Trends in prescriptions of valproate and valpromide for bipolar disorder in IMS France and IMS Germany between 2010 and June 2016 and in UK THIN between 1999 and 2015

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Administrative details

PURI

https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/44731

EU PAS number

EUPAS19162

Study ID

44731

DARWIN EU® study

No

Study countries

France Germany

United Kingdom

Study description

This study will provide drug utilisation data on valproate prescribing among the general population using data from France, Germany and the UK.

Study status

Finalised

Research institution and networks

Institutions

European Medicines Agency (EMA) First published: 01/02/2024

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Institution

Contact details

Study institution contact

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Daniel Morales

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned:

03/01/2017

Actual:

03/01/2017

Study start date

Planned:

03/01/2017

Actual:

03/01/2017

Data analysis start date

Planned:

03/01/2017

Actual:

09/01/2017

Date of final study report

Planned:
31/08/2017
Actual:
06/06/2017

Sources of funding

EMA

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body? No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)? Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type list

Study topic:

Human medicinal product Disease /health condition

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

Data collection methods:

Secondary data collection

Main study objective:

Measure prevalence and prescribing trends in valproate prescribing overall and in people with certain indications in the general population.

Study drug and medical condition

Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code

(N03AG01) valproic acid

Medical condition to be studied

Bipolar disorder Epilepsy Migraine

Population studied

Short description of the study population

All patients with a consultation date between 1 January 2010 and 30 June 2016 were identified.

Population denominators used for the analysis of valproate prescribing trends in THIN are defined as follows:

- a) All patients with bipolar disorder meeting cohort entry and exit criteria described above.
- b) All patients in the THIN database.
- c) All patients with a Read code for epilepsy recorded in each calendar year in THIN.
- d) All patients with a Read code for migraine recorded in each calendar year in THIN. Different cohort denominators were used for epilepsy and migraine to reflect active management of patients as opposed to bipolar disorder which is a more pervasive chronic illness. In this regard, it was noted that inclusion of people simply with a past history of epilepsy and migraine lead to an underestimation of the prevalence of valproate prescribing over time (due to the accrual of non-active patients).

Age groups

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

Special population of interest

Other

Special population of interest, other

Population with Bipolar disorder, Epilepsy and Migraine

Estimated number of subjects

100000

Study design details

Outcomes

Prevalence of valproate prescribing overall and in people with certain indications (e.g. bipolar disorder, epilepsy, migraine) in the general population.

Data analysis plan

Simple descriptive analysis with counts and percentages. Annual and quarterly time trends in valproate prescribing.

Documents

Study results

EMA Valproate_prescribing_REPORT.pdf(1.19 MB)

Data management

Data sources

Data source(s)

THIN® (The Health Improvement Network®)
Disease Analyzer Germany
Disease Analyzer - OMOP

Data sources (types)

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No