Risk Prediction, Prognosis and Management of Cardiac Events among Patients with Multiple Myeloma (20160220)

First published: 31/10/2016

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Administrative details

EU PAS number EUPAS15924	
Study ID 17624	
DARWIN EU® study	
Study countries United States	

Study description

Carfilzomib (Kyprolis) is a proteasome inhibitor indicated for the treatment of patients with advanced multiple myeloma (MM). Cardiac events in patients with MM have been associated with several classes of anti-MM treatments, including chemotherapy agents, immunomodulatory drugs, and proteasome inhibitors. While data on cardiovascular (CV) safety related to carfilzomib exists, uncertainties in the real world use of carfilzomib remain. The aim of this protocol is to address gaps in the current understanding of the occurrence of cardiac events among MM patients treated with carfilzomib using a real world data source. Due to the availability of results from a completed observational study and the anticipated results from an ongoing observational study on carfilzomib exposure and cardiac events, this study has been cancelled as of 27 January 2017.

Study status

Ongoing

Research institutions and networks

Institutions

Amgen United States First published: 01/02/2024 Last updated: 21/02/2024 Institution

Optum Germany First published: 03/01/2012 Last updated: 07/02/2014 Institution Other ENCePP partner

Contact details

Study institution contact

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc. medinfo@amgen.com

Study contact

medinfo@amgen.com

Primary lead investigator

Global Development Leader Amgen Inc.

Primary lead investigator

Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 31/10/2016

Actual: 31/10/2016

Study start date

Planned: 31/10/2016

Actual: 31/10/2016

Data analysis start date

Planned: 31/05/2017

Date of final study report

Planned: 31/05/2018

Sources of funding

Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

More details on funding

Amgen

Study protocol

20160220 Protocol Ver 1.0 2016-09-13 English.pdf(606.21 KB)

Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

No

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

EU RMP category 3 (required)

Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

Study type:

Non-interventional study

Scope of the study:

Disease epidemiology

Main study objective:

The aim of this observational study is to describe cardiac events in carfilzomibtreated Multiple Myeloma (MM) patients using a real world data source in the Optum administrative database in the United States.

Study Design

Non-interventional study design

Other

Non-interventional study design, other

Retrospective cohort study

Study drug and medical condition

Name of medicine

KYPROLIS

Medical condition to be studied

Plasma cell myeloma

Population studied

Age groups

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

Estimated number of subjects

540

Study design details

Outcomes

Cardiac events in MM patients treated with carfilzomib, Subsequent treatment and prognosis of cardiac events

Data analysis plan

Among the MM patients treated with carfilzomib, the occurrence of chart-confirmed cardiac events will be summarized overall by subtype and key comorbidity strata within the MM patient population. The frequency and percent of claims-identified events as well as those of chart-adjudicated events will be reported for each cardiac event. To describe predictors for preselected cardiac events in MM patients receiving carfilzomib, cross tabulations of confirmed cardiac events from medical chart review by treatment patterns, patient attributes, and potential cardiovascular risk factors will be presented. After assessment of univariate analyses, regression modeling will be used to evaluate the adjusted association between the potential risk factors and cardiac events. Indicators of cardiac prognosis and treatment will be described overall by line of therapy, treatment regimen, and refractory disease state. Indicators

Data management

Data sources

Data sources (types)

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

CDM mapping

No

Data quality specifications

Check conformance

Unknown

Check completeness

Unknown

Check stability

Unknown

Check logical consistency

Unknown

Data characterisation

Data characterisation conducted

No