# TAK-577-4005: Estimating Risk of Selected Adverse Events in Patients with Von Willebrand Disease Treated With VEYVONDI® (Vonicog Alfa; Recombinant Von Willebrand Factor)

First published: 03/03/2022 Last updated: 02/07/2024





# Administrative details

EU PAS number	
EUPAS45617	
Study ID	
48320	
DARWIN EU® study	
No	
Study countries	
Austria	
Denmark	

France	
Germany	
☐ Netherlands	
Norway	
Sweden	
United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)	

#### **Study description**

The main aim of this study is to estimate the risks of certain adverse events in adults with Von Willebrand Disease treated with VEYVONDI. No study medicines will be provided to participants in this study. Data from medical records of participants diagnosed with Von Willebrand Disease and treated with VEYVONDI will be evaluated during this study.

#### **Study status**

Finalised

# Research institutions and networks

## **Institutions**

# Takeda

First published: 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

Institution

# Contact details

#### **Study institution contact**

# Takeda Study contact TrialDisclosures@takeda.com

**Study contact** 

TrialDisclosures@takeda.com

#### **Primary lead investigator**

Study Contact Takeda

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 23/09/2021

Actual: 23/09/2021

#### Study start date

Planned: 01/05/2022

Actual: 08/06/2022

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 30/12/2022

Actual: 04/12/2023

# Sources of funding

Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Takeda

# Study protocol

tak-577-4005-protocol-original\_redact.pdf (1.24 MB)

TAK-577-4005-clinical-study-protocol-redact.pdf (1.48 MB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

# Other study registration identification numbers and links

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05265078

https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05265078,,https://clinicaltrials.takeda...

# Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

#### Main study objective:

To estimate risk of hypersensitivity reactions, thromboembolic events, and VWF or FVIII inhibitor formation after treatment with VEYVONDI in study population for treatment of haemorrhage, surgical bleeding and prevention of surgical bleeding when DDAVP treatment alone is ineffective or not indicated and describe association of thromboembolic events with use of FVIII.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Medical condition to be studied

Von Willebrand's disease

# Population studied

#### Age groups

• Adults (18 to < 46 years)

- Adults (46 to < 65 years)
- Adults (65 to < 75 years)
- Adults (75 to < 85 years)
- Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

80

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

The primary outcomes will assess the percentage of participants who experienced hypersensitivity reactions, thromboembolic events, and with VWF or factor VIII (FVIII) inhibitor formation.

#### Data analysis plan

Descriptive statistics will be generated within each data source to describe study population. Categorical variables will be summarized by frequencies and proportions, and continuous variables will be summarized as the mean with standard deviation (SD) or standard error (SE) and range for normally-distributed variables, median, interquartile range (IQR) and range for non-normally-distributed variables.

#### **Documents**

#### **Study report**

TAK-577-4005-clinical-study-report-redact.pdf (914.97 KB)

# Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

#### Data sources

#### **Data sources (types)**

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Other

#### Data sources (types), other

The primary source for this retrospective study is the electronic or paper medical records of enrolled participants. Participant's data will be collected from the records and will be entered in a web-based electronic case report form (eCRF).

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

#### **Check completeness**

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# **Check stability**

Unknown

#### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No