The risk of musculoskeletal adverse outcomes after treatment with endocrine blocking treatments for breast cancer (MSKAI)

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Study Ongoing

Administrative details

PURI https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/40382

EU PAS number EUPAS38362

Study ID 40382

DARWIN EU® study No

Study countries Germany Spain United Kingdom United States

Study description

To evaluate the comparative risk of musculoskeletal side effects following treatment with tamoxifen versus aromatase inhibitors

Study status Ongoing Research institution and networks

Institutions





IDIAPJGol Spain, NDORMS, University of Oxford UK

Networks

Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics

(OHDSI) Network First published: 01/02/2024 Last updated 01/02/2024

Network

European Health Data Evidence Network (EHDEN)

Netherlands First published: 01/02/2024 Last updated 11/06/2024

Network

Contact details

Study institution contact Lane Jennifer Study contact

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Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed Planned: 02/11/2020

Study start date Planned: 14/12/2020 Actual: 14/12/2020

Data analysis start date Actual:

Date of final study report Planned: 01/07/2021

Sources of funding

• Non for-profit organisation (e.g. charity)

More details on funding

MRC, NIHR, Versus Arthritis

Study protocol

MSK_AI_Protocol_1.4 for EU PAS.pdf(905.49 KB)

MSK_AI_Protocol_1.5 for EU PAS.pdf(905.41 KB)

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body? No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)? Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type Study type list

Study type: Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness Disease epidemiology

Main study objective:

The aim of this study is to assess the comparative risk of musculoskeletal adverse events in post menopausal women taking of tamoxifen (TMX) versus Aromatase Inhibitors (AI) used in the treatment of breast cancer.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design Cohort

Study drug and medical condition

Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code

(L02BA01) tamoxifen (L02BG06) exemestane (L02BG04) letrozole (L02BG03) anastrozole (L02BG05) vorozole

Medical condition to be studied

Breast cancer female

Additional medical condition(s)

Osteoarthritis, Carpal tunnel syndrome, tendinopathy

Population studied

Age groups

Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

Estimated number of subjects 500000

Study design details

Outcomes

comparative risk of developing carpal tunnel syndrome, osteoarthritis and tendinopathies, If sufficiently powered, this study aims to assess the comparative risk of musculoskeletal adverse events in those taking non-steroidal AIs (NSAIs) versus steroidal AIs (SAIs)

Data analysis plan

New user design within a comparative cohort analysis of tamoxifen versus aromatase inhibitors, with the hazards of outcome during the follow-up periods compared using a univariate Cox proportional hazards model conditioned on the PS adjustment with treatment allocation as the sole explanatory variable

Data management

Data sources

Data source(s)

Clinical Practice Research Datalink The Information System for Research in Primary Care (SIDIAP) Ambulatory EMR - OMOP

Data source(s), other CPRD, SIDIAP, Electronic Medical Records Data (Ambulatory) - US

Data sources (types)

Administrative data (e.g. claims) Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance Unknown

Check completeness Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted No