

Characterising the safety profile of lurasidone in clinical practice: A drug utilisation and safety study using a United Kingdom primary care database

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Study

Planned

Administrative details

EU PAS number

EUPAS18536

Study ID

18537

DARWIN EU® study

No

Study countries

 United Kingdom

Study description

The study will describe drug utilization patterns and characterize the safety profile of lurasidone compared to other second generation antipsychotics in a real world UK primary healthcare setting

Study status

Planned

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

OXON Epidemiology



Spain



United Kingdom

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Institution

Laboratory/Research/Testing facility

Non-Pharmaceutical company

ENCePP partner

Contact details

Study institution contact

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Study contact

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Primary lead investigator

Nawab Qizilbash MBChB MRCP(UK) BSc MSc DPhil(Oxon.)

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 14/01/2014

Study start date

Planned: 01/06/2017

Date of final study report

Planned: 01/12/2021

Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Europe Ltd

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

Drug utilisation

Main study objective:

The overall aim of this research is to characterise the safety profile of lurasidone compared other second generation antipsychotics in clinical practice

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Cross-sectional

Study drug and medical condition

Study drug International non-proprietary name (INN) or common name

Medical condition to be studied

Schizophrenia

Population studied

Age groups

- Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)
- Children (2 to < 12 years)
- Adults (18 to < 46 years)
- Adults (46 to < 65 years)
- Adults (65 to < 75 years)
- Adults (75 to < 85 years)
- Adults (85 years and over)

Special population of interest

Hepatic impaired

Pregnant women

Renal impaired

Estimated number of subjects

6611

Study design details

Data analysis plan

Drug Utilisation Study: Descriptive statistics, including means (SD) and medians (10th to 90th percentiles) for continuous variables, and numbers and

percentages for categorical variables will be used to examine the following characteristics in new users of lurasidone compared with all other second generation antipsychotic drugs combined: demographics, comorbidities and comedications, pattern of onset, dose adjustment, and duration of therapy, prevalence of a schizophrenia diagnosis, and prevalence of other relevant psychiatric indications in the absence of a schizophrenia diagnosis. Numbers of patients censored from the study by calendar year, and length of follow-up by year of therapy initiation will be reported. PASS: Exposure propensity scores will be used to frequency match new users of lurasidone with new users of comparator second generation antipsychotics. Patients will also be matched on age and gender.

Data management

ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

Data sources

Data sources (types)

[Electronic healthcare records \(EHR\)](#)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No