A retrospective observational chart review study to evaluate the clinical effectiveness of treatment with zanamivir 10 mg/ml solution for infusion in a cohort of intensive care unit-treated (ICU) patients with complicated influenza infection (208165)

First published: 16/10/2020 Last updated: 01/10/2025





## Administrative details

#### **EU PAS number**

**EUPAS37605** 

Study ID

48211

**DARWIN EU® study** 

No

**Study countries** 

Netherlands		
United Kingdom		

## **Study description**

The study aims to gain an understanding of the clinical management of complicated influenza in ICUs in Europe and to investigate the clinical effectiveness of IV Zanamivir in the treatment of patients with complicated influenza in this setting.

## **Study status**

Ongoing

# Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

OXON Epidemiology
<ul><li>☐ Spain</li><li>☐ United Kingdom</li></ul>
First published: 06/12/2010
Last updated: 15/03/2024
Institution
ENCePP partner

# Contact details

## **Study institution contact**

# GSK Clinical Disclosure Advisor Pharma.CDR@gsk.com

**Study contact** 

Pharma.CDR@gsk.com

## **Primary lead investigator**

GSK Clinical Disclosure Advisor

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

## Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 25/07/2019

Actual: 25/07/2020

#### Study start date

Planned: 03/11/2020

Actual: 03/11/2020

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 04/03/2026

# Sources of funding

Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

# Study protocol

gsk-208165-protocol-redact.pdf (1.81 MB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

Study type list

**Study topic:** 

Human medicinal product

**Study type:** 

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Disease epidemiology

Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)

#### Main study objective:

Among ICU-admitted patients with complicated influenza, all-cause in-hospital mortality will be compared between patients who received IVZ treatment with a propensity score matched group of patients who did not receive this therapy during the same influenza season and/or pandemic(s).

# Study Design

## Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Name of medicine

**DECTOVA** 

# Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name ZANAMIVIR

## **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(J05AH01) zanamivir

zanamivir

#### Medical condition to be studied

Influenza

# Population studied

#### Age groups

Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adult and elderly population (≥18 years)

Adults (18 to < 65 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Elderly (≥ 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

## **Estimated number of subjects**

1100

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

The primary efficacy variable is defined as the length of time between the index date and all-cause in-hospital mortality. Patients who do not experience all-cause in-hospital mortality will be censored at 28 days post treatment/matching or at loss to follow up.

- All-cause in-hospital mortality up to end of follow-up (defined as 28 days post index date or at loss to follow-up)
- All-cause in-hospital mortality at Day 7, 10 and 14 after treatment initiation/matching
- Ordinal scale for clinical course of influenza disease at Day 7, 10 and 14 after

#### Data analysis plan

The primary analysis will consist of a matched cox regression model to estimate all-cause in-hospital mortality, presented as a hazard ratio for IV Zanamivir treatment vs matched control.

A similar regression analysis will be performed to estimate in-hospital survival on day 7, 10 and 14 after treatment initiation/matching, and a proportional odds regression model will be fitted to analyse the ordinal scale date on the same days.

# Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

#### Data source(s)

Other data source

#### Data source(s), other

Retrospective Medical Chart Review

## Data sources (types), other

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No