An Observational Cohort Study to Investigate the Risk of Malignancies Among Patients Exposed to Baricitinib Using the Medical Data Vision (MDV) Database in Japan (I4V-JE-B020)

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# Administrative details

#### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS48903

#### **Study ID**

48904

#### DARWIN EU® study

No

#### **Study countries**

Japan

### **Study description**

The primary objective of this study is to assess and compare the risk of overall malignancies (including nonmelanoma skin cancer) in the patients exposed to baricitinib with those in the patients with rheumatoid arthritis who newly started any bDMARD. In addition to overall malignancies, evaluation of solid tumor and hematological cancer will be conducted. The secondary objectives of the study is to describe incidence of malignancies in elderly patients (aged  $\geq 65$  years).

Study status

Ongoing

# Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

Eli Lilly and Company

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Institution

# **Contact details**

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Study contact

#### yhuang@lilly.com

## Primary lead investigator Yu-Jing Huang

Primary lead investigator

# Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed** Planned: 17/12/2020 Actual: 17/12/2020

#### Study start date Planned: 01/04/2008

Planneu: 01/04/2000

Actual: 25/05/2021

Date of final study report Planned: 30/06/2025

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Eli Lilly Japan K.K.

# Regulatory

### Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Non-EU RMP only

# Methodological aspects

Study type

# Study type list

### Study type:

Non-interventional study

### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

### Main study objective:

The main objective is to assess and compare the risk of overall malignancies (including nonmelanoma skin cancer) in the patients exposed to baricitinib with those in the patients with rheumatoid arthritis who newly started any bDMARD. In addition to overall malignancies, evaluation of solid tumor and hematological cancer will be conducted.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

## Name of medicine

OLUMIANT

### Medical condition to be studied

Rheumatoid arthritis

# **Population studied**

### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years) Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

### Estimated number of subjects

4500

# Study design details

#### Outcomes

The primary objective of this study is to assess and compare the risk of overall malignancies (including nonmelanoma skin cancer) in the patients exposed to

baricitinib with those in the patients with rheumatoid arthritis who newly started any bDMARD. In addition to overall malignancies, evaluation of solid tumor and hematological cancer will be conducted. The secondary objectives of the study is to describe incidence of malignancies in elderly patients (aged  $\geq$ 65 years).

#### Data analysis plan

For the primary objective, the analysis will be comparison of 2 hazards of incident malignancy cases in patients initiating baricitinib relative to a reference group of patients initiating bDMARDs using Cox proportional hazards regression models. The propensity score matching and IPTW method will be used in attempt to achieve the balance of potential confounding variables between 2 groups. The incidence rate of malignancy in elderly patients (aged  $\geq$ 65 years) for both cohorts will be calculated. The adjusted analysis for confoundings among elderly patients (aged  $\geq$ 65 years) will be conducted. The Kaplan-Meier method will be used to display the time until patients develop the first event (event-free period).

## Data management

# **ENCePP** Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

Data source(s), other

MDV Japan

### Data sources (types)

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

**CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

#### **Check completeness**

Unknown

#### Check stability

Unknown

### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No