

# Association Between Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) use and Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) or Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) Among Elderly Patients With Breast (Stage I-III), lung (Stage I-III) or Prostate (Stage I-IV) Cancer

**First published:** 24/07/2017

**Last updated:** 22/02/2024

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### PURI

<https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/39702>

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### EU PAS number

EUPAS19718

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### Study ID

39702

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## DARWIN EU® study

No

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### Study countries

☐ United States

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### Study description

To describe the treated breast, lung, and prostate cancer population aged 66 years and over, Estimate the risk of MDS/AML for patients, and compare the risk of MDS/AML by treatment modality, chemotherapy regimen and G-CSF prophylaxis

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### Study status

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

Amgen

☐ United States

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 21/02/2024

Institution

### Contact details

### Study institution contact

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Study contact

[medinfo@amgen.com](mailto:medinfo@amgen.com)

### Primary lead investigator

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 31/07/2017

Actual: 31/07/2017

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### Study start date

Planned: 31/07/2018

Actual: 31/07/2018

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### Data analysis start date

Planned: 30/04/2019

Actual: 26/04/2019

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### Date of final study report

Planned: 31/03/2020

Actual: 30/11/2020

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Amgen Inc

## Study protocol

[20160176\\_01.02.06 Public Redacted Protocol Ver 1.0 2018-08-22 English.pdf](#)

(1.05 MB)

[20160176\\_01.02.06 Public Redacted Protocol Ver 1.0 2019-01-10 English.pdf](#)

(792.99 KB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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### **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

EU RMP category 3 (required)

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

Disease /health condition

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

**Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

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**Main study objective:**

Among breast, lung, and prostate cancer patients, assess risk of developing second primary myelodysplastic syndromes or acute myeloid leukemia by treatment modality

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

**Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(L03AA) Colony stimulating factors

Colony stimulating factors

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## **Medical condition to be studied**

Breast cancer

Myelodysplastic syndrome

Acute myeloid leukaemia

## **Population studied**

### **Short description of the study population**

Any patients diagnosed with stage I-III breast, lung, prostate cancer between January 1, 2001 and December 31, 2014 and who satisfy the inclusion and exclusion

criteria will be included in the study.

#### **Inclusion Criteria**

Patients must satisfy the following criteria:

- Chemotherapy following first diagnosis of breast (stage I-III), lung (stage I-III) or prostate (stage I-IV) cancer
- Index date (Sixtieth day without chemotherapy following last dose of first chemotherapy course) between Jan 1, 2001 and Dec 31, 2014
- Alive and at least 66 years of age at index date
- Continuous enrollment in both Part A and Part B Medicare for at least 12 months prior to the index date

#### **Exclusion Criteria**

Patients must not have any of the following criteria:

- Breast, lung, or prostate cancer is not their first primary cancer diagnosis
- Breast, lung, or prostate cancer diagnosis identified only at autopsy or on their death certificate
- Men with breast cancer diagnosis
- Unknown stage at first cancer diagnosis
- End-stage renal disease (ESRD) any time prior to the index date.

- Enrolled in Health maintenance organization (HMO) any time during the study period
  - Diagnosed with MDS/AML or any other second primary cancer diagnosis any time prior to the index date.
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### **Age groups**

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

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### **Special population of interest**

Other

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### **Special population of interest, other**

Breast cancer, Myelodysplastic syndrome, Acute myeloid leukaemia patients

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### **Estimated number of subjects**

56000

## **Study design details**

### **Outcomes**

myelodysplastic syndromes or acute myeloid leukemia, Competing risk events: death, second primary malignancy (not MDS or AML), censoring

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### **Data analysis plan**

Time at risk for developing MDS/AML begins 60 days after end of last treatment. AML ascertained from SEER registry primary malignancy field. MDS from 2001-2009 ascertained by presence of 2 diagnosis codes in claims. 2010+ MDS ascertained by SEER registry primary malignancy field. Cox hazard models to

estimate risk of developing MDS/AML.

## Documents

### Study results

[01.09.01 Clinical Study Report 2020-03-19 20160176 Original\\_Redacted.pdf](#)  
(439.95 KB)

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## Data management

### Data sources

#### Data sources (types)

[Administrative healthcare records \(e.g., claims\)](#)

[Disease registry](#)

### Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### CDM mapping

No

### Data quality specifications

#### Check conformance

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No