A Retrospective Analysis in Real World on Lymphocyte Reconstitution After Lymphopenia in Patients Treated by Tecfidera and Description of Management Strategies in France (Lympho-TEC)

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## Administrative details

#### **PURI**

https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/47892

#### **EU PAS number**

**EUPAS39505** 

#### **Study ID**

47892

#### **DARWIN EU® study**

Nο

#### **Study countries**

France

#### **Study description**

The primary objective of the study is to describe absolute lymphocyte count (ALC) reconstitution after Dimethyl fumarate (DMF) discontinuation because of lymphopenia, in Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis (RRMS) subjects.

#### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

## Biogen

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Institution

## Contact details

**Study Institution contact**Study Director Biogen

Study contact

ctrr@biogen.com

#### **Primary lead investigator**

## Study Director Biogen

**Primary lead investigator** 

## Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 17/12/2020 Actual: 17/12/2020

#### Study start date

Planned: 15/02/2021 Actual: 10/03/2021

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/01/2022 Actual: 07/10/2023

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Biogen

# Study protocol

LymphoTEC protocol Redacted.pdf(867.42 KB)

## Regulatory

#### Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

#### Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Non-EU RMP only

# Other study registration identification numbers and links

FR-BGT-11758

Link to Clinicaltrials.gov

# Methodological aspects

## Study type

## Study type list

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

#### Main study objective:

The primary objective(s) of the study is to describe absolute lymphocyte count (ALC) reconstitution after Dimethyl fumarate (DMF) discontinuation because of lymphopenia, in Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis (RRMS) Subjects.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Other

#### Non-interventional study design, other

Case-series

## Study drug and medical condition

#### Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

**DIMETHYL FUMARATE** 

#### Medical condition to be studied

Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis

## Population studied

#### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

1507

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

Time to Absolute Lymphocyte Count (ALC) Reconstitution After Dimethyl Fumarate (DMF) Discontinuation. Time From DMF Initiation to Lymphopenia Initiation and DMF discontinuation, Longitudinal evolution of ALC over time, Percentage of patients showing relapses and/or an EDSS progression, Serious Adverse events, Opportunistic or serious infections, Association between baseline demographic and clinical characteristics on the occurrence of lymphopenia and lymphocyte reconstitution.

#### **Data analysis plan**

Normality of distribution of continuous parameters will be verified by at least 2 statistical tests and visually checked. All statistical tests will be 2-sided and with a statistically significant threshold set at 5%. Missing data will be handled for the main criterion only. At least 2 different methods will be used and detailed in the SAP.

### **Documents**

#### Study report

LymphoTEC\_CSR Synopsis\_Redacted.pdf(345.92 KB)

## Data management

## Data sources

#### Data source(s), other

EDMUS - Multiple Sclerosis

#### Data sources (types)

Other

#### Data sources (types), other

The main goal of this retrospective study with the national MS registry "OFSEP" is to describe lymphocyte reconstitution after DMF discontinuation because of lymphopenia, in RRMS patients. This study could potentially contribute to describe management strategies in France and to identify clinical risk factors predisposing for lymphopenia in patients treated by DMF.

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### **CDM** mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

#### **Check completeness**

Unknown

#### **Check stability**

Unknown

#### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No