# Prevalence of multiple myeloma

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# Administrative details

PURI https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/104329					
EUPAS104328					
Study ID					
104329					
DARWIN EU® study					
No					
Study countries					
France					
Germany					
United Kingdom					

#### Study description

A descriptive study to determine the complete prevalence of Multiple Myeloma in electronic health records of three European countries

#### **Study status**

**Finalised** 

### Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

### European Medicines Agency (EMA)

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Institution

### Contact details

**Study institution contact** 

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Luis Pinheiro

**Primary lead investigator** 

## Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 03/02/2022 Actual: 03/02/2022

#### Study start date

Planned: 03/02/2022 Actual: 03/02/2022

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 15/03/2022 Actual: 13/05/2022

## Sources of funding

EMA

## Study protocol

Data analysis plan - Multiple Myeloma - 20220224 - v1\_For Publication CLEAN.pdf(141.82 KB)

## Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

# Study type

#### **Study topic:**

Disease /health condition

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Disease epidemiology

#### **Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

#### Main study objective:

to determine the complete prevalence of Multiple Myeloma in electronic health records of three European countries (France, Germany, United Kingdom).

### Study Design

### Non-interventional study design

Other

### Non-interventional study design, other

Descriptive study

## Study drug and medical condition

#### Medical condition to be studied

Plasma cell myeloma

## Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

The study included patients with at least one encounter (consultation, prescription) to determine the prevalence of multiple myeloma, between 2015 and 2020, identified from the IMRD databases.

#### Age groups

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Special population of interest**

Other

#### Special population of interest, other

Multiple Myeloma patients

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

10000

## Study design details

#### **Data analysis plan**

Prevalence was determined using the any-time method. The denominator was calculated as the count of patients of all ages who are eligible, i.e. had at least one observation (consultation or prescription), during the period of interest. The numerator was computed as the count of patients that had at least one code for

Multiple Myeloma, per a list of pre-selected codes, during the period starting from the start of data collection for the patient to the end of the period of interest (i.e. complete prevalence). Results were not stratified by age or gender.

### **Documents**

#### **Study results**

Multiple Myeloma Prevalence Report - 20220513 - To be published\_CLEAN.pdf (361.29 KB)

## Data management

### Data sources

#### Data source(s)

IQVIA Disease Analyzer Germany

Disease Analyzer - OMOP

### Data sources (types)

Drug dispensing/prescription data

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### **CDM** mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

Unknown			
Check completer	ness		
Unknown			

### **Check stability**

**Check conformance** 

Unknown

### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No