# Post-Marketing surveillance for the safety of GARDASIL® and GARDASIL®9 in a cohort of Chinese women

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# Administrative details

PURI https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/47294
EU PAS number
EUPAS36132
Study ID 47294
DARWIN EU® study
No
Study countries  China

#### **Study description**

This is a database study using the Ningbo Regional Health Information Platform to monitor the occurrence of autoimmune disorders and adverse pregnancy outcomes in GARDASIL® or GARDASIL® vaccinated women in Ningbo, China.

#### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

## Merck & Co.

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Institution

## Contact details

## **Study institution contact**

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

Study contact

ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

## **Primary lead investigator**

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

#### **Primary lead investigator**

# Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 28/09/2020

#### Study start date

Planned: 01/06/2021 Actual: 15/03/2021

#### Data analysis start date

Planned: 31/03/2022 Actual: 14/03/2022

#### Date of final study report

Planned: 28/04/2023 Actual: 21/04/2022

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

# Study protocol

V503-055\_Redacted Protocol red.pdf(9.48 MB)

# Regulatory

Was the stud	y required by a	a regulatory body?
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Yes

## Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

# Study type list

#### **Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

## **Study type:**

Non-interventional study

## Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness Safety study (incl. comparative)

#### **Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

## Main study objective:

To monitor within the NRHIP the diagnosis of 7 pre-specified new-onset autoimmune disorders diagnosed within up to 6 months after each dose of

GARDASIL® or GARDASIL®9 in Chinese women, and the occurrence of stillbirth and major congenital anomaly in infants of Chinese women who were inadvertently vaccinated with GARDASIL® or GARDASIL®9 up to 30 days prior to conception or anytime during pregnancy.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

Other

#### Non-interventional study design, other

Safety surveillance of G4 or G9 vaccination

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Name of medicine

**GARDASIL 9** 

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

Women between ages of 16 and 45 years old during the study period (i.e., ageeligible for vaccination with G4 and/or G9) who are residents of Ningbo, whose medical care information is available in the NRHIP, and who received at least one dose of G4 or G9 as part of routine health care. Ningbo has a population of approximately 2.8 million local female residents between the ages of 16-45 years old. Women selfpay for the 3-dose regimen of G4 or G9. For the pregnancy surveillance, the study population includes women who had pregnancy exposure to G4 or G9, and their infants.

#### Age groups

Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

#### Special population of interest

Pregnant women

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

50000

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

Graves' disease, Hashimoto's disease, type 1 diabetes, systemic lupus erythematosus, multiple sclerosis, optic neuritis, uveitis, stillbirth and congenital anomalies.

#### Data analysis plan

A summary of the number of vaccinated women who received GARDASIL® and GARDASIL® will be provided, and this information will also be stratified by age, calendar year of vaccination, number of doses, timing between doses, and similar factors. Descriptive analysis of outcomes of interest will be reported. Counts of women with new onset autoimmune disease within 6 months after vaccination will be provided for the 7 pre-specified conditions. Counts of

stillbirths and congenital anomalies occurring in infants of women who received at least one dose of GARDASIL® and GARDASIL® 9 up to 30 days priorto conception or anytime during pregnancy will also be included in the data summary. A summary of the case validation methods and results will also be provided.

## **Documents**

#### Study results

V503-055 G4 G9 combined\_final redaction\_0.pdf(1.09 MB)
V503-055-CSR-HPV PMC G9 Safety Study Report final redaction.pdf(789.7 KB)

# Data management

## Data sources

## Data source(s), other

Ningbo Regional Health Information Platform China

#### Data sources (types)

Other

## Data sources (types), other

Regional health information platform

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No