

# Thromboembolic events reported in association with idarucizumab and andexanet alfa: disproportionality analysis of the Food and Drugs Administration Adverse Event Reporting System (FAERS) database (Idarucizumab/andexanet alfa & thromboembolism)

**First published:** 24/10/2023

**Last updated:** 02/04/2024

Study

Ongoing

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS107330

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### Study ID

108399

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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## Study countries

☐ Italy

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## Study description

Idarucizumab and andexanet alfa are drugs for the emergency reversal of pharmacological effect of direct oral anticoagulant (DOAC) drugs. However, given the recent commercialization of these two antidotes (2015 for idarucizumab, 2018 for andexanet) and their rare use in clinical practice, evidence on the safety of idarucizumab regarding thromboembolic risk is still limited. The aim of this study is to analyze the Food and Drugs Administration Spontaneous Reporting System (FAERS) database for generating hypothesis on the possible association between the use of idarucizumab and specific thromboembolic events, which can be subsequently verified through ad hoc observational studies.

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## Study status

Ongoing

# Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

[Agenzia regionale di sanità della Toscana \(ARS\)](#)

☐ Italy

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 12/03/2024

**Institution**

**EU Institution/Body/Agency**

**ENCePP partner**

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

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Study contact

[giuseppe.roberto@ars.toscana.it](mailto:giuseppe.roberto@ars.toscana.it)

### Primary lead investigator

Roberto Giuseppe

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 25/08/2023

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### Study start date

Actual: 02/10/2023

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### Date of final study report

Planned: 30/11/2024

## Sources of funding

- Other

## More details on funding

ARS

# Study protocol

[Idarucizumab\\_andexanet alfa\\_thromboebolic events\\_FAERS\\_v01\\_ENCEPP.pdf](#)  
(937.54 KB)

[Idarucizumab\\_andexanet alfa\\_thromboebolic events\\_FAERS\\_v01\\_1\\_ENCEPP.pdf](#)  
(940.16 KB)

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

No

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Main study objective:**

Generate hypotheses regarding the possible association between the use of idarucizumab and specific thromboembolic events, which can be subsequently verified through ad hoc observational studies.

## Study Design

## Non-interventional study design

Other

## Study drug and medical condition

### Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

IDARUCIZUMAB

ANDEXANET ALFA

## Population studied

### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

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### Estimated number of subjects

11000000

## Study design details

### Data analysis plan

Using all reports of suspected adverse drug reactions in the database, the Reporting Odds Ratios will be calculated, with 95% confidence intervals, for idarucizumab and andexanet alfa, respectively, in association with the three relevant SMQs and subsequently in association with each of the PTs contained within each of the three SMQ. Drug-event pairs with ROR>1 and at least 3

reports will be considered as signals of disproportionate reporting. As a sensitivity analysis, the analysis will be restricted to reports concerning any DOAC (i.e. dabigatran, rivaroxaban, apixaban, edoxaban) among suspected, interacting or concomitant drug and at least one among idarucizumab, andexanet alfa or a prothrombin complex concentrate, i.e. the therapeutic alternative to idarucizumab, andexanet alfa, listed as suspected or interacting drug.

## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

### Data sources

#### **Data source(s), other**

FAERS United States

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#### **Data sources (types)**

[Spontaneous reports of suspected adverse drug reactions](#)

### Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## CDM mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

### Check conformance

Unknown

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### Check completeness

Unknown

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### Check stability

Unknown

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### Check logical consistency

Unknown

## Data characterisation

### Data characterisation conducted

No