# DARWIN EU® Monitoring prescription of medicines for public health emergencies at risk of shortages

First published: 08/01/2024

**Last updated:** 30/01/2025





# Administrative details

EU PAS number	
EUPAS107932	
Study ID	
199005	
DARWIN EU® study	
Yes	
Study countries	
Belgium	
Germany	
Spain	
United Kingdom	

### Study description

The extended mandate of EMA reinforcing the role of the Agency in crisis preparedness and management of medicinal products and medical devices became applicable on 1st March 2022 (Regulation on EMA's extended mandate becomes applicable, European Medicines Agency). EMA is now responsible for monitoring medicine shortages that might lead to a crisis situation, as well as reporting shortages of critical medicines during public health emergencies (PHE). Such shortages would make it difficult or impossible to meet the treatment needs of individual patients or populations. The Agency has also the mandate to coordinate responses of EU, EEA countries to shortages of critical medical devices and in vitro diagnostics in crisis situations. Scientific and commercial data on monthly prescriptions of medicines that may be critical in PHE can help understanding trends and seasonal variations. In conjunction with time series and forecasting models, as well as data on medicines supply, such data will contribute to the ongoing efforts of the Agency to better monitor and coordinate its response to shortages of critical medicines. This study aims at generating monthly prescription rates of selected medicines over the last 10 years and to fit Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) prediction models to such data.

### **Study status**

Ongoing

Research institutions and networks

**Institutions** 

IQVIA NL, Real-World-Evidence

☐ Netherlands
First published: 25/11/2022
Last updated: 21/03/2025
Institution Other ENCePP partner
Fundació Institut Universitari per a la Recerca a l'Atenció Primària de Salut Jordi Gol i Gurina, IDIAPJGol Spain
First published: 05/10/2012
Last updated: 23/05/2025
Institution Educational Institution Laboratory/Research/Testing facility
Not-for-profit ENCePP partner
University of Oxford, PSMAR
Networks
Data Analysis and Real World Interrogation Network (DARWIN EU®)  Belgium Croatia

# Contact details

# **Study institution contact**

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Study contact

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**Primary lead investigator** 

# Marta Pineda Moncusi

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

# Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 06/09/2023

Actual: 06/09/2023

### Study start date

Planned: 01/01/2013

Actual: 01/01/2013

### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/01/2024

# Sources of funding

EMA

# Study protocol

DARWIN EU\_Protocol\_P2\_C1\_012\_V4.1.pdf(651.28 KB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

### Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

# Study type list

### Study type:

Non-interventional study

### Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

# Main study objective:

To estimate monthly incidence rates of use prescription or dispensation of the 11 selected medicines during the last 10 years of available data, stratified by age and sex, in each of the databases.

# Study Design

# Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

### Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

**AMOXICILLIN** 

**AZITHROMYCIN** 

BENZYLPENICILLIN

**CEFTRIAXONE** 

**CLAVULANIC ACID** 

MEROPENEM TRIHYDRATE

PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN POTASSIUM

TAZOBACTAM SODIUM

### **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(J01CA04) amoxicillin

amoxicillin

(J01CE01) benzylpenicillin

benzylpenicillin

(J01CE02) phenoxymethylpenicillin

phenoxymethylpenicillin

(J01CR02) amoxicillin and beta-lactamase inhibitor

amoxicillin and beta-lactamase inhibitor

(J01CR05) piperacillin and beta-lactamase inhibitor

piperacillin and beta-lactamase inhibitor

(J01DC02) cefuroxime

cefuroxime

(J01DD01) cefotaxime

cefotaxime

(J01DD04) ceftriaxone

ceftriaxone

(J01DH02) meropenem

meropenem

(J01FA09) clarithromycin

clarithromycin
(J01FA10) azithromycin
azithromycin

# Population studied

### **Age groups**

Preterm newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

### **Estimated number of subjects**

59800000

# Study design details

### **Data analysis plan**

Analyses will be conducted separately for each database. Before study initiation, test runs of the analytics are performed on a subset of the data sources or on a simulated set of patients and quality control checks are performed. Once all the tests are passed the final package is released in the version controlled Study Repository for execution against all the participating data sources. The data partners locally execute the analytics against the OMOP

CDM in R Studio and review and approve the by default aggregated results before returning them to the Coordination Centre. Sometimes multiple execution iterations are performed, and additional fine tuning of the code base is needed. A service desk will be available during the study execution for support. The study results of all data sources are checked after which they are made available to the team in the Digital Research Environment and the Dissemination Phase can start. All results are locked and timestamped for reproducibility and transparency.

# **Documents**

### **Study report**

DARWIN EU P2 C1 012 Study Report Risc of shortatges v3.1.pdf(3.25 MB)

# Data management

# Data sources

### Data source(s)

The Information System for Research in Primary Care (SIDIAP)
Institut Municipal d'Assistència Sanitària Information System
Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD
IQVIA Disease Analyzer Germany
IQVIA Longitudinal Patient Data - Belgium

## **Data sources (types)**

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Other

# Data sources (types), other Secondary care Hospital Use of a Common Data Model (CDM) **CDM** mapping Yes **CDM Mappings CDM** name **OMOP CDM** website https://www.ohdsi.org/Data-standardization/ Data quality specifications **Check conformance** Unknown

### **Check completeness**

Unknown

# **Check stability**

Unknown

### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

# **Data characterisation conducted**

No