A multi-centre, retrospective real world study on the use of renin-angiotensinaldosterone system inhibitors (RAASi) management in patients treated for chronic kidney disease alongside heart failure and/or type 2 diabetes mellitus. (SoMoR – UK (Study of Management of RAASi in UK))

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Study Planned

### Administrative details

#### **EU PAS number**

EUPAS23376

#### Study ID

23377

#### DARWIN EU® study

No

# Study countries

#### **Study description**

To investigate the use of renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system inhibitors (RAASi) in the real world UK NHS setting in patients with chronic kidney disease (CKD) stage 3 or 4 and at least one of the following: heart failure (HF), type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM)Where: CKD stage 3+ is defined as estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) 30mls/min <eGFR<60mls/min HF is defined as presence of reduced ejection fraction and left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) <40% T2DM is defined as a confirmed diagnosis in medical records

#### Study status

Planned

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

### **Vifor Pharma**

First published: 01/02/2024

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Institution

### St George's University of London

First published: 01/02/2024

Institution

St George's Hospital London, The Royal London London, Leicester General Hospital Leicester, England, Morriston Hospital Swansea, Wales, Dorset County Hospital Dorchester, England

### Networks

NIHR Medicines for Children Research Network First published: 01/02/2024 Last updated: 01/02/2024 Network

## Contact details

#### Study institution contact

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Lisa Moore-Ramdin

Primary lead investigator

## Study timelines

**Date when funding contract was signed** Planned: 04/07/2017 Actual: 04/07/2017

Study start date Planned: 30/03/2018

Date of final study report Planned: 28/09/2018

### Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

### More details on funding

Vifor Pharma UK Ltd

### Study protocol

PT\_SoMoR protocol\_V4 1\_21MAR2018.pdf(572.04 KB)

### Regulatory

#### Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

#### Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

## Study type

## Study type list

#### Study type:

Non-interventional study

#### Scope of the study:

Drug utilisation

#### Main study objective:

To describe prescribing modalities of RAASi in patients with CKD + either Heart Failure (HF) and/or Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in the UK NHS setting.

## Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Other

#### Non-interventional study design, other

Sentinel sites, Retrospective, observational

## Study drug and medical condition

#### Medical condition to be studied

Chronic kidney disease

### Population studied

#### Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years) Adults (46 to < 65 years) Adults (65 to < 75 years) Adults (75 to < 85 years) Adults (85 years and over)

#### **Special population of interest**

Renal impaired

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

100

### Study design details

#### Outcomes

Mean maximum tolerated daily dose of RAASi achieved (as percentage of target dose). Length of time on maximum tolerated daily dose of RAASiProportion of

patients with HF who receive RAASi and MRALength of time on maximum tolerated daily dose of MRAProportion of patients with elevated serum potassium level (>5.1 mmol/L, >5.5 mmol/L or >6.0 mmol/L) Change in mean serum potassium, creatinine, urine protein and BP level over the observation period

#### Data analysis plan

The analyses will be descriptive and therefore the required sample size will be estimated based on precision instead of statistical power. A sample size estimate will be confirmed during protocol development but it is expected that approximately 100 patients will be sufficient to generate reliable results, as determined by relatively narrow confidence intervals.Data from all centres will be pooled for analysis. Categorical data will be described by the number (n) and percentage (%) of patients in each category. Continuous data will be described by number of observations, mean and standard deviation (SD) for normally distributed data or median and interquartile range for non-normally distributed data, and minimum and maximum values where relevant. Missing and invalid observations will be tabulated as a separate category. Rates will be reported with 95% Cls.

### Data management

## **ENCePP** Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

### Data sources

#### Data sources (types)

Other

#### Data sources (types), other

Data will be extracted from the electronic Patient Administration System (PAS), service databases and electronic (or paper) medical notes by the NHS direct clinical care teams or CRO researcher.

### Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

#### **CDM** mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

#### **Check completeness**

Unknown

#### **Check stability**

Unknown

#### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

### Data characterisation

#### Data characterisation conducted

No