

# Long-term surveillance of patients with multiple sclerosis to report progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy and other serious opportunistic infections among patients treated with natalizumab

**First published:** 03/02/2022

**Last updated:** 15/02/2024

Study

Ongoing

## Administrative details

### **PURI**

<https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/45446>

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### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS45445

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### **Study ID**

45446

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### **DARWIN EU® study**

No

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## Study countries

Czechia

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## Study description

The primary objective of the study is to estimate the incidence of progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML) and serious adverse events (SAEs) of other opportunistic infections (OIs) among all subjects taking natalizumab.

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## Study status

Ongoing

# Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

**Biogen**

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

**Institution**

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

Study Director Biogen

**Study contact**

[ctrr@biogen.com](mailto:ctrr@biogen.com)

**Primary lead investigator**

Study Director Biogen

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 01/10/2019

Actual: 10/12/2019

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### **Study start date**

Planned: 01/01/2019

Actual: 01/01/2019

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 30/04/2025

## Sources of funding

- EU institutional research programme
- Other

## More details on funding

Biogen

## Regulatory

## Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

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## Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Non-EU RMP only

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

#### **Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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#### **Scope of the study:**

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

#### **Main study objective:**

The primary objective of the study is to estimate the incidence of progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML) and serious adverse events (SAEs) of other opportunistic infections (OIs) among all subjects taking natalizumab.

## Study Design

### **Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

## **Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name**

NATALIZUMAB

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### **Medical condition to be studied**

Multiple sclerosis

## Population studied

### **Age groups**

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

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### **Estimated number of subjects**

600

## Study design details

### **Outcomes**

Number of Subjects With Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML) who are Taking Natalizumab, Number of Subjects With Serious Adverse Events (SAEs) of Other Opportunistic Infections (OIs) who are Taking Natalizumab.

Number of Subjects: With SAEs, With SAEs Among Subject Subgroups Defined by Demographic and Clinical Factors, With Malignancies who are Taking Natalizumab, With Hypersensitivity Reactions who are Taking Natalizumab, Who are John Cunningham Virus (JCV) Positive and Taking Natalizumab, Who are Pregnant and Breastfeeding and Who Were Previously Exposed to Natalizumab.

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## Data analysis plan

Categorical variables will be summarised numerically and as rate by each category. Continuous variables will be summarised as mean  $\pm$  standard deviation (SD), median, minimum and maximum.

## Data management

### Data sources

#### Data source(s), other

National MS registry ReMuS Czechia

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#### Data sources (types)

[Other](#)

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#### Data sources (types), other

The aim of the study is to characterise the safety profile of natalizumab in a routine clinical practice in the Czech Republic by monitoring serious adverse events (SAEs).

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### CDM mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No