A study assessing the use of GOlimumab in current clinical PRACTICE and its impact on patients with chronic inflammatory arthritis (MK-8259-020) (GO-PRACTICE)

First published: 29/10/2014 Last updated: 27/02/2024



Administrative details

EU PAS number

EUPAS7527

Study ID

47243

DARWIN EU® study

No

Study countries

France

Study description

This study has been designed to comply with the February 2012 request from the French Health Authorities, in light of the Simponi® reevaluation scheduled for 2017. The Authorities asked for additional long-term data in patients with chronic inflammatory rheumatic diseases in the form of a post-regulation study. The primary objective of this study is to assess the persistence of golimumab treatment 24 months after the initial prescription in adult patients with chronic inflammatory rheumatic diseases, in routine clinical practice in France.

Study status

Finalised

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

United States

First published: 01/02/2024

Last updated: 08/07/2025



Pharmaceutical company

Chru De Lille - Hopital B Roger Salengro Rue Emile Laine 59037 Lille CEDEX

Contact details

Study institution contact

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

Study contact

ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

Primary lead investigator

Clinical Trials Disclosure Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed Planned: 30/09/2014 Actual: 18/12/2014

Study start date

Planned: 30/11/2014 Actual: 12/01/2015

Data analysis start date Planned: 31/07/2018 Actual: 10/08/2018

Date of final study report Planned: 31/08/2019 Actual: 12/09/2019

Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Merck Sharp & Dohme LLC

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Disease /health condition Human medicinal product

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

Data collection methods:

Primary data collection

Main study objective:

The primary objective of this study is to assess the persistence of golimumab treatment 24 months after the initial prescription in adult patients with chronic inflammatory rheumatic diseases, in routine clinical practice in France.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Other

Non-interventional study design, other

Multicenter, prospective, national (France) study

Study drug and medical condition

Name of medicine SIMPONI

Medical condition to be studied

Rheumatoid arthritis Psoriatic arthropathy Ankylosing spondylitis

Population studied

Short description of the study population

Adult patients diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis (RA), psoriatic arthritis (PsA) and ankylosing spondylitis (AS) were recruited successively upon initial golimumab prescription, as per routine clinical practice. The patients were treated as per each center's standard practice. The decision to treat was at the physician's discretion, and had to be made prior to the patient's inclusion in the study.

Inclusion Criteria

1. Patients aged 18 years or older.

2. Patients having given their verbal consent to participate in the study, after having received verbal and written information about the study.

3. Patients diagnosed with a chronic rheumatic inflammatory disease.

4. Patient with an initial hospital prescription for golimumab but who did not yet initiate golimumab treatment.

5. Patients capable of understanding and completing the PRO questionnaires.

Exclusion Criteria

1. Patients who were previously treated with golimumab and/or stopped golimumab before inclusion

2. Patients who had participated in previous studies of golimumab.

3. Patients who had already started golimumab treatment prior to the inclusion visit and/or who were receiving golimumab at the time of the inclusion visit.

4. Conditions or situations that, in the opinion of the investigator, limited the patient's ability to fully participate in the study or to fulfil study requirements,

Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years) Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

Special population of interest

Immunocompromised

Estimated number of subjects

750

Study design details

Outcomes

The primary outcome measure of this study is the overall proportion of patients persisting with golimumab treatment 24 months after the initial prescription. The secondary outcomes include 1) to describe the therapeutic strategy including prior to treatments, prescription pattern of golimumab in routine clinical practice with the dose, regimen, and co-prescriptions, respect of contraindications and reasons for golimumab withdrawal, 2) to describe treated patients, 3) to assess golimumab persistence at 1 year, and 4) to assess the safety profile.

Data analysis plan

The primary endpoint is the overall proportion of patients persisting with golimumab treatment at 2 years after the initial prescription, using standard descriptive statistics. Sensitivity analyses will be provided using the following assumptions: 1) All patients lost to follow-up at 2 years have discontinued definitively golimumab (worst hypothesis), 2) All patients lost to follow-up at 2 years are continuing treatment with golimumab at 2 years (best hypothesis).

Documents

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

Data sources

Data sources (types)

Other

Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No