Prospective observational study to describe routine use of XGEVAâ for prevention of skeletal related events (SREs) in subjects with bone metastases from prostate carcinoma in Bulgaria (20180095)

**First published:** 19/12/2018

**Last updated:** 17/04/2023





## Administrative details

#### **PURI**

https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/48138

#### **EU PAS number**

**EUPAS26983** 

#### **Study ID**

48138

#### **DARWIN EU® study**

Nο

## Study countries Bulgaria

#### **Study description**

The study will address the question of the use of XGEVAâ for prevention of SREs in subjects with bone metastases from prostate carcinoma in Bulgaria. The primary objective is to describe real life patterns of bone metastases management and routine use of XGEVA® for SREs prevention in subjects with bone metastases from hormone sensitive and castration-resistant prostate carcinoma. The secondary objectives are to estimate the incidence of SREs, healthcare utilization and pain management.

#### **Study status**

**Finalised** 

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

## **Amgen**

United States

First published: 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 21/02/2024

Institution

# Multiple centres: 10 centres are involved in the study

## Contact details

#### **Study institution contact**

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Study contact

medinfo@amgen.com

#### **Primary lead investigator**

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

**Primary lead investigator** 

## Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 12/04/2018 Actual: 12/04/2018

#### Study start date

Planned: 31/05/2019 Actual: 17/05/2019

#### Data analysis start date

Planned: 29/01/2021

Actual: 31/03/2021

#### Date of final study report

Planned: 31/08/2022

Actual: 16/02/2023

## Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Amgen

## Study protocol

20180095\_01.02.06 Public Redacted Protocol Ver 1.0 2018-10-24 English.pdf (255.48 KB)

## Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Non-EU RMP only

## Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

#### **Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

Disease /health condition

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Other

#### If 'other', further details on the scope of the study

Routine use of XGEVA® for prevention of skeletal related events (SREs) in subjects with bone metastases from prostate carcinoma

#### **Data collection methods:**

Combined primary data collection and secondary use of data

#### Main study objective:

The primary objective of the study is to describe real life patterns of bone metastases management and routine use of XGEVA® for SREs prevention in subjects with bone metastases from prostate carcinoma.

## Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Other

#### Non-interventional study design, other

Multicentre, prospective, observational study

## Study drug and medical condition

#### Medical condition to be studied

Prostate cancer

## Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

Adult patients aged 18 years or older diagnosed with bone metastases from hormone-sensitive prostate carcinoma (HSPC) and castrate-resistant prostate carcinoma (CRPC) received treatment with XGEVA® in routine clinical practice between January 2019 to January 2021 in Bulgaria.

#### Inclusion Criteria:

- I. Patient at least 18 years old at the time of ICF signature
- II. Patient with histologically or cytologically confirmed diagnosis of prostate carcinoma with at least one bone metastasis lesion confirmed by imaging (X-ray, MRI, or CT)
- III. Patient received between one and three XGEVA® administrations in the timeframe of six months prior to enrolment
- IV. Patient provided written informed consent

#### **Exclusion Criteria:**

- I. Patient with bone metastases previously treated in the last six months with bisphosphonates or other bone-targeting agents (BTAs) for prevention of SREs in clinical trial or routinely
- II. Patient with prostate carcinoma as a second primary malignancy
- III. Patient with brain metastases

IV. Patient currently enrolled in trial with investigational drug for treatment/prevention of bone metastases and SREs

#### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### Special population of interest

Other

#### Special population of interest, other

Patients with bone metastases

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

100

## Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

Demographic and clinical characteristics of subjects with bone metastases from HSPC and CRPC receiving XGEVA® in clinical routine practice. Treatment patterns. Estimate the incidence of SREs and symptomatic SREs (SSEs) in patients with bone metastases from hormone sensitive and CRPC. Describe patient and/or physician reported factors that influence adherence to treatment based on data obtained via specific questionnaires, namely: Beliefs about medicines questionnaire (BMQ)

#### Data analysis plan

The analysis of this study will be descriptive in nature. Counts and percentages will be provided for categorical outcomes. Continuous outcomes will be summarized by the number of non-missing values, mean, standard deviation, median, lower and upper quartiles and minimum and maximum values. Cumulative incidence for SREs will be analysed with Andersen-Gill method for recurrent events, treating death as competing risk. For each outcome parameter, the impact of covariates will be assessed using generalized linear models, when appropriate. The detailed description of covariates and subgroups analysis will be enclosed to the Statistical Analysis Plan (SAP). If available, non-significant factors will be eliminated stepwise until only covariates significant at the 5% level remain, thereby indicating which covariates have an important influence on treatment pattern. The final decision about removing or keeping the variable from the analysis will be taken based on the medical knowledge of spon

### **Documents**

#### **Study results**

20180095 01.47.01.01 Observational Research Study Report Published Report Redacted.pdf(492.48 KB)

## Data management

## Data sources

Data sources (types) Other
Data sources (types), other Phycisian's medical records
Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)
CDM mapping No
Data quality specifications
Check conformance Unknown
Check completeness Unknown
Check stability Unknown
Check logical consistency Unknown
Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted** 

No