Non-interventional post-marketing safety study (PMSS) to collect information on hepatic function disorders among Japanese patients with radically unresectable or metastatic renal cell carcinoma treated with pembrolizumab in combination with axitinib (MK-3475-A97)

First published: 07/04/2020

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### Administrative details

**EU PAS number** 

**EUPAS34319** 

Study ID

48486

**DARWIN EU® study** 

No

# Study countries Japan

#### **Study description**

The aim of this study is to collect information on hepatic disorders including clinical events and/or laboratory elevations with or without hepatic dysfunction in Japanese participants with radically unresectable or metastatic renal cell carcinoma (RCC) treated with pembrolizumab in combination with axitinib, and to describe treatment and resolution of these adverse events (AEs) in real-world clinical practice.

#### **Study status**

Finalised

### Research institutions and networks

### **Institutions**



Merck Investigational Site Japan

### Contact details

#### **Study institution contact**

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

Study contact

ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

#### **Primary lead investigator**

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

**Primary lead investigator** 

### Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 05/11/2019

#### Study start date

Planned: 31/07/2020 Actual: 17/06/2020

#### Data analysis start date

Planned: 31/05/2023 Actual: 26/04/2023

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 11/07/2024 Actual: 08/07/2024

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

### More details on funding

Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

### Study protocol

MK-3475-A97-00-v1-prot\_final-redaction.pdf (8.78 MB)

MK-3475-A97-04-v1-Protocol\_final redaction.pdf (1.87 MB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Non-EU RMP only

# Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

#### Main study objective:

Among the overall population of Japanese participants with radically unresectable or metastatic RCC who receive treatment with pembrolizumab in combination with axitinib, to describe the proportion of participants with hepatic disorders, including clinical events and/or laboratory elevations with or without hepatic dysfunction.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Name of medicine

**INLYTA** 

**KEYTRUDA** 

#### Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

**AXITINIB** 

**PEMBROLIZUMAB** 

#### **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(L01EK01) axitinib

axitinib

#### Medical condition to be studied

Renal cell carcinoma

# Population studied

#### **Age groups**

Preterm newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

200

### Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

Proportion of participants with hepatic adverse events (HAEs, overall, serious and grade 3 or higher), including clinical events and/or laboratory elevations with or without hepatic dysfunction, (Overall) Baseline data, % discontinuing

treatment due to HAE, % with treatment interruption, % with dose reduction, time to discontinuation, interruption, resumption, and dose reduction, (participants with HAE) Baseline data, % with resolved HAE, % using steroids/other treatment, time to HAE onset, HAE summary. Subgroup analysis for HAEs will be performed (overall, serious, and >=grade 3)

#### **Data analysis plan**

Analyses will be of an explorative and descriptive nature. There is no formal hypothesis testing. Descriptive statistics will be reported including measures of central tendency and dispersion for continuous variables and frequency and percentages for categorical scale variables. Comparison of characteristics in subgroups will be performed using Chi-square test or Fisher's exact test for categorical/binary variables, and Student's t-test for continuous data. Other test statistics may be used, as relevant, depending on the data distributions and normality assumptions.

### **Documents**

#### Study report

pa97mk3475-final report-jun-2024 final-redaction.pdf (750.15 KB)

# Data management

### **ENCePP Seal**

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

### Data sources

Data sources (types) Other		
<b>Data sources (types</b> Prospective patient-ba		
Use of a Comi	non Data Model (CDM)	
<b>CDM mapping</b> No		
Data quality s	pecifications	
Check conformance		
Unknown		
Check completeness		
Unknown		
Check stability		

# Data characterisation

### **Data characterisation conducted**

No