

# Kesimpta (ofatumumab) pregnancy and infant safety study using real world data

**First published:** 18/09/2023

**Last updated:** 26/07/2024

Study

Ongoing

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS106133

### Study ID

106134

### DARWIN EU® study

No

### Study countries

☐ Denmark

☐ Sweden

☐ United States

## Study description

The study is an observational retrospective cohort study using longitudinal secondary data. The objective of the study is to compare the risk of adverse pregnancy and infant outcomes in female MS patients exposed to Kesimpta versus female MS patients unexposed to Kesimpta. The primary objective concerns the risk of major congenital malformations among live births (MCM). The secondary objectives concern the risk of spontaneous abortion, elective termination, stillbirth, preterm birth, preeclampsia, eclampsia, and having an infant that is small for gestation age (SGA).

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## Study status

Ongoing

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

**Novartis Pharmaceuticals**

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

**Institution**

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

Novartis Clinical Disclosure Officer  
Trialandresults.registries@novartis.com

Study contact

[Trialandresults.registries@novartis.com](mailto:Trialandresults.registries@novartis.com)

**Primary lead investigator**

Novartis Clinical Disclosure Officer

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 22/04/2021

Actual: 22/04/2021

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**Study start date**

Planned: 30/06/2024

Actual: 30/06/2024

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**Data analysis start date**

Planned: 01/02/2028

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**Date of final study report**

Planned: 03/12/2029

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Novartis

## Study protocol

[OMB157G2405 - V1.0 --protocol\\_Redacted.pdf](#)(1.99 MB)

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Other study registration identification numbers and links

COMB157G2405

[Link to ClinicalTrials.gov registration](#)

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Safety study (incl. comparative)

**Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

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**Main study objective:**

To compare the risk of Major Congenital Malformations among live births (pregnancies ending in at least one live birth) between the three cohorts, as follows: Primary comparison: Kesimpta-exposed versus MSDMD-exposed, Secondary comparison: Kesimpta-exposed versus MSDMD-unexposed.

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Other

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**Non-interventional study design, other**

Observational, secondary use of data

## Study drug and medical condition

**Name of medicine**

KESIMPTA

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**Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name**

OFATUMUMAB

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**Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(L04AA52) ofatumumab

ofatumumab

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**Medical condition to be studied**

Multiple sclerosis

## Population studied

**Age groups**

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

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**Special population of interest**

Pregnant women

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**Estimated number of subjects**

1500

## Study design details

**Outcomes**

Major Congenital Malformations, Spontaneous abortion, elective termination, stillbirth, pre-term birth, preeclampsia, eclampsia, SGA.

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## Data analysis plan

All analyses are conducted within the individual data sources. Both unadjusted and adjusted outcomes analyses are conducted. The adjustment is performed by means of propensity score weighting using overlap weights (PSOW). The results at the data source level are then combined, using meta-analysis. - Characteristics summary: descriptive statistics of the population baseline characteristics are provided by exposure cohort and for the overall population in each individual database - Outcome analysis: The analytical approaches are outcome specific. Appropriate analyses, including but not limited to the methods below, are conducted to compare the Kesimptaexposed cohort to the MSDMD-exposed cohort and to the MSDMD-unexposed cohort. - Meta-analysis: a meta-analysis of results across the data sources is conducted using aggregated data from each source.

## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data source(s)

Sweden National Prescribed Drugs Register / Läkemedelsregistret

Danish registries (access/analysis)

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**Data source(s), other**

- Birth Defects Registry, Sweden
  - Birth Defect Registry, Denmark
  - Healthcore Integrated Research Database, United States
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**Data sources (types)**

[Administrative healthcare records \(e.g., claims\)](#)

[Disease registry](#)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

**CDM mapping**

No

## Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

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## Data characterisation



**Data characterisation conducted**

No