# Impact of medicines regulatory interventions in Europe: a systematic review focusing on unintended consequences, data used and methodology

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## Administrative details

#### **PURI**

https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/47826

#### **EU PAS number**

**EUPAS47825** 

#### Study ID

47826

## **DARWIN EU® study**

No

Study countries
Austria
Belgium
Bulgaria
Croatia
Cyprus
Czechia
Denmark
Estonia
Finland
France
Germany
Greece
Hungary
☐ Iceland
Ireland
Italy
Latvia
Liechtenstein
Lithuania
Luxembourg
Malta
Netherlands
Norway
Poland
Portugal
Romania
Slovakia
Slovenia
Spain

Sweden		
United Kingdom		

## **Study description**

The goal is to perform a comprehensive assessment of studies that evaluate the impact of pharmacovigilance regulatory interventions in the European Economic Area (EEA), focusing on identifying unintended consequences and highlighting the methodology and data used.

## **Study status**

Ongoing

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

Division of Pharmacoepidemiology & Clinical Pharmacology (PECP), Utrecht Institute for
Pharmaceutical Sciences (UIPS), Utrecht University
Netherlands
First published: 01/03/2010
Last updated: 23/05/2024
Institution

## Contact details

## **Study institution contact**

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Study contact

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## **Primary lead investigator**

Helga Gardarsdottir

Primary lead investigator

# Study timelines

## Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 01/09/2021

Actual: 01/09/2021

#### Study start date

Planned: 01/01/2022

Actual: 13/12/2021

## **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/01/2023

# Sources of funding

Other

## More details on funding

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

## Study type:

Non-interventional study

## Main study objective:

The goal is to perform a comprehensive assessment of studies that evaluate the impact of pharmacovigilance regulatory interventions in the European Economic Area (EEA), focusing on identifying unintended consequences and highlighting the methodology and data used.

## Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Systematic review and meta-analysis

# Population studied

#### Age groups

Preterm newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Special population of interest**

Hepatic impaired

Immunocompromised

Pregnant women

Renal impaired

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

0

# Study design details

#### Data analysis plan

We will perform descriptive analysis (totals and percentages) for data extracted from identified articles.

## Data management

## Data sources

#### Data sources (types)

Other

#### Data sources (types), other

We will conduct bibliographic database searches in MEDLINE and EMBASE.

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

## **Data characterisation conducted**

No