

# Post-Marketing surveillance for the safety of GARDASIL® and GARDASIL®9 in a cohort of Chinese women

**First published:** 10/07/2020

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Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS36132

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### Study ID

47294

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

 China

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### Study description

This is a database study using the Ningbo Regional Health Information Platform to monitor the occurrence of autoimmune disorders and adverse pregnancy outcomes in GARDASIL® or GARDASIL®9 vaccinated women in Ningbo, China.

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## Study status

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

#### Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

 United States

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Institution

Pharmaceutical company

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

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Study contact

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### Primary lead investigator

# Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed**

Actual: 28/09/2020

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### **Study start date**

Planned: 01/06/2021

Actual: 15/03/2021

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### **Data analysis start date**

Planned: 31/03/2022

Actual: 14/03/2022

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 28/04/2023

Actual: 21/04/2022

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

## Study protocol

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

Safety study (incl. comparative)

**Data collection methods:**

**Main study objective:**

To monitor within the NRHIP the diagnosis of 7 pre-specified new-onset autoimmune disorders diagnosed within up to 6 months after each dose of GARDASIL® or GARDASIL®9 in Chinese women, and the occurrence of stillbirth and major congenital anomaly in infants of Chinese women who were inadvertently vaccinated with GARDASIL® or GARDASIL®9 up to 30 days prior to conception or anytime during pregnancy.

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

Other

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**Non-interventional study design, other**

Safety surveillance of G4 or G9 vaccination

## Study drug and medical condition

**Medicinal product name**

GARDASIL 9

## Population studied

**Short description of the study population**

Women between ages of 16 and 45 years old during the study period (i.e., age-eligible for vaccination with G4 and/or G9) who are residents of Ningbo, whose medical care information is available in the NRHIP, and who received at least one dose of G4 or G9 as part of routine health care. Ningbo has a population of approximately 2.8 million local female residents between the ages of 16-45 years old. Women selfpay for the 3-dose regimen of G4 or G9. For the pregnancy surveillance, the study population includes women who had pregnancy exposure to G4 or G9, and their infants.

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### **Age groups**

- Adults (18 to < 46 years)
  - Adults (46 to < 65 years)
  - Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)
  - Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)
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### **Special population of interest**

Pregnant women

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### **Estimated number of subjects**

50000

## **Study design details**

### **Outcomes**

Graves' disease, Hashimoto's disease, type 1 diabetes, systemic lupus erythematosus, multiple sclerosis, optic neuritis, uveitis, stillbirth and congenital anomalies.

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### **Data analysis plan**

A summary of the number of vaccinated women who received GARDASIL® and GARDASIL®9 will be provided, and this information will also be stratified by age, calendar year of vaccination, number of doses, timing between doses, and similar factors. Descriptive analysis of outcomes of interest will be reported. Counts of women with new onset autoimmune disease within 6 months after vaccination will be provided for the 7 pre-specified conditions. Counts of stillbirths and congenital anomalies occurring in infants of women who received at least one dose of GARDASIL® and GARDASIL®9 up to 30 days prior to conception or anytime during pregnancy will also be included in the data summary. A summary of the case validation methods and results will also be provided.

## Documents

### Study results

[V503-055 G4 G9 combined\\_final redaction\\_0.pdf](#) (1.09 MB)

[V503-055-CSR-HPV PMC G9 Safety Study Report\\_final redaction.pdf](#) (789.7 KB)

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## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

**Data source(s), other**

Ningbo Regional Health Information Platform China

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**Data sources (types)**

Other

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**Data sources (types), other**

Regional health information platform

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

**CDM mapping**

No

## Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

## **Data characterisation conducted**

No