Preferences of patients and oncologists for the characteristics of the treatment for RCC in Spain and Portugal

First published: 30/05/2019 Last updated: 30/05/2019



Administrative details

EU PAS number

EUPAS29920

Study ID

29921

DARWIN EU® study

No

Study countries

Portugal

Spain

Study description

This is an observational, multicentre, cross-sectional study of RCC (Renal Cell Carcinoma) patients and oncologists from Spain and Portugal. A DCE (Discrete Choice Experiment) will performed to elicit the preferences of RCC patients and oncologists.

Study status

Planned

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Hospital Santa Maria Nai

First published: 01/02/2024

Last updated: 01/02/2024

Institution

Universidad de Valladolid

First published: 01/02/2024

Last updated: 01/02/2024



Hospital Santa Maria Nai Ourense (Spain), Hospital Álvaro Cunqueiro Vigo (Spain), Hospital Universitario Donosti Donostia (Spain), Hospital Universitario Burgos Burgos (Spain), Hospital Universitario de Valladolid Valladolid (Spain), Hospital de Sagunto Sagunto (Spain), Complejo Hospitalario Universitario Insular Materno Infantil Las Palmas (Spain), Instituto Catalán de Oncología (ICO Badalona) Badalona Spain), Instituto Português de Oncologia Francisco Gentil Coimbra (Portugal), Hospital de Santo António dos Capuchos Lisboa (Portugal)

Contact details

Study institution contact Salazar Laura Isalazar@outcomes10.com

Study contact

lsalazar@outcomes10.com

Primary lead investigator

Fernández Calvo Ovidio

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed Planned: 01/07/2019

Study start date Planned: 01/07/2019

Data analysis start date Planned: 01/11/2019

Date of final study report Planned: 14/01/2019

Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Bristol-Myers Squibb

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Other

If 'other', further details on the scope of the study

Patients and oncologists preferences about treatment

Main study objective:

The main objective of this project is to determine the preferences of patients and oncologists for the characteristics (attributes) of the treatment for renal cell carcinoma (RCC) in Spain and Portugal. In addition, factors contributing to their preferences will be evaluated.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cross-sectional

Study drug and medical condition

Medical condition to be studied

Renal cell carcinoma

Population studied

Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years) Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

Estimated number of subjects

90

Study design details

Outcomes

To evaluate the differences and similarities among patients and oncologists' preferences regarding RCC treatment attributes.To describe the sociodemographic and clinical characteristics of participants,To identify the characteristics of patients and oncologists which might explain their preferences for RCC treatment attributes.To estimate the willingness to accept

Data analysis plan

A descriptive analysis of the socio-demographic and clinical characteristics of the participants will be performed. On the other hand, the results of the DCE (Discrete Choice Experiment) will be analyzed applying a mixed logit model. The influence of individual characteristics on participants' preferences will be explored through multiple linear regression. On the other hand, the correlation between the responses of patients and oncologists will be evaluated. In addition, the willingness to accept a less desirable risk or treatment characteristic in exchange for clinical benefit (MAR) as well as willingness to pay (WTP) will be analyzed.

Data management

Data sources

Data sources (types)

Other

Data sources (types), other

Cross-sectional data registry (patient preferences and medical records)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No