An observational cohort study to investigate the risk factors for interstitial lung disease (ILD) among breast cancer patients treated with abemaciclib or endocrine monotherapy using the Medical Data Vision (MDV) database in Japan (I3Y-JE-B008)

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# Administrative details

#### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS104511

### Study ID

104512

#### DARWIN EU® study

No

#### **Study countries**

Japan

#### **Study description**

The primary objective of this study is to investigate risk factors of ILD among patients with HR+/HER2- breast cancer receiving abemaciclib-containing regimens or endocrine monotherapy (both historical and concurrent cohorts) under the real world setting in Japan, and the secondary objective is to describe the baseline characteristics, incidence and prevalence of ILD in each of the study cohorts. The exploratory objective is to compare the incidence rate of ILD in patients initiating abemaciclib relative to reference cohorts of endocrine monotherapy.

#### Study status

Planned

# Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

## Eli Lilly and Company

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Institution

# **Contact details**

## Study institution contact Seiko Mizuno jpmail\_encepp@lilly.com

Study contact

jpmail\_encepp@lilly.com

## **Primary lead investigator** Seiko Mizuno

Primary lead investigator

# Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed** Planned: 19/07/2019

### Study start date Planned: 30/11/2018

Date of final study report Planned: 01/12/2024

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Eli Lilly Japan K.K.

# Regulatory

#### Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Non-EU RMP only

# Methodological aspects

Study type

# Study type list

Study type:

Non-interventional study

### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

### Main study objective:

The primary objective of this study is to investigate risk factors of ILD among patients with HR+/HER2- breast cancer receiving abemaciclib-containing regimens or endocrine monotherapy (both historical and concurrent cohorts) under the real world setting in Japan

# Study Design

## Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

### Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code

(L01EF03) abemaciclib abemaciclib

### Medical condition to be studied

Interstitial lung disease

# **Population studied**

#### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years) Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

3312

# Study design details

#### Data analysis plan

The prevalence, incidence, and incidence rate of ILD for all treatment cohorts will be calculated. Kaplan-Meier method will be used to display the time until patients develop the first ILD (event-free period). The historical endocrine monotherapy cohort will be used for the primary comparator and the concurrent endocrine monotherapy cohort will be used. In the univariable Cox regression analysis, variables will be selected as candidates for the multivariable analysis based on statistical significance as well as clinical importance/relevance. Multivariable Cox proportional hazard analysis will be used to identify potential risk factors associated with time to ILD onset by each of the three treatment cohorts from variables identified from the univariable analysis, with or without potential interaction terms. Additional multivariable Cox regression analysis that will be conducted to include treatment cohorts as independent variable along with other candidate variables.

## Data management

## Data sources

Data source(s), other

MDV Japan

#### Data sources (types)

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### **CDM** mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

### Check conformance

Unknown

### **Check completeness**

Unknown

## Check stability

Unknown

## Check logical consistency

Unknown

# Data characterisation

### Data characterisation conducted

No