

# World Federation of Hemophilia Gene Therapy Registry (WFH GTR)

**First published:** 24/08/2022

**Last updated:** 23/04/2024

Study

Planned

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS48683

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### Study ID

48684

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

- Australia
- Austria
- Belgium
- Canada
- Denmark
- France

- Germany
- Greece
- Ireland
- Israel
- Italy
- Japan
- Netherlands
- Saudi Arabia
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- Türkiye
- United Kingdom
- United States

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### **Study description**

The primary objective of the GTR is to determine the long-term safety of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies in PWH. Secondary objectives are to determine the long-term efficacy and the durability of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies in PWH and to assess long-term quality of life and burden of disease post gene-therapy infusion.

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### **Study status**

Planned

## Research institutions and networks

### **Institutions**

# World Federation of Hemophilia (WFH)

Canada

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

**Institution**

**Not-for-profit**

## Contact details

### **Study institution contact**

Donna Coffin [dcoffin@wfh.org](mailto:dcoffin@wfh.org)

**Study contact**

[dcoffin@wfh.org](mailto:dcoffin@wfh.org)

### **Primary lead investigator**

Donna Coffin

**Primary lead investigator**

## Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed**

Actual: 28/02/2022

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### **Study start date**

Planned: 01/12/2022

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### **Date of final study report**

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Biomarin, Pfizer, CSL Behring, Spark, Takeda

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

No

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### **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

#### **Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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## **Scope of the study:**

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)

## **Main study objective:**

The primary objective of the WFH GTR is to determine the long-term safety of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies in patients with hemophilia. The secondary objectives of the WFH GTR are to determine the long-term efficacy and the durability of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies in patients with hemophilia and to assess long-term quality of life.

# Study Design

## **Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

## **Medical condition to be studied**

Haemophilia

# Population studied

## **Age groups**

- Adults (18 to < 46 years)
- Adults (46 to < 65 years)
- Adults (65 to < 75 years)

- Adults (75 to < 85 years)
- Adults (85 years and over)

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### **Estimated number of subjects**

500

## Study design details

### **Outcomes**

The primary outcome/endpoint is safety events over the long-term. The secondary outcomes/endpoints are efficacy and durability of efficacy of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies in patients with hemophilia

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### **Data analysis plan**

The WFH GTR study is a prospective, observational, and longitudinal registry of patients diagnosed with hemophilia, who have received gene therapy for hemophilia. The primary objective is to determine the long-term safety of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies. Safety will be analyzed from adverse events (AE) and mortality using Kaplan-Meier plots. The secondary objectives are to determine the long-term efficacy and the durability of factor VIII and factor IX gene therapies. Bleeding rate and plasma factor activity level will be assessed together with long-term quality of life. Bleeding event rate will be calculated as events by patient-year(s) as number of incident cases divided by the amount of person-time at risk. Median time to occurrence of each bleed will be calculated using Kaplan-Meier plots. For long-term quality of life, changes in the composite health related quality of life scores will be reported as mean, median, standard deviation and interquartile range.

## Data management

## ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### **Data sources (types)**

[Disease registry](#)

Other

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### **Data sources (types), other**

Prospective patient-based data collection

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### **CDM mapping**

No

## Data quality specifications

### **Check conformance**

Unknown

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### **Check completeness**

Unknown

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### **Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No