# Surveillance of Safety and Efficacy of wilate® in patients with von Willebrand disease (Wil-20)

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**Last updated:** 02/07/2024





# Administrative details

EU PAS number
EUPAS12560
Study ID
26513
DARWIN EU® study
No
Study countries  Argentina
Study countries
Study countries  Argentina

Germany	
Portugal	
Spain	
Sweden	
United Kingdom	
United States	
Uruguay	

#### Study description

Primary objective is to document the safety and tolerability of wilate® for prophylaxis and treatment of bleeding in VWD, incl. surgeriesSecondary objective is to document the efficacy of wilate® in the treatment of acute bleeding, in the prophylaxis of VWD and in interventional procedures (e.g. minor/major surgery, dental care, invasive diagn. proced. etc.).Population:VWD patients of any gender, age, or VWD type, previously treated (PTPs) or previously untreated patients (PUPs). Investigational and reference therapy:wilate® - human coagulation factor VIII and human von Willebrand factor (VWF)Design:Open-label, prospective, multicentre, multinational, postmarketing, observational, non-interventional surveillanceEfficacy assessments: Assessment of efficacy of wilate® in prevention and/or treatment of bleeding episodes and in surgical procedures will be based on a 4-point hemostatic efficacy scale as "excellent", "good" "moderate" or "none". The frequency of bleeding episodes in total and per bleeding site, days of treatment of bleeding episodes in total and per bleeding site, exposure days and consumption of wilate® per event, per patient and in total will be calculated.Safety/Tolerability assessments:Assessment of safety will be based on recorded Adverse Drug Reactions during the full course of the observation. Assessment of tolerability will be based on a 3 point Verbal Rating Scale.As recomm. assessment, this study will observe development of inhibitors against VWF in response to wilate® treatment (ELISA). Inhibitor assessment should be

performed before and after first wilate® application, and then the every 3 months. As recomm. assessment, study will observe the coagulation parameters based on assessment of prothrombin fragment 1 and 2 (F1+2) and D-dimer (DD) by latex enhanced immunoturbimetric test. Thrombogenicity assessment should be performed before first wilate® application, 1 hour, 3 and 24 hours after application and every 3 months

### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## **Institutions**

## Octapharma

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Institution

Multiple centres: 30 centres are involved in the study

## Contact details

Study institution contact

## Sigurd Knaub sigurd.knaub@octapharma.ch

Study contact

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## **Primary lead investigator**

Irina Kruzhkova

Primary lead investigator

# Study timelines

## Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 08/12/2010

#### Study start date

Actual: 27/02/2011

## Date of final study report

Planned: 31/05/2018

Actual: 29/06/2018

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Octapharma

# Regulatory

### Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Unknown

## Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

# Methodological aspects

# Study type

# Study type list

#### **Study topic:**

Disease /health condition

Human medicinal product

## Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

#### **Data collection methods:**

Primary data collection

#### Main study objective:

Primary objective is to document the safety and tolerability of wilate® for prophylaxis and treatment of bleeding in VWD, incl. surgeriesSecondary

objective: Secondary objective is to document the efficacy of wilate® in the treatment of acute bleeding, in the prophylaxis of VWD and in interventional procedures (e.g. minor/major surgery, dental care, invasive diagnostic procedures etc.).

# Study Design

## Non-interventional study design

Other

## Non-interventional study design, other

Observational post-marketing surveillance

## Study drug and medical condition

## Medicinal product name, other

Wilate - B02BD06

#### Medical condition to be studied

Von Willebrand's disease

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

von Willebrand disease (VWD) patients of any gender, age, or VWD type, previously treated (PTPs) or previously untreated patients (PUPs).

#### Age groups

- Preterm newborn infants (0 27 days)
- Term newborn infants (0 27 days)
- Infants and toddlers (28 days 23 months)
- Children (2 to < 12 years)
- Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)
- Adults (18 to < 46 years)</li>
- Adults (46 to < 65 years)</li>
- Adults (65 to < 75 years)
- Adults (75 to < 85 years)
- Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Special population of interest**

Other

#### Special population of interest, other

von Willebrand disease (VWD) patients

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

50

## Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

Assessment of safety will be based on recorded Adverse Drug Reactions during the full course of the observation. Assessment of tolerability will be based on a 3 point Verbal Rating Scale. Assessment of efficacy of wilate® in prevention and/or treatment of bleeding episodes and in surgical procedures will be based on a 4-point hemostatic efficacy scale as "excellent", "good" "moderate" or

#### Data analysis plan

The responsibility for the statistical analyses presented in the final report belongs to: contract research organisation: GASD, Gesellschaft für Angewandte Statistik + Datenanalyse mbH, Am Konvent 8 - 10, 41460 Neuss, Germany. This is a prospective post-licensure surveillance that will be conducted as an international multi-centre non-interventional surveillance. All items of the CRF will be analyzed by means of descriptive statistical methods.

# Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

## **Data sources (types)**

Other

## Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

Unknown