# A Retrospective Cohort Study of the Risk of Severe Hepatoxicity in Hospitalized patients Treated with Echinocandins

First published: 10/08/2016

Last updated: 10/08/2016





# Administrative details

<b>EU PAS number</b> EUPAS14665		
Study ID		
14666		
DARWIN EU® study		
No		
Study countries		
United States		

**Study status** 

**Finalised** 

## Contact details

## **Study institution contact**

Weiss Lisa lisa.weiss@pfizer.com

Study contact

lisa.weiss@pfizer.com

## **Primary lead investigator**

Weiss Lisa

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

## Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 11/12/2013

Actual: 12/03/2014

## Study start date

Planned: 15/12/2013 Actual: 24/04/2014

## Date of final study report

Planned: 06/04/2015 Actual: 20/04/2015

# Sources of funding

• Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

# More details on funding

Pfizer

# Study protocol

Pfizer\_Antifungal\_Protocol\_Oct\_09\_2013\_final.pdf (461.53 KB)

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body?

Yes

Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?

Not applicable

# Methodological aspects

Study type

Study type list

**Study topic:** 

Human medicinal product

Disease /health condition

#### Study type:

#### Scope of the study:

Assessment of risk minimisation measure implementation or effectiveness

#### **Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

#### Main study objective:

The primary objective of the study was to estimate the risk of severe hepatotoxicity associated with exposure to echinocandins, and to compare the risk of severe hepatotoxicity in hospitalized patients treated with anidulafungin to that of hospitalized patients treated with other echinocandins (caspofungin and micafungin) in a real-world setting.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

## Medicinal product name

**ECALTA** 

#### Medical condition to be studied

Hepatotoxicity

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

Patients admitted to a hospital, with [] 1 dose of echinocandin antifungal medicines, and aged 18 and above at hospitalization admission.

#### Age groups

- Adults (18 to < 46 years)</li>
- Adults (46 to < 65 years)</li>
- Adults (65 to < 75 years)
- Adults (75 to < 85 years)</li>
- Adults (85 years and over)

#### Special population of interest

Hepatic impaired

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

12678

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

First severe hepatotoxicity event in the observation period. Severe hepatotoxicity was ascertained based on the first LFT of Grades 3, 4, or 5 in the observation period. For this study, the definition of the LFT grades was adapted from the CIT-TCAE, Version 5.0, modified standards from National Cancer Institute, Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events.

#### Data analysis plan

The risks were evaluated in the forms of absolute risk (i.e. cumulative incidence) and incidence rate. The risk ratios were evaluated in the forms of

relative risk and incidence rate ratio. The null hypotheses tested were that the risk of severe hepatotoxicity in hospitalized patients treated with anidulafungin was not statistically different from that in hospitalized patients treated with caspofungin or micafungin.

## **Documents**

#### **Study results**

Pfizer Antifungal Safety Study Abstract- April 20, 2016 FINAL.pdf (122.62 KB)

#### **Study report**

Pfizer Antifungal Safety Study Report - April 20, 2016 FINAL.pdf (581.09 KB)

# Data management

## **ENCePP Seal**

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

## **Data sources (types)**

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Drug dispensing/prescription data

# Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

## **CDM** mapping

No

# Data quality specifications

#### **Check conformance**

Unknown

## **Check completeness**

Unknown

## **Check stability**

Unknown

## **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

# Data characterisation

#### **Data characterisation conducted**

No