **Description of data collection**

Electronic Case Report Forms (eCRF) are provided in a web-based system are filled in by the participating rheumatologist and woman. Via a pseudonymization service, personal data of the patient are de-identified before data is saved in the data storage server.

# Event triggering registration

## **Event triggering registration of a person in the data source**

Other

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## **Event triggering registration of a person in the data source, other**

A woman with an inflammatory rheumatic disease can be registered if she wants to conceive or if she is already pregnant (up to gestational week 20).

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## **Event triggering de-registration of a person in the data source**

Death

Loss to follow up

Practice deregistration

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## **Event triggering creation of a record in the data source**

Data is reported at regular follow-up visits. Before conception: every 6 months with a maximum observation of 2 years. During pregnancy: every trimester. Postpartum: every 6 months with a maximum observation of 2 years.

# Data source linkage

## **Linkage**

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources (prelinked data source) and/or can the data source be linked to other data source on an ad-hoc basis?

No

# Data management specifications that apply for the data source

## **Data source refresh**

Every 6 months

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## **Informed consent for use of data for research**

Required for all studies

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## **Possibility of data validation**

Can validity of the data in the data source be verified (e.g., access to original medical charts)?

Yes

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## **Data source preservation**

Are records preserved in the data source indefinitely?

Yes

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### **Approval for publication**

Is an approval needed for publishing the results of a study using the data source?

No

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### **Data source last refresh**

31/12/2023

## **Common Data Model (CDM) mapping**

### **CDM mapping**

Has the data source been converted (ETL-ed) to a common data model?

No