

# Incidence of oral thrush in COPD patients prescribed ICS as part of ICS/LABA therapy

**First published:** 11/03/2016

**Last updated:** 02/07/2024

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS12762

### Study ID

14064

### DARWIN EU® study

No

### Study countries

☐ United Kingdom

### Study description

A historical cohort, UK database study in patients with COPD comparing the incidence of oral thrush in those prescribed ICS as part of fixed-dose combination ICS/LABA therapies, with that in patients prescribed long-acting

## Study status

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

### Institutions

#### Observational & Pragmatic Research Institute Pte (OPRI)

☐ United Kingdom

**First published:** 06/10/2015

**Last updated:** 19/08/2024

**Institution**

**Educational Institution**

**Laboratory/Research/Testing facility**

**ENCePP partner**

### Contact details

#### Study institution contact

David Price [dprice@rirl.org](mailto:dprice@rirl.org)

**Study contact**

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#### Primary lead investigator

Lucy Wood

## Study timelines

### **Date when funding contract was signed**

Planned: 26/02/2015

Actual: 05/03/2015

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### **Study start date**

Planned: 07/04/2015

Actual: 07/04/2015

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### **Data analysis start date**

Planned: 07/04/2015

Actual: 07/04/2015

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### **Date of interim report, if expected**

Planned: 12/05/2015

Actual: 12/05/2015

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 30/05/2016

Actual: 29/06/2016

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

## Study protocol

[150407\\_R00115\\_Oral\\_thrush\\_ICS\\_LABA\\_protocol\\_V1.5b.pdf](#) (671.08 KB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

No

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### **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

### Study type list

#### **Study topic:**

Disease /health condition

Human medicinal product

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#### **Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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#### **Scope of the study:**

Other

**If 'other', further details on the scope of the study**

Observational study

**Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

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**Main study objective:**

The aim of the study is two-fold: first, to investigate whether there is an association between ICS use as part of an FDC ICS/LABA and oral thrush in patients with COPD (Phase 1), and second, to assess whether this potential relationship between FDC ICS/LABA use and oral thrush is modulated by the ICS drug and dose within the prescribed FDC device (Phase 2).

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

**Medicinal product name, other**

Symbicort, Seretide

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**Medical condition to be studied**

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

## Population studied

## Short description of the study population

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) patients aged  $\geq 40$  years at first prescription (i.e. index date) for fixed-dose combination (FDC) inhaled corticosteroid (ICS)/ long-acting  $\beta 2$  agonist (LABA), or first prescription for or addition of long-acting bronchodilator, at least 2 years of continuous practice data (1 year of baseline and 1 year of outcome data), and  $\geq 2$  prescriptions for FDC ICS/LABA or long-acting bronchodilator during the outcome period (including the index date prescription).

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## Age groups

- Adults (18 to  $< 46$  years)
  - Adults (46 to  $< 65$  years)
  - Adults (65 to  $< 75$  years)
  - Adults (75 to  $< 85$  years)
  - Adults (85 years and over)
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## Special population of interest

Other

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## Special population of interest, other

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) patients

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## Estimated number of subjects

22808

# Study design details

## Outcomes

Incidence of oral thrush, defined as the proportion of patients with a diagnosis and/or prescribed medication for treating oral thrush within the outcome period.

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### **Data analysis plan**

Statistically significant results will be defined as  $p < 0.05$  and trends as  $0.05 \leq p < 0.10$ . Summary statistics will be produced for all baseline and outcome variables, as a complete dataset and for each matched cohort. All two-way comparisons of the primary outcome between treatment arms will be analysed using conditional logistic regression. Results will be reported as both: number (%) of patients diagnosed/prescribed therapy for oral thrush, and the odds ratio (95% CI), crude and adjusted for baseline predictors/confounders. The 5% level of significance will be used (two-tailed test).

## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025. The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### **Data source(s)**

Optimum Patient Care Research Database

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### **Data sources (types)**

[Electronic healthcare records \(EHR\)](#)

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

**CDM mapping**

No

Data quality specifications

**Check conformance**

Unknown

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**Check completeness**

Unknown

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**Check stability**

Unknown

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**Check logical consistency**

Unknown

Data characterisation

**Data characterisation conducted**

No