# Persistence and compliance to antiosteoporosis medications in the United Kingdom using the Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) (20160192)

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## Administrative details

EU PAS number	
EUPAS18402	
Study ID	
25344	
DARWIN EU® study	
No	
Study countries	
United Kingdom	

#### Study description

We aim to evaluate persistence and compliance to osteoporosis therapies in post-menopausal women (including premature or surgery-induced menopause) who receive at least one prescription for any licensed medication between 2010 and 2015. Patients with history of cancer, metabolic bone disease before or on the index date, less than 12 months of medical history before the index date and less than six months of medical records after the index date will be excluded. The primary objective of the study will be to estimate the persistence and refill compliance of osteoporosis therapies (both oral and parenteral) over 6, 12, 18, 24 month follow-up periods. Secondary objectives will be to estimate persistence and refill compliance over the same time periods in postmenopausal women who are treatment-naïve and non-naïve treated. Outcomes will be assessed for the entire study population and for each of the cohorts of interest. All summaries of the data will be descriptive in nature. We will also present effects of various patient characteristics on the persistence and compliance outcome (e.g. age groups, comorbidities, prior therapies, and concomitant medications).

#### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

Amgen	
United States	
First published: 01/02/2024	

**Last updated:** 21/02/2024



# Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) United Kingdom First published: 15/03/2010 Last updated: 17/01/2025 Institution (Laboratory/Research/Testing facility) (ENCePP partner)

## Contact details

## **Study institution contact**

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc. medinfo@amgen.com

Study contact

medinfo@amgen.com

## Primary lead investigator

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Primary lead investigator

# Study timelines

#### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 20/05/2016 Actual: 20/05/2016

#### Study start date

Planned: 01/05/2017 Actual: 01/05/2017

#### Data analysis start date

Planned: 01/06/2017 Actual: 01/06/2017

#### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 30/06/2018 Actual: 28/06/2018

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Amgen

# Study protocol

20160192 CPRD study protocol 29th March 2017 (redacted).pdf(552.84 KB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?
Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?  Not applicable
Methodological aspects
Study type
Study type list
Study topic: Disease /health condition Human medicinal product
Study type: Non-interventional study
Scope of the study: Other
If 'other', further details on the scope of the study
Persistence and compliance of osteoporosis medications
Data collection methods:
Secondary use of data
Main study objective:

To evaluate whether persistence and compliance to osteoporosis therapies in postmenopausal women with osteoporosis has improved by the introduction of new parenteral therapies.

# Study Design

## Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

**DENOSUMAB** 

ALENDRONATE SODIUM TRIHYDRATE

**ZOLEDRONATE DISODIUM HYDRATE** 

**IBANDRONATE SODIUM HYDRATE** 

RISEDRONATE SODIUM

STRONTIUM RANELATE

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM

**RALOXIFENE** 

**TERIPARATIDE** 

#### Medical condition to be studied

Osteoporosis postmenopausal

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

Postmenopausal women in the UK from CPRD.

#### Age groups

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

#### Special population of interest

Renal impaired

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

60000

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

To estimate persistence and refill compliance to osteoporosis therapies (both oral and parenteral) in a real-world setting over 6, 12, 18, 24 month follow-up periods in postmenopausal women. To estimate persistence and refill compliance to osteoporosis therapies (both oral and parenteral) in a real-world setting over 6, 12, 18, 24 month follow-up periods in postmenopausal women who are treatment-naïve and also in those who are non-naïve treated.

#### Data analysis plan

Analyses supporting the primary and secondary objectives will describe persistence (quantified using Estimated Level of Persistence with Therapy (ELPT)) and compliance (quantified using medication possession ratio (MPR) for oral therapies and medication coverage ratio (MCR) for parenteral therapies) in

patients starting and finishing any new osteoporosis therapy during 2010-2015. Outcomes will be assessed for the entire study population and separately, for treatment naïve and non-naïve treated patients with persistence and compliance assessed over 6, 12, 18, 24 months, 3 and 5 years. All summaries of data will be descriptive in nature. Categorical variables (including the primary outcome), the frequency and percentage, with 95% confidence interval, will be presented. Statistics for continuous variables will include the number of subjects, mean, median, standard deviation or standard error, 25th percentile (Q1), 75th percentile (Q3), minimum, and maximum.

### **Documents**

#### Study results

Study 20161092 ORSR Abstract for CTD EnCePP 27th July 2018 redacted.pdf (140.26 KB)

# Data management

## Data sources

#### Data source(s)

Clinical Practice Research Datalink

#### Data sources (types)

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

Unknown