Prospective Observational Study to Monitor and Assess the Safety of Amvuttra® [Vutrisiran] in a Real-World Cohort of hATTR Amyloidosis Patients

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Administrative details

EU PAS number EUPAS108904		
Study ID		
199013		
DARWIN EU® study		
Study countries Brazil Bulgaria Denmark		

France
Germany
☐ Israel
☐ Italy
Netherlands
Portugal
Spain
Taiwan
United Kingdom
United States
Study description
This is a multinational, non-interventional, observational study based on
secondary use of data and conducted over a period of 10 years to evaluate the
safety of vutrisiran in hATTR amyloidosis participants exposed to vutrisiran
under real-world conditions.
Study status
Study status Ongoing
Ongoing
Ongoing
Ongoing Research institutions and networks
Ongoing Research institutions and networks Institutions
Ongoing Research institutions and networks Institutions United BioSource Corporation (UBC)
Research institutions and networks Institutions United BioSource Corporation (UBC) Switzerland
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Research institutions and networks Institutions United BioSource Corporation (UBC) Switzerland



Multiple centres: 41 centres involved in the study

Contact details

Study institution contact

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Emily Brouwer

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 29/02/2024

Study start date

Planned: 29/02/2024

Actual: 10/04/2024

Date of final study report

Planned: 31/12/2034

Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Alnylam

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Human medicinal product

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

Main study objective:

Primary aim = long-term(>2 years) safety of vutrisiran under real-world conditions including determining & comparing incidence of selected events of interest (clinical consequences of vitamin A deficiency, including delayed symptoms &hypersensitivity reactions) in hATTR amyloidosis participants exposed to vutrisiran as compared to other medications (except patisiran) treating hATTR amyloidosis.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cohort

Study drug and medical condition

Name of medicine

AMVUTTRA

Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name VUTRISIRAN

Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code

(N07XX18) vutrisiran

vutrisiran

Medical condition to be studied

Acquired ATTR amyloidosis

Additional medical condition(s)

Transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis, Hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis

Population studied

Short description of the study population

Not yet known, study will enroll hATTR patients, who will be treated per standard of care.

Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

Special population of interest

Hepatic impaired

Pregnant women

Estimated number of subjects

300

Study design details

Outcomes

1. Number of Participants With Adverse Events (AEs) due toClinical Consequences of Vitamin A Deficiency, IncludingDelayed Symptoms

2. Number of Participants With AEs due to HypersensitivityReactions, Number of Hepatic AEs in Participants With Moderate/Severe Hepatic Impairment; Pregnancy Outcomes (Live/Preterm Births, Spontaneous Abortions, Stillbirths & Elective/Therapeutic Abortions); Infant Outcomes, Congenital Malformations at Birth & Lactation & Infant Follow-up Data Through First Year of Life; Epidemiological & Clinical Characteristics of Patients Treated With Vutrisiran in Real-world

Data analysis plan

Descriptive statistics for continuous variables including the number of observations, mean, standard deviation, median, interquartile range, and minimum/maximum; the associated 95% confidence interval (CI) will be provided, as appropriate.

Categorical variables will be summarised as frequency and proportion of the relevant population.

Summary statistics will be presented for the full study population and separately by subgroups (eg, exposure status, liver transplant status, hepatic impairment status, occurrence of specified safety events of interest) where appropriate.

Data management

Data sources

Data sources (types)

Other

Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No