# Development of a Multivariable Model to Predict the Risk of Dose Delays following Chemotherapy

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## Administrative details

#### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS35413

### Study ID

35414

#### DARWIN EU® study

No

### **Study countries**

United Kingdom

### **Study description**

Cancer chemotherapy is administered to patients at fixed time points to incorporate a rest period to recover from adverse effects (AEs) and delays to recovery will result in delays to scheduled treatments. These treatment delays occur in over 10% of chemotherapy patients and cause both patient and service inconvenience. The aim of this research is to develop a prediction model to understand those patients most susceptible to dose delays, enabling clinicians to action any mitigation strategies. This study is a retrospective cohort study using chemotherapy prescribing data from 4 UK hospitals to develop and internally validate a risk prediction model. Predictor variables have been identified from the literature. These will be initially analysed by univariable analysis to understand their associations with outcome, dose delays. These variables will enable the development of a multivariable logistic regression model. The model will be tested for performance and internally validated.

Study status

Ongoing

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions



### Networks

NIHR Medicines for Children Research Network

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## Contact details

### **Study institution contact**

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Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed** Actual: 30/11/2017

Study start date Actual: 22/05/2019

#### **Data analysis start date** Planned: 29/05/2020

### Date of interim report, if expected

Planned: 30/09/2020

### Date of final study report

Planned: 30/11/2020

## Sources of funding

• Other

### More details on funding

National Institute of Health Research

# Regulatory

### Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

### Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

### Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study: Other

If 'other', further details on the scope of the study Risk prediction model development

### Main study objective:

to develop and internally validate a risk prediction model to identify those patients that are at risk of dose delays.

## Study Design

### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

## **Population studied**

### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years) Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

### Special population of interest

Renal impaired

### Estimated number of subjects

3000

## Study design details

### Data analysis plan

We will develop risk prediction equations using the whole cohort of patients to predict the risk of a patient receiving a dose delay at cycle 2.A Multivariable logistic regression model will be used for the analysis as an appropriate method where outcomes are binary and independent variables are continuous, categorical or a combination. Initially, we will fit a full multivariable model containing all variables. Backward elimination will then be used to successively remove non-significant factors with p values of greater than 0.2. Continuous candidate predictors will be retained in their continuous form to avoid statistical power loss. The performance of the developed model will be summarised in the development datasets using calibration and discrimination. Model calibration determines performance in terms of the agreement between predicted outcome risks and those actually observed. To quantify the degree of optimism, we will undertake in internal validation.

### Data management

**ENCePP Seal** 

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

### Data sources

### Data sources (types)

Disease registry Other

**Data sources (types), other** Prescription event monitoring, Chemotherapy prescribing systems

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### **CDM mapping**

No

# Data quality specifications

### **Check conformance**

Unknown

### **Check completeness**

Unknown

### **Check stability**

Unknown

### Check logical consistency

Unknown

# Data characterisation

### Data characterisation conducted

No