# Use of antidepressants and risk of hip/femur fracture. A methodological comparison across data sources and epidemiological design

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## Administrative details

#### **PURI**

https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/28309

#### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS2382

#### Study ID

28309

## **DARWIN EU® study**

No

Study countries
Denmark
Germany
☐ Netherlands
Spain
United Kingdom

#### Study description

The studies described in this protocol are all performed within the framework of PROTECT (Pharmacoepidemiological Research on Outcomes of Therapeutics by a European ConsorTium) Work Package 2 and Working Group 1. The primary aim of these studies is to develop, test and disseminate methodological standards for the design, conduct and analysis of Pharmacoepidemiological (PE) studies applicable to different safety issues and using different data sources. To achieve this, results from PE studies on 5 key Drug / adverse events (D-AEs) pairs performed in different databases will be evaluated. The use of antidepressants associated with the risk of hip/femur fracture is one of the key D-Ae pair of interest. Therefore, emphasis will be on the methodological aspects of the studies in this protocol and not on the clinical consequences of studying the association under investigation.

#### **Study status**

Finalised

Research institutions and networks

**Institutions** 

Division of Pharmacoepidemiology & Clinical			
Pharmacology (PECP), Utrecht Institute for			
Pharmaceutical Sciences (UIPS), Utrecht University			
Netherlands			
First published: 01/03/2010			
<b>Last updated:</b> 23/05/2024			
Institution			

Agencia Española de Medicamentos y Productos
Sanitarios (AEMPS) Spain, European Medicines
Agency (EMA) United Kingdom,
Lægemiddelstyrelsen (Danish Medicines Agency)
(DKMA) Denmark, Ludwig-Maximilians-UniversitätMünchen (LMU Muenchen) Germany, MerckSerono
Switzerland

## **Networks**

PROTECT		
Belgium		
Denmark		

France
Germany
Italy
☐ Netherlands
Poland
Spain
Sweden
Switzerland
United Kingdom
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Network

# Contact details

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Primary lead investigator

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# Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 19/08/2009 Actual: 19/08/2009

### Study start date

Planned: 03/10/2011 Actual: 03/10/2011

### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 01/09/2014

Actual: 01/03/2016

# Sources of funding

- EU institutional research programme
- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Amgen, AstraZeneca, Genzyme, GlaxoSmithKline, MerckSerono, Novartis, Roche, Pfizer, Innovative Medicines Initiative (IMI)

# Study protocol

PROTECT WP2\_Final Protocol\_Antidep\_HIP\_14Nov2011\_Amend1 30May2012.pdf (1.15 MB)

PROTECTWP2\_FinalProtocol\_Antidep\_HIP\_14nov2011\_Amend5\_220114.pdf(1.12 MB)

## Regulatory

Was the study required	by a regulatory body?
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No

## Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

# Study type list

## **Study topic:**

Disease /health condition

Human medicinal product

## Study type:

Non-interventional study

## Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness Disease epidemiology

Other

## If 'other', further details on the scope of the study

Analysis of discrepancies in results between different databases

#### **Data collection methods:**

#### Main study objective:

To assess the association between the use of antidepressants and the risk of hip/femur fracture with different study designs across different primary care databases and to compare the results between databases, across designs to evaluate the impact of design/database/population differences on the outcome of the studied association.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Case-control

Cohort

Other

## Non-interventional study design, other

Case-crossover, Descriptive study= description of exposure and/or outcome in the whole database during a defined period of time

# Study drug and medical condition

## **Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(N06AA) Non-selective monoamine reuptake inhibitors

Non-selective monoamine reuptake inhibitors

(N06AB) Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors

Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors

#### Medical condition to be studied

Hip fracture

Femur fracture

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

All patients included in the period of valid data collection. The study period will be defined from January 1, 2001 to December 31, 2009.

#### **Age groups**

Preterm newborn infants (0 - 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days - 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

## **Estimated number of subjects**

55700000

# Study design details

#### **Data analysis plan**

Retrospective cohort: incidence rates (IR) of hip/femur fractures (outcome) will be calculated in current, recent & past users. Past use will be the reference

category. Poisson regression (regr) will be used to estimate age & gender adjusted IRR. Time-dependent Cox proportional hazards models will also be used to calculate HR and 95% Cls. Nested case control:Conditional logistic regr analysis will be used to estimate the risk of the outcome associated with the current use of AD as compared to past use. The risks will be calculated in terms of odds ratios (OR) with corresponding 95% Cl. case-crossover For each case, the cumulative exposure will be assessed in the 6 months before the index date (at-risk period). For each case up to 4 control moments will be defined at 6 months intervals starting immediately prior to the at-risk period. Cumulative exposure will also be assessed in these 'control' person moments.Conditional logistic regression analysis will be done

## **Documents**

## **Study publications**

The results of this project have been published in Pharmacoepidemiology & Drug ...

## Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

## Signed checklist for study protocols

ENCePPChecklistforStudyProtocols\_H Gardarsdottir signed.pdf(264.77 KB)

## Data sources

#### Data source(s)

THIN® (The Health Improvement Network®)

## Data sources (types)

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Drug dispensing/prescription data

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

#### **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

## **Data characterisation conducted**

Unknown