

# An active surveillance to monitor the real world safety in Indian patients prescribed nintedanib for the treatment of Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis

**First published:** 04/01/2017

**Last updated:** 22/02/2024

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS17055

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### Study ID

40189

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

 India

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### Study description

This is an active surveillance study to monitor the real world safety of nintedanib in Indian patients with Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis. The safety of nintedanib has been assessed in Clinical Trials. Since only 20 patients in India were enrolled in the Inpulsis trials, the safety data on Indian patients is limited. In this active surveillance, the safety of nintedanib in IPF patients will be examined in Indian real world setting.

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## Study status

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

[Boehringer Ingelheim](#)

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**Institution**

[NAABI Kolkata](#), [Bhatia Hospital Mumbai](#), [Narayana Hrudayalaya Bangalore](#), [Sterling Hospital Ahmedabad](#), [Hinduja Hospital Mumbai](#), [Ruby Hall Pune](#), [Asthma Bhavan Jaipur](#), [King George Medical University Lucknow](#), [Midland Healthcare and](#)

# Research Center Lucknow, The Calcutta Medical Research Institute Kolkata

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

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Study contact

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### Primary lead investigator

Pavitra Wagh

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 21/01/2017

Actual: 21/01/2017

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### Study start date

Planned: 24/02/2017

Actual: 01/05/2017

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### Data analysis start date

Planned: 28/02/2017

Actual: 01/05/2017

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/10/2023

Actual: 23/10/2023

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Boehringer Ingelheim

## Study protocol

[clinical-trial-protocol-amendment-01\\_2.pdf](#) (459.06 KB)

[1199-0280-Protocol-V5.pdf](#) (663.7 KB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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### **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Other

**If 'other', further details on the scope of the study**

Safety of nintedanib in IPF patients in Indian real world setting

**Main study objective:**

The main objective of this study is to examine the safety of nintedanib in IPF patients in Indian real world setting.

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

Other

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**Non-interventional study design, other**

The design of this active surveillance is of non-interventional nature and will be conducted within the conditions of the approved marketing authorisations

## Study drug and medical condition

**Medicinal product name, other**

Nintedanib

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**Medical condition to be studied**

Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

## Population studied

## **Age groups**

- Adults (18 to < 46 years)
  - Adults (46 to < 65 years)
  - Adults (65 to < 75 years)
  - Adults (75 to < 85 years)
  - Adults (85 years and over)
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## **Estimated number of subjects**

400

## Study design details

### **Outcomes**

The primary outcome is Occurrence of ADRs (serious and non-serious) in nintedanib treated patients & Occurrence of AEs (serious and fatal) in nintedanib treated patients. The secondary outcome is Percentage of patients who require dose reductions and discontinuation due to adverse events.

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### **Data analysis plan**

Analyses will be descriptive in nature including means, medians, standard deviation and interquartile range for continuous variables, and frequencies and percentages for binary and categorical variables with the corresponding 95% confidence intervals. For safety outcomes, incidence rates with corresponding 95% confidence intervals will be calculated. Baseline characteristics of consecutive 100 IPF patients not treated with nintedanib will be used to compare the patients profile with the nintedanib users and will allow us to put the safety data of nintedanib into perspective.

## Documents

## Study results

[1199-0280-NIS Report.pdf](#) (224.01 KB)

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## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data sources (types)

[Other](#)

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### Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### CDM mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No