# 091301: FEIBA NF GLOBAL OUTCOME STUDY (FEIBA-GO) (091301: FEIBA-GO)

First published: 24/06/2014

**Last updated:** 22/02/2024





# Administrative details

PURI		
https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/43046		
EU PAS number		
EUPAS6691		
Study ID		
43046		
DARWIN EU® study		
No		
Study countries		
France		
Germany		
Hungary		

Italy	
Norway	
Poland	
Portugal	
Russian Federation	
Spain	
United Kingdom	

## **Study description**

The study addresses the need to measure long-term effectiveness, safety and quality of life outcome measures for haemophilia A or B patients with high-responding inhibitors treated on-demand and in prophylaxis with FEIBA NF. The purpose of the study is to document the natural history of hemophilia A or B disease in subjects with high responding inhibitors either to Factor VIII or Factor IX and to describe long-term outcomes in terms of effectiveness, safety and quality of life in subjects receiving FEIBA NF in routine clinical practice.

## **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## **Institutions**

## Shire

First published: 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024



# Multiple centres: 40 centres are involved in the study

## Contact details

**Study institution contact** 

Study Contact Shire

Study contact

clinicaltransparency@shire.com

**Primary lead investigator** 

Study Contact Shire

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 30/09/2013 Actual: 30/09/2013

Study start date

Planned: 30/06/2014 Actual: 03/09/2014

## Data analysis start date

Planned: 28/02/2020 Actual: 28/02/2020

## Date of final study report

Planned: 30/10/2020 Actual: 26/11/2020

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Baxalta Innovations GmbH, now part of Shire

# Study protocol

091301-protocol-original-redact.pdf(964.17 KB)

091301-protocol-amendment 2-redact.pdf(1017.02 KB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

#### **Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

Disease /health condition

## **Study type:**

Non-interventional study

## Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

Effectiveness study (incl. comparative)

Safety study (incl. comparative)

Other

## If 'other', further details on the scope of the study

Pharmacodynamic study, Health-Related Quality of Life Analysis

#### **Data collection methods:**

Primary data collection

#### Main study objective:

The primary objective of the study is to describe the hemostatic effectiveness of FEIBA NF in a variety of clinical settings including on-demand therapy, prophylaxis and immune tolerance induction (ITI) in haemophilia A or B patients with high-responding inhibitors.

# Study Design

## Non-interventional study design

Cohort

#### Non-interventional study design, other

Post-authorization, prospective, uncontrolled, observational, non-interventional, open-label, multicenter cohort study

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Name of medicine, other

FEIBA NF

#### Additional medical condition(s)

Haemophilia A or B with high responding inhibitors

# Population studied

## Short description of the study population

Patients were male hemophilia A or B patients with high-responding inhibitors who had been prescribed FEIBA for the treatment or prevention of bleeding events by a treating physician prior to the decision to enroll in the study. No additional diagnostic or monitoring procedures were applied to patients, except those that were part of normal/routine clinical practice.

#### Age groups

Term newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### Special population of interest

Other

#### Special population of interest, other

Hemophilia A or B patients

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

55

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

(A) 1) Prophylaxis: Treatment of breakthrough bleeds 2) On-demand: Treatment of BEs: -Bleed rates -Types of bleeding events -Number of BEs with corresponding hemostatic efficacy ratings(B) 1) Prophylaxis: Totals & breakthrough bleeds 2) On-demand: -Number of infusions- Weight adjusted dose- Total units of FEIBA NF infused, 1) Joint clinical outcomes in routine clinical practice setting, using any therapeutic regimen, assessed as in common practice2) Health-Related Quality of Life using standardized assessment questionnaires/ tools

#### **Data analysis plan**

Descriptive statistics will include specifically but not exclusively, arithmetic mean, standard deviations, medians, minimum, maximum, 25th and 75th percentiles, proportions, frequency counts and 95% confidence intervals of

select point estimates. Figures will be prepared to illustrate the patterns of data over time where appropriate.

## **Documents**

## **Study results**

091301-clinical-study-report-redact.pdf(812.48 KB)

# Data management

## Data sources

## Data sources (types)

Other

## Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

## **Data characterisation conducted**

No