

# Association Between Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF) use and Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) or Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) Among Elderly Patients With Breast (Stage I-III), lung (Stage I-III) or Prostate (Stage I-IV) Cancer

**First published:** 24/07/2017

**Last updated:** 22/02/2024

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS19718

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### Study ID

39702

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### DARWIN EU® study

No

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## Study countries

☐ United States

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## Study description

To describe the treated breast, lung, and prostate cancer population aged 66 years and over, Estimate the risk of MDS/AML for patients, and compare the risk of MDS/AML by treatment modality, chemotherapy regimen and G-CSF prophylaxis

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## Study status

Finalised

# Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

Amgen

☐ United States

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 21/02/2024

Institution

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.  
medinfo@amgen.com

Study contact

[medinfo@amgen.com](mailto:medinfo@amgen.com)

**Primary lead investigator**

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 31/07/2017

Actual: 31/07/2017

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**Study start date**

Planned: 31/07/2018

Actual: 31/07/2018

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**Data analysis start date**

Planned: 30/04/2019

Actual: 26/04/2019

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**Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/03/2020

Actual: 30/11/2020

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Amgen Inc

## Study protocol

[20160176\\_01.02.06 Public Redacted Protocol Ver 1.0 2018-08-22 English.pdf](#)  
(1.05 MB)

[20160176\\_01.02.06 Public Redacted Protocol Ver 1.0 2019-01-10 English.pdf](#)  
(792.99 KB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

Yes

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### **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

EU RMP category 3 (required)

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

Disease /health condition

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

**Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

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**Main study objective:**

Among breast, lung, and prostate cancer patients, assess risk of developing second primary myelodysplastic syndromes or acute myeloid leukemia by treatment modality

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

**Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(L03AA) Colony stimulating factors

Colony stimulating factors

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## **Medical condition to be studied**

Breast cancer

Myelodysplastic syndrome

Acute myeloid leukaemia

## **Population studied**

### **Short description of the study population**

Any patients diagnosed with stage I-III breast, lung, prostate cancer between January 1, 2001 and December 31, 2014 and who satisfy the inclusion and exclusion

criteria will be included in the study.

#### **Inclusion Criteria**

Patients must satisfy the following criteria:

- Chemotherapy following first diagnosis of breast (stage I-III), lung (stage I-III) or prostate (stage I-IV) cancer
- Index date (Sixtieth day without chemotherapy following last dose of first chemotherapy course) between Jan 1, 2001 and Dec 31, 2014
- Alive and at least 66 years of age at index date
- Continuous enrollment in both Part A and Part B Medicare for at least 12 months prior to the index date

#### **Exclusion Criteria**

Patients must not have any of the following criteria:

- Breast, lung, or prostate cancer is not their first primary cancer diagnosis
- Breast, lung, or prostate cancer diagnosis identified only at autopsy or on their death certificate
- Men with breast cancer diagnosis
- Unknown stage at first cancer diagnosis
- End-stage renal disease (ESRD) any time prior to the index date.

- Enrolled in Health maintenance organization (HMO) any time during the study period
  - Diagnosed with MDS/AML or any other second primary cancer diagnosis any time prior to the index date.
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### **Age groups**

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

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### **Special population of interest**

Other

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### **Special population of interest, other**

Breast cancer, Myelodysplastic syndrome, Acute myeloid leukaemia patients

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### **Estimated number of subjects**

56000

## **Study design details**

### **Outcomes**

myelodysplastic syndromes or acute myeloid leukemia, Competing risk events: death, second primary malignancy (not MDS or AML), censoring

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### **Data analysis plan**

Time at risk for developing MDS/AML begins 60 days after end of last treatment. AML ascertained from SEER registry primary malignancy field. MDS from 2001-2009 ascertained by presence of 2 diagnosis codes in claims. 2010+ MDS ascertained by SEER registry primary malignancy field. Cox hazard models to

estimate risk of developing MDS/AML.

## Documents

### Study results

[01.09.01 Clinical Study Report 2020-03-19 20160176 Original\\_Redacted.pdf](#)  
(439.95 KB)

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## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.  
The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data sources (types)

[Administrative healthcare records \(e.g., claims\)](#)

[Disease registry](#)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### CDM mapping

No

## Data quality specifications



**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No