Cilostazol Drug Utilisation Study

First published: 04/03/2013

Last updated: 02/07/2024





Administrative details

EU PAS number
EUPAS3596
Study ID
Study ID
24988
DARWIN EU® study
No
Study countries
Germany
Spain
Sweden
United Kingdom

Study description

Drug utilisation study (DUS) on the use of cilostazol in several European populations The DUS is a cohort study of new users of cilostazol. Five European population-based automated health databases are participating: Spain (IACS and SIDIAP), Germany (GePaRD--pending approvals), the United Kingdom (THIN), and Sweden (Swedish National Databases). The DUS is being conducted in two phases: DUS1 and DUS2. DUS1 has been completed and evaluated cilostazol as used in clinical practice in the target countries during the period from cilostazol launch through 2011. DUS2 will now be conducted after the implementation of changes to the summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and the follow-up communication activities with health care professionals (HCPs) and will evaluate the impact of these measures during the year 2014.

Study status

Finalised

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

RTI Health Solutions (RTI-HS)
France
Spain
Sweden
United Kingdom
United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
United States
First published: 21/04/2010

Last updated: 13/03/2025
Institution Not-for-profit ENCePP partner
EniChron Doscorch Croup on Chronic Discoscos
EpiChron Research Group on Chronic Diseases,
Aragon Health Sciences Institute (IACS)
Spain
First published: 17/02/2017
Last updated: 02/04/2024
Institution
Leibniz Institute for Prevention Research and
Epidemiology - BIPS
Germany
First published: 29/03/2010
Last updated: 26/02/2024
Institution Not-for-profit ENCePP partner
Centre for Pharmacoepidemiology, Karolinska
Institutet (CPE-KI)
Sweden
First published: 24/03/2010



Fundació Institut Universitari per a la Recerca a l'Atenció Primària de Salut Jordi Gol i Gurina, IDIAPJGol

Spain

First published: 05/10/2012

Last updated: 23/05/2025

Institution Educational Institution Laboratory/Research/Testing facility

Not-for-profit ENCePP partner

Contact details

Study institution contact

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Jordi Castellsague

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 15/01/2013

Study start date

Actual: 08/03/2013

Data analysis start date

Actual: 09/04/2013

Date of interim report, if expected

Actual: 31/03/2015

Date of final study report

Planned: 18/05/2017

Actual: 01/02/2017

Sources of funding

Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Otsuka Pharmaceutical Europe, Ltd.

Study protocol

Cilostazol Protocol 2013Feb28.pdf(414.41 KB)

Cilostazol DUS2 Operational Protocol V02_05Nov2015.pdf(855.9 KB)

Regulatory

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study topic:

Disease /health condition

Human medicinal product

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

Data collection methods:

Secondary use of data

Main study objective:

To describe: -the characteristics of new users of cilostazol according to 1)demographics, 2)baseline comorbidity including conditions listed in the SmPC

and the RMP as potential or identified safety concerns, 3)baseline and concurrent use of medications potentially interacting with cilostazol, and 4)specific comorbidity-the duration of the use of cilostazol and discontinuation patterns

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cohort

Study drug and medical condition

Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name CILOSTAZOL

Medical condition to be studied

Intermittent claudication

Population studied

Short description of the study population

All individuals registered in the study databases since the date of the first
recorded prescription of cilostazol in each database
☐ The Aragón Health Sciences Institute (Instituto Aragonés de Ciencias de la
Salud [IACS]) database, Spain
$\ \square$ The Information System for the Advancement of Research in Primary Care
(Sistema d'Informació per el Desenvolupament de la Investigació en Atenció

☐ The German Pharmacoepidemiological Research Database (GePaRD),	
Germany	
☐ The Health Improvement Network (THIN), United Kingdom (UK)	
☐ The Swedish National Databases.	

Age groups

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

Estimated number of subjects

5600

Study design details

Outcomes

patient characterization and prescription patterns

Data analysis plan

The use and patterns of use of cilostazol will be summarized by the total number of users, prescriptions, and number of defined daily doses (DDDs), and by the number of users according to daily dose and duration of use. Characteristics of users, comorbidity, comedications, use of interacting drugs, and conditions defined for the evaluation of risk minimization measures, contraindications, indications, off-label use and prescriber speciality will be

described as number and percentage of patients with each condition. All analysis will be stratified by age and sex.

Documents

Study results

Cilostazol DUS2_Final_Report_01Feb2017.pdf(3.31 MB)

Study publications

Castellsague J, Calingaert B, Poblador-Plou B, Giner-Soriano M, Linder M, Schol...

Castellsague J, Perez-Gutthann S, Calingaert B, Bui C, Varas-Lorenzo C, Arana

A...

Jordi Castellsague J, Poblador-Plou B, Giner-Soriano M, Linder M, Scholle O, Ca...

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

Data sources

Data source(s)

THIN® (The Health Improvement Network®)

Sweden National Prescribed Drugs Register / Läkemedelsregistret
The Information System for Research in Primary Care (SIDIAP)
German Pharmacoepidemiological Research Database

Data source(s), other

THIN, The Swedish prescribed drug register, SIDIAP, GePaRD

Data sources (types)

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Drug dispensing/prescription data

Electronic healthcare records (EHR)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

Unknown