Utilization patterns, access to healthcare facilities and economic assessment of JAKi drugs used in rheumatoid arthritis patients in Tuscany: the LEONARDO study

First published: 13/06/2020

Last updated: 23/04/2024





# Administrative details

EU PAS number	
EUPAS35746	
Study ID	
37637	
DARWIN EU® study	
No	
Study countries	
Italy	

#### Study description

In this study, we will identify new users of JAKi in Tuscany from their approval in the treatment of severe to moderate RA in 2018 to 2019, and describe their utilization of the Regional Healthcare System facilities after treatment initiation, including an economic assessment. Since JAKi are used as second line in patients with moderate to severe RA non-responders to biologic DMARDs, we will provide an estimation over time of the new users of bDMARDs with and without history of access to rheumatoid arthritis wards in Tuscany.

#### **Study status**

**Finalised** 

## Research institutions and networks

## **Institutions**



Pisa Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna

## Contact details

### **Study institution contact**

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Study contact

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## **Primary lead investigator**

Corrado Blandizzi

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 15/06/2020 Actual: 01/07/2020

#### Study start date

Planned: 30/06/2020 Actual: 01/07/2020

### **Data analysis start date**

Planned: 06/07/2020 Actual: 10/07/2020

### Date of final study report

Planned: 31/07/2020 Actual: 16/10/2020

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Galapagos NV

# Study protocol

Study protocol (ENCEPP REGISTRY).pdf(846.63 KB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Human medicinal product

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

#### **Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

#### Main study objective:

to identify and describe new users of JAKi in Tuscany from 2018 (year of approval in the treatment of severe to moderate RA) to 2019, and describe their utilization of the Regional Healthcare System facilities after treatment initiation, including an economic assessment

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

### **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(L04AA29) tofacitinib

tofacitinib

(L04AA37) baricitinib

baricitinib

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

In order to answer the research questions (RQ), we created three different study cohorts, as described in detail below.

For the RQ-1 and RQ-2, patients were identified by the first dispensation of a JAKi from January 1st, 2018 to December 31st, 2019. Cohort entry was defined by the first dispensation of a JAKi. We excluded patients with less than 10 years of records in the look back period, history of cancer or use of anti-cancer drugs in the look back period, as well as those aged  $\leq 18$  at the index date. For the RQ-3 and RQ-4, patients were identified by the first dispensation of a JAKi from January 1 st, 2018 to June 30th, 2019. Cohort entry was defined by the first prescription of JAKi. Only patients with at least six months of observation after cohort entry were included. We excluded patients with less than 10 years of records in the look back period, history of cancer or use of anticancer drugs in the look back period, as well as those aged  $\leq 18$  at index date. In both the above analyses, patient observation was censored at the end of the study period, loss to follow-up, or death whichever came first.

For the RQ-5, patients were identified by the first prescription of a bDMARD from January 1st, 2014 to December 31st, 2019. Cohort entry was defined by the date of the first prescription of a bDMARD. We included patients with at least one visit in a Tuscan rheumatology ward in the year preceding the cohort entry. We excluded patients with less than 1 year of look back period.

#### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### Special population of interest

Immunocompromised

### **Estimated number of subjects**

200

# Study design details

#### Data analysis plan

Descriptive analysis (count, percentages)

## **Documents**

#### **Study results**

Final report Leonardo (+ annexes).pdf(1.88 MB)

# Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

### Signed checklist for study protocols

ENCePPChecklistfor StudyProtocols (signed).pdf(3.32 MB)

## Data sources

### Data source(s)

ARS Toscana

### **Data sources (types)**

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Drug dispensing/prescription data

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

#### **Check completeness**

Unknown

### **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

### **Data characterisation conducted**

No