Assessment of risk factors for Myocarditis in the United States (US) using Electronic Health Records and Claims data

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Administrative details

| EU PAS number |
|------------------|
| EUPAS104403 |
| |
| Study ID |
| 104404 |
| |
| DARWIN EU® study |
| No |
| |
| Study countries |
| United States |
| |

Study status

Ongoing

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Pfizer

First published: 01/02/2024

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Institution



Contact details

Study institution contact

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Primary lead investigator

Scott Kelly

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 29/11/2022 Actual: 29/11/2022

Study start date

Planned: 26/05/2023 Actual: 24/05/2023

Date of final study report

Planned: 30/11/2025

Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Pfizer

Study protocol

C4591055 NI study protocol_v1.0_11 May 2023_final.pdf (362.88 KB)

C4591055 NI study protocol_v2.0_11 Jan 2025_clean.pdf (427.77 KB)

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Disease /health condition

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness Disease epidemiology

Main study objective:

Assess and compare demographic, medical history, and comorbidities that may be risk factors for myocarditis.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Study drug and medical condition

Name of medicine

COMIRNATY

Medical condition to be studied

Myocarditis

COVID-19

COVID-19 immunisation

Population studied

Age groups

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

Estimated number of subjects

1

Study design details

Outcomes

To assess and compare demographic, medical history, and comorbidities that may be risk factors for myocarditis in each of three cohorts: 1) Myocarditis after mRNA COVID-19 vaccine, 2) Myocarditis after SARS-CoV-2 infection (2020-2022), or 3) Acute/viral myocarditis prior to the COVID-19 era (pre-2020).

- 1. To examine the risk factors in each myocarditis cohort stratified by age group at diagnosis, sex, time period and follow-up time (years).
- 2. To assess and compare the validity of myocarditis diagnosis case definitions in administrative data for each cohort, via calculating the PPV(Positive predictive value) using electronic medical record review.

Data analysis plan

In primary analyses, descriptive statistics will be presented to characterize myocarditis patients in terms of demographic and clinical characteristics as of the index date. Additionally, we will examine clinical characteristics, including patient's history for myocarditis pre-2020, post SARS-CoV-2 infection, and post mRNA COVID-19 vaccine cohorts, through utilization of logistic regression models will be used to estimate odds ratios (ORs) and 95% CIs of associations between demographics, clinical characteristics, and empirical model identified risk factor and myocarditis.

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency

Data sources

Data source(s), other

Optum's Electronic Health Record (EHR) data United States

Data sources (types)

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No