

# A Non-Interventional Post-Approval Safety Study of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine in the United States

**First published:** 19/10/2021

**Last updated:** 02/06/2026

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS43468

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### Study ID

48132

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

 United States

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### Study description

This study will use a retrospective cohort design of individuals with concurrent unexposed comparators. The study will compare the incidence of safety events among individuals who have received a first, second, or third dose in a primary series of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine with that among individuals who have no record of any COVID-19 vaccine in a concurrent time period. Additionally, in individuals aged 5 years and older who have received 2 doses in a primary series of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine, the incidence of safety events among individuals who have received a third dose (either as an additional dose in a primary series or as an initial booster dose) of the vaccine more than 2 months after the second dose will be compared with that among individuals who have not received a third dose of any COVID-19 vaccine. Finally, the study will compare the prevalence of birth outcomes (including major congenital malformations and small size for gestational age) in infants born to pregnant women who have received at least 1 dose of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine during an exposure window of interest with that among infants born to pregnant women who have not received any COVID-19 vaccine during the exposure window of interest. The source population for this study will be health plan enrollees from 5 data research partners that contribute data from claims and electronic health records to the Sentinel System: CVS Health/Aetna, HealthCore/Anthem, HealthPartners, Humana, and Optum. Safety events of interest will be identified in claims and electronic health records (where available) using predefined algorithms based on diagnosis codes, with procedure and/or pharmacy dispensing codes as appropriate.

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## **Study status**

Finalised

## **Research institutions and networks**

### **Institutions**

## Pfizer

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

Institution

## Harvard Pilgrim Health Care Institute

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

Institution

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

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Study contact

[nana.koram@pfizer.com](mailto:nana.koram@pfizer.com)

### Primary lead investigator

Nana Koram

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 05/11/2020

Actual: 05/11/2020

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### **Study start date**

Planned: 30/06/2022

Actual: 17/06/2022

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/03/2026

Actual: 30/01/2026

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Pfizer

## Study protocol

[C4591009\\_PROTOCOL\\_19AUG2021 \(1\).pdf](#) (3.62 MB)

[C4591009\\_PROTOCOL AMENDMENT 3\\_V4\\_30JUN2023.pdf](#) (2.16 MB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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## Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Drug utilisation

Safety study (incl. comparative)

**Data collection methods:**

Combined primary data collection and secondary use of data

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**Study design:**

Retrospective cohort design of individuals with concurrent unexposed comparators

**Main study objective:**

To estimate the relative risk of safety events of interest (including myocarditis/pericarditis) following receipt of a first, second, or third dose in a

primary series of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine compared with no receipt of any COVID-19 vaccine within the overall study population and subgroups of pregnant women, immunocompromised individuals, and individuals with a history of COVID-19.

## Study Design

### **Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

### **Medicinal product name, other**

Pfizer-BioNTech BNT162b2(original monovalent) COVID-19 Vaccine

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### **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(J07BN01) covid-19, RNA-based vaccine

covid-19, RNA-based vaccine

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### **Medical condition to be studied**

COVID-19 immunisation

## Population studied

### **Age groups**

- Preterm newborn infants (0 - 27 days)
- Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

- Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)
  - Children (2 to < 12 years)
  - Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)
  - Adults (18 to < 46 years)
  - Adults (46 to < 65 years)
  - Adults (65 to < 75 years)
  - Adults (75 to < 85 years)
  - Adults (85 years and over)
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### **Special population of interest**

Immunocompromised

Pregnant women

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### **Estimated number of subjects**

1

## Study design details

### **Setting**

The source population for this study will be health plan enrollees from 5 data research partners that contribute data from claims and electronic health records to the Sentinel System: CVS Health/Aetna, Caredon Research, HealthPartners, Humana, and Optum.

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### **Outcomes**

Adverse events of special interest as listed in the protocol, Among the overall study population and subgroups of interest: the proportion of individuals receiving the Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine, stratified by number of doses, timing and type of second/third doses, demographics and comorbidities.

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## Data analysis plan

Descriptive analysis will report on utilization of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine during the overall study period and in sequential increments of time. Characteristics of the matched and unmatched cohorts will be shown in a table. Vaccinated individuals will be matched to concurrent unexposed comparators. Confounding will be addressed through propensity score matching or through the inclusion of propensity scores in exposure-outcome regression models. In each data source, crude measures of incidence or prevalence of the study outcomes with associated 95% confidence intervals (CIs) will be estimated within the matched exposed and unexposed cohorts. Cox models or Poisson regression will be used to estimate risk ratios and 95% CIs for general safety events in the overall population and subgroups of interest. Sensitivity analyses will incorporate a self-controlled risk interval design or a cohort design with historical comparators in a period before the introduction of COVID-19 vaccines.

## Documents

### Abstract of study report

[c4591009-final-abstract.pdf](#) (726.62 KB)

### Study report

[c4591009-final-report-body.pdf](#) (11.12 MB)

### Study, other information

[C4591009\\_PROTOCOL AMENDMENT 2\\_V3\\_07JUL2022.pdf](#) (4.63 MB)

## Data management

## ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### **Data source(s), other**

5 data research partners, including data from 4 national insurers (CVS Health/Aetna, Caredon Research [formerly HealthCore/Anthem], Humana, and Optum) and 1 regional insurer (HealthPartners). Each data research partner is a participant in the FDA Sentinel System.

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### **Data sources (types)**

[Administrative healthcare records \(e.g., claims\)](#)

[Electronic healthcare records \(EHR\)](#)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### **CDM mapping**

No

## Data quality specifications

### **Check conformance**

Unknown

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### **Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No