

# Study of utilisation of combined hormonal contraceptives in Europe

**First published:** 22/10/2017

**Last updated:** 02/07/2024

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### PURI

<https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/40853>

### EU PAS number

EUPAS21352

### Study ID

40853

### DARWIN EU® study

No

### Study countries

Denmark

Netherlands

United Kingdom

### Study description

This study has the following objectives

1. To investigate trends in new user (initiators) prescribing patterns in the two years preceding the relevant Commission Decision (January 2012 – January 2014) and in a similar period following the decision (February 2014 – December 2015).
2. To investigate switching patterns between products among prevalent users including reasons for changes (e.g., reimbursement or regulatory and clinical guidance).
3. Within Objectives 1 and 2, to examine any changes in utilisation in groups defined by patient's clinical and demographic risk factors for VTE as detailed in the warnings and contraindications in the European Union Summary of Product

Characteristics (SmPC).4. To examine any differences in the incidence rates of VTE between the two periods specified and, in light of the results for Objective 1-3, to investigate any measurable association between the observed changes in CHC use and changes in the VTE incidence rates.

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## Study status

Finalised

## Research institution and networks

### Institutions

Aarhus University & Aarhus University Hospital  
DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY

Denmark

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Institution

Educational Institution

ENCePP partner

University College London Leiden University, the  
Netherlands

### Networks

Aarhus University Consortium (ad-hoc)

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

Vera Ehrenstein

Study contact

[ve@clin.au.dk](mailto:ve@clin.au.dk)

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned:

23/11/2016

Actual:

23/11/2016

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### Study start date

Planned:

30/11/2017

Actual:

30/11/2017

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### Date of interim report, if expected

Planned:

01/08/2018

Actual:

01/08/2018

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### Date of final study report

Planned:

14/11/2018

Actual:

03/12/2018

## Sources of funding

- EMA

## Study protocol

[Study of utilisation of combined hormonal contraceptives in Europe.pdf](#)(393.15 KB)

## Regulatory

**Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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**Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

#### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

Drug utilisation

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**Data collection methods:**

Secondary data collection

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**Main study objective:**

1. To investigate trends in new user (initiators) prescribing patterns in the two years preceding the relevant Commission Decision 2. To investigate switching patterns between products among prevalent users 3. To examine changes in users' clinical characteristics 4. To examine differences in VTE incidence rates

### Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

### Study drug and medical condition

## Population studied

### Short description of the study population

For the Dutch drug utilization study and cohort study: All women between the ages of 18-49 years with at least one prescription of combined oral contraceptive use in the period from January 2012 through December 2015 will be included, i.e., both new users as well as prevalent users.

For the Danish drug utilization and cohort study: Women between the ages 18-49 years in the period January 2012- December 2015 will be included, i.e. both new and prevalent users.

For the UK drug utilization and cohort study: women between the ages 18-49 years who have been registered for at least two years prior with one of the general practices that contributed data to The Health Improvement Network (THIN) primary care database will be included.

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### Age groups

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

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### Special population of interest

Women of childbearing potential not using contraception

Women of childbearing potential using contraception

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### Estimated number of subjects

500000

## Study design details

### Data analysis plan

For each calendar year, we provide - estimates of the number and proportion of new users of each oral contraceptive type and the number and proportion of switchers (from one type to another or to a different dose) - estimates of the proportion of each oral contraceptive type and the number of switchers (from one type to another or to a different pill strength) December 2015), we will perform segmented regression analysis.- number of initiators of each oral contraceptive type and the number of switchers (from one type to another or to a different dose) overall and stratified by age at initiation of CHC, social deprivation, body mass index (BMI) and smoking status. We will tabulate the estimates of the annual incidence of VTE including 95% confidence intervals for each calendar window of the study period.

## Documents

## Study publications

Khialani D, Jones ME, Szépligeti SK, Ording AG, Ehrenstein V, Petersen I, van H...

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## Data management

### Data sources

#### Data source(s)

THIN® (The Health Improvement Network®)

Danish registries (access/analysis)

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#### Data sources (types)

Administrative data (e.g. claims)

Drug dispensing/prescription data

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Other

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#### Data sources (types), other

Prescription event monitoring

### Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### CDM mapping

No

### Data quality specifications

#### Check conformance

Unknown

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#### Check completeness

Unknown

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#### Check stability

Unknown

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#### Check logical consistency

Unknown

### Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No