# Study of the impact of non-compliance with GINA recommendations on the care consumption of adult asthmatic patient

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# Administrative details

PURI https://redirect.ema.europa.eu/resource/15436
EU PAS number EUPAS5309
<b>Study ID</b> 15436
DARWIN EU® study
Study countries  France

#### Study description

Asthma is a chronic disease that has major implications not only in terms of morbidity and mortality or of deterioration in the quality of life for patients, but also in terms of costs associated with the disease. The management of persistent asthma (GINA 2, 3 and 4) is mainly based on the trigger eviction and on drug therapy. In current medical practice, asthma remains generally underdiagnosed, under-treated and poorly controlled yet. Based on the French national health insurance database (EGB), which contains healthcare reimbursement data of 1/97 of the French population, this study aims to better understand the impact of non-compliance with GINA therapeutic recommendations on healthcare use and on absenteeism of persistent asthmatic patients. It also identifies the characteristics of patients whose care is not in accordance with these recommendations and tests the economic impact of medical nomadism on the management of asthma in 2007 and 2008.

#### **Study status**

Finalised

## Research institutions and networks

## Institutions

## Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1

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Institution

## Contact details

## Study institution contact

#### Eric VAN GANSE

Study contact

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## **Primary lead investigator**

Eric VAN GANSE

**Primary lead investigator** 

# Study timelines

Date when funding contract was signed

Actual: 30/06/2009

Study start date

Actual: 30/10/2009

**Date of final study report** 

Actual: 31/03/2011

# Sources of funding

Other

# More details on funding

**CNAMTS** 

# Regulatory

Was the study required by a regulatory body? No
Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?  Not applicable
Methodological aspects
Study type
Study type list
Study topic: Disease /health condition
Study type: Non-interventional study
Scope of the study: Drug utilisation Healthcare resource utilisation

#### **Data collection methods:**

Secondary use of data

## Main study objective:

This study aims to better understand the impact of non-compliance with GINA therapeutic recommendations on healthcare use and on absenteeism of

persistent asthmatic patients. It also identifies the characteristics of patients whose care is not in accordance with these recommendations and tests the economic impact of medical nomadism on the management of asthma in 2007 and 2008.

# Study Design

#### Non-interventional study design

Cohort

# Study drug and medical condition

#### Medical condition to be studied

**Asthma** 

# Population studied

#### Short description of the study population

Persistent asthmatic patients.

#### Age groups

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

#### **Special population of interest**

Other

#### Special population of interest, other

Asthma patients

#### **Estimated number of subjects**

2000

# Study design details

#### **Outcomes**

To study the frequency of non-compliance with GINA recommendations and its potential impact on health care consumption and absenteeism in asthmatic patients. To study and compare the characteristics of patients, their health care consumption and nomadism in 2007 and 2008.

#### Data analysis plan

A / Description of the general characteristics of the study population on 01/01/2007.B / Description of the components of the healthcare consumption and absenteeism in 2007 and 2008 for the entire population included.C / Study of the characteristics of the healthcare consumption and absenteeism of patients in 2007 and 2008 depending on the frequency of rescues CI in 2007.D / Study of the characteristics of the healthcare consumption and absenteeism in 2007 and 2008 patients who received BAILDA without CI in 2007.E / Study of the characteristics of the healthcare consumption and absenteeism in 2007 and in 2008 patients with high BAICDA rescues in 2007.

## Data management

## Data sources

Data Source	(s), other
EGB France	
Data source	s (types)
Administrativ	e healthcare records (e.g., claims)
Use of a	Common Data Model (CDM)
<b>CDM mappi</b> i No	ng
Data qu	ality specifications
Check confo	rmance
Unknown	
Check comp	leteness
Unknown	
Check stabi	lity
Unknown	
	al consistency

## Data characterisation

## **Data characterisation conducted**

No