Study of the safety and tolerability of ORYLMYTE in routine practice in adolescents and adults (VORAN)

First published: 10/11/2021

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Administrative details

EU PAS number EUPAS44205	
Study ID	
44429	
No	
Study countries Germany	

Study description

Prospective, open-label, multicentre, non-interventional, longitudinal Post Authorization Safety Study (PASS) in adolescents (12-17 years) and adults to further describe the safety and tolerability of ORYLMYTE

Study status

Ongoing

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Stallergenes

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Institution

Contact details

Study institution contact

Medical Department Stallergenes GmbH studien@stallergenesgreer.com

Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Medical Department Stallergenes GmbH

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 28/06/2021 Actual: 28/06/2021

Study start date

Planned: 15/10/2021 Actual: 12/11/2021

Data analysis start date

Planned: 15/01/2024

Date of final study report

Planned: 15/10/2024

Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Stallergenes GmbH

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)

Main study objective:

To further describe the safety and tolerability of ORYLMYTE® during the first treatment year in adolescents and adults suffering from moderate to severe House Dust Mites (HDM)-induced allergic rhinitis (AR) or allergic rhinoconjunctivitis (ARC), with or without controlled asthma.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cohort

Study drug and medical condition

Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code

(V01AA03) house dust mites

house dust mites

Medical condition to be studied

Rhinitis allergic

Conjunctivitis allergic

Perennial allergy

Population studied

Age groups

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Estimated number of subjects

1500

Study design details

Outcomes

All adverse events (AEs) having occurred from the first intake of ORYLMYTE® until the end of the study. Effect of the treatment on the allergic symptoms and on the use of symptomatic medication, patient's well-being, effect of the treatment on sleep, pharmacoeconomic impact of the treatment (in terms of absenteeism).

Data analysis plan

AE will be classified by Preferred Term (PT) and corresponding System Organ Class (SOC) using the current MedDRA terminology. Patients with AEs will be summarized as follows: - Patients with at least one Adverse Event (AE), at least one Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR, i.e. an event related to ORYLMYTE), at least one Serious Adverse Event (SAE), at least one Serious Adverse Drug Reaction (SADR) - Patients with at least one ADR leading to definitive discontinuation of ORYLMYTE Numbers and percentages of patients with at least one reported AE will be tabulated by MedDRA SOC and PT as follows: - All AEs, SAEs, ADRs, SADRs - All ADRs by intensity, severe ADRs, ADRs leading to definitive discontinuation of ORYLMYTE

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

Data sources

Other	(types)				
Data sources	(types), othe	r			
Prospective pa	ient-based dat	a collectio	n		
Use of a (Common	Data N	Model (CDM)	
CDM mapping					
No					
Data qua	ity spacit	fication	2.5		
Data qua	ity specii	icatioi	15		
Check confor		icatioi	15		
•		icatioi	15		
Check confor	nance	icatioi	15		
Check confor	nance	icatioi	15		
Check conford Unknown Check comple	nance teness	icatioi	15		

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No