

Comparative Effectiveness of Osteoporosis Medications Among Female Medicare Fee-For-Service (FFS) Beneficiaries in the United States (20210028)

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Study

Finalised

Administrative details

EU PAS number

EUPAS49101

Study ID

49180

DARWIN EU® study

No

Study countries

 United States


Study status

Finalised

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Amgen

 United States

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Institution

Contact details

Study institution contact

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.
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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 22/02/2022

Actual: 21/02/2022

Study start date

Planned: 30/09/2022

Actual: 03/10/2022

Data analysis start date

Planned: 30/09/2022

Actual: 03/10/2022

Date of final study report

Planned: 01/12/2023

Actual: 24/01/2024

Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Amgen

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

Other study registration identification numbers and links

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Human medicinal product

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)

Data collection methods:

Secondary use of data

Study design:

A retrospective cohort study.

Main study objective:

The main objective of this study is to evaluate the comparative effectiveness of osteoporosis treatments on the incidence of major osteoporotic fractures, non-vertebral fractures, vertebral fracture, and hip fractures among post-menopausal women.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cohort

Other

Non-interventional study design, other

Retrospective, observational cohort study

Study drug and medical condition

Medicinal product name

PROLIA

Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

DENOSUMAB

Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code

(M05BX04) denosumab

denosumab

Medical condition to be studied

Osteoporosis postmenopausal

Population studied

Short description of the study population

We included female patients in this study if they met all of the following criteria:

- Use of denosumab, an oral BP (alendronate, ibandronate, risedronate) or ZA with at least one outpatient pharmacy claim for one of these medications

- o Date of prescription between January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018
- 66 years + 90 days (3 mo.) of age or older on the date of treatment initiation
- At least 15 months (455 days) of continuous health plan enrollment preceding the date

of treatment initiation

We excluded patients from the study if they had a history of the following criteria during the 455-day baseline period:

- Paget's disease of bone,
 - Cancer (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer),
 - Treatment with chemotherapy,
 - Treatment with hormonal therapy for cancer,
 - Treatment with radiation therapy for cancer,
 - Exposed to > 1 OP drug (including any combination of study medications, teriparatide, abaloparatide, raloxifene, calcitonin, pamidronate, and etidronate) at treatment initiation (index date)
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Age groups

- Elderly (≥ 65 years)
 - o Adults (65 to < 75 years)
 - o Adults (75 to < 85 years)
 - o Adults (85 years and over)
-

Estimated number of subjects

585334

Study design details

Setting

The database was extracted from the US Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' Chronic Condition Warehouse database from January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2019.

Comparators

Pairwise treatment comparisons for the three treatment cohorts listed above will include: denosumab vs. alendronate, denosumab vs. oral BP (alendronate, ibandronate, risedronate), denosumab vs. IV ZA

Outcomes

- Major osteoporotic fracture is defined as non-vertebral fractures or clinical vertebral fractures
 - Non-vertebral fracture sites include: pelvis, humerus, radius/ulna, hip, other femur
 - Clinical vertebral fracture
 - Hip Fracture
-

Data analysis plan

Cumulative incidence of the outcomes of interest will be described for all the treatment cohorts of interest and measures of effect (i.e. relative risk and risk difference) will be assessed for the pairwise comparisons. Summary statistics will be computed on demographics, clinical factors, and treatment history in each treatment cohort of interest.

Documents

Study results

[20210028_ORSR_abstract_Redacted_.pdf](#) (203.84 KB)

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

Data sources

Data source(s), other

Medicare Administrative Claims, United States

Data sources (types)

[Administrative healthcare records \(e.g., claims\)](#)

[Other](#)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No