# Influence of social deprivation on psychotropic drugs dispensing in adults: a large cross-sectional population-based study in France (ISDepPSY)

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## Administrative details

#### **PURI**

https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/36959

#### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS29862

#### **Study ID**

36959

## **DARWIN EU® study**

No

Study o	oun	tries
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France

#### Study description

Introduction: Links between lower socioeconomic position (SEP) and prevalence of common mental health disorders (CMHD) have been identified in the literature, and adequacy of treatments seems to differ according to SEP. We assume that lower SEP is associated with more psychotropic drugs consumption and more inadequate use. Primary objective: to assess correlation between the number of dispensing of anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs and social deprivation (EDI). Methods: Retrospective cross-sectional population-based study. Based on the joint use of French healthcare insurance population-based data on reimbursement of out-of-hospital care during the year 2012, which included 2,574,310 individuals and an ecological indicator of social deprivation in the Midi-Pyrénées region of France. Main outcomes and data of interest:- Number of distinct anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs (ATC: N05) dispensing.- Number of distinct antidepressant drugs (ATC: N06A) dispensing.- Adequacy with guidelines regarding psychotropic drug dispensing patterns among patients being dispensed at least one psychotropic drug, defined as: . Six or more distinct dispensing dates of antidepressant drugs (ATC: N06A), if any antidepressant drugs dispensing AND. Three or less distinct dispensing dates of anxiolytic drugs (ATC: N05BA) AND. Two or less distinct dispensing dates of hypnotic drugs (ATC: N05CD and N05CF)- European Deprivation Index (EDI): a validated ecological deprivation index that approaches SEPStatistical analysis: Univariate analyses (linear regression) and then multivariate analysis of the association between the number of anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs dispensed and EDI (primary objective), then other covariates and EDI (secondary objectives), will be performed to obtain correlation coefficients. If the assumptions for linear regression are not met, logistic regression will be performed to obtain Odds Ratios.

#### **Study status**

Ongoing

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

University Toulouse III
France
First published: 01/02/2024
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Institution Educational Institution

**INSERM 1027** 

## Contact details

**Study institution contact** 

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Primary lead investigator

# Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 10/12/2018

#### Study start date

Planned: 01/11/2019 Actual: 01/11/2019

## Data analysis start date

Planned: 01/11/2019 Actual: 01/12/2019

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 15/09/2020

# Sources of funding

Other

## More details on funding

self-funding

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

#### Main study objective:

To assess correlation between the number of dispensing of anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs and social deprivation (EDI).

## Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cross-sectional

# Study drug and medical condition

#### **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(N05) PSYCHOLEPTICS
PSYCHOLEPTICS
(N06A) ANTIDEPRESSANTS
ANTIDEPRESSANTS

# Population studied

#### **Age groups**

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

2574310

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

Correlation between EDI and number of distinct anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs (ATC: N05) dispensing. Correlation between EDI and number of distinct antidepressant drugs (ATC: N06A) dispensing. Correlation between EDI and adequacy with guidelines regarding psychotropic drug dispensing patterns among patients being dispensed at least one psychotropic drug.

#### Data analysis plan

- Descriptive analyses- Comparative analyses between groups with Chi2 for categorical variables, and Student's T test or variances analyses.- p-value <0.05 will be considered as statistically significant- Univariate analyses (linear regression) of the association between the number of anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs dispensed and EDI (primary objective), then other covariates and EDI (secondary objectives), will be performed to obtain correlation coefficients. If the assumptions for linear regression are not met, logistic regression will be performed to obtain Odds Ratios.- Then, a multivariate analysis (linear regression, otherwise logistic regression), will be performed. Covariates known to be associated with psychotropic drug misuse in the literature, and those associated in the univariate analysis (p-value < 0.20) will be selected for inclusion in the multivariate model, and secondarily excluded by a backward stepwise procedure.

## **Documents**

#### **Study publications**

Delpierre C, Fantin R, Chehoud H, Nicoules V, Bayle A, Souche A, Tanguy M, Vali...

Murcia M, Chastang JF, Niedhammer I. Educational inequalities in major depressi...

Sjöstedt C, Ohlsson H, Li X, Sundquist K. Socio-demographic factors and longte...

Surault P. Mental health and social determinants. L'encephale. 2010 Jan 1;36(3

Ducros D, Nicoules V, Chehoud H, Bayle A, Souche A, Tanguy M, Valière JP, Cayla...

## Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

This study has been awarded the ENCePP seal



#### **Conflicts of interest of investigators**

EUPAS29862 PDFsam\_merge.pdf(1.61 MB)

## Composition of steering group and observers

Composition of Steering Group and Observer1.pdf(56.96 KB)

### Signed code of conduct

#### Signed code of conduct checklist

EUPAS29862 03ENCePPCoCAnnex2 ChecklistofCodeofConduct.pdf(1002.66 KB)

#### Signed checklist for study protocols

EUPAS29862 ENCePPChecklistforStudyProtocolsRevision4\_000merb.pdf(227.76 KB)

## Data sources

#### **Data sources (types)**

Other

#### Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No