

# Non-interventional study describing patients' perception on anticoagulant treatment and treatment convenience when treated with Pradaxa or Vitamine K Antagonist for Stroke Prevention in Non-Valvular Atrial Fibrillation (Patient convenience study (RE-SONANCE))

**First published:** 21/12/2015

**Last updated:** 17/12/2025

Study

Finalised

## Administrative details

### EU PAS number

EUPAS11924

### Study ID

11925

### DARWIN EU® study

No

## **Study countries**

- Austria
- Bulgaria
- Croatia
- Czechia
- Estonia
- Hungary
- Israel
- Latvia
- Poland
- Romania
- Russian Federation
- Serbia
- Slovenia

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## **Study description**

The aim of this study is to describe how patients with non-valvular atrial fibrillation (NVAF) perceive anticoagulant treatment with Pradaxa (dabigatran etexilate) for stroke prevention in comparison to treatment with Vitamin K Antagonist (VKA). Two different groups (cohorts) of patients will be investigated: Cohort A: NVAF patients who used VKA for at least 3 months prior to study enrolment and are switched to Pradaxa. Cohort B: newly diagnosed NVAF patients who are initiated to either Pradaxa or VKA treatment upon study enrolment.

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## **Study status**

Finalised

## **Research institutions and networks**

## Institutions

### Boehringer Ingelheim

**First published:** 01/02/2024

**Last updated:** 01/02/2024

**Institution**

## Contact details

### Study institution contact

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**Study contact**

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### Primary lead investigator

Boehringer Ingelheim

**Primary lead investigator**

## Study timelines

### Date when funding contract was signed

Planned: 27/03/2015

Actual: 27/03/2015

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### Study start date

Planned: 30/11/2015

Actual: 27/11/2015

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### **Data analysis start date**

Planned: 13/01/2017

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### **Date of final study report**

Planned: 31/05/2017

Actual: 08/08/2018

## Sources of funding

- Pharmaceutical company and other private sector

## More details on funding

Boehringer Ingelheim RCV GmbH & Co KG

## Study protocol

[Protocol\\_1160-0249\\_redacted.pdf](#) (3.51 MB)

## Regulatory

### **Was the study required by a regulatory body?**

No

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### **Is the study required by a Risk Management Plan (RMP)?**

Not applicable

## Methodological aspects

### Study type

**Study topic:**

Human medicinal product

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**Study type:**

Non-interventional study

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**Scope of the study:**

Evaluation of patient-reported outcomes

**Data collection methods:**

Primary data collection

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**Study design:**

Non-interventional study of NVAF patients in Europe with a current VKA therapy and subsequent initiation of Pradaxa® OR patients being newly diagnosed with NVAF and initiated on Pradaxa® or VKA

**Main study objective:**

To describe how patients with non-valvular atrial fibrillation (NVAF) receive anticoagulant treatment, with Pradaxa or VKA, for stroke prevention, using the PACT-Q questionnaires.

## Study Design

**Non-interventional study design**

Cohort

## Study drug and medical condition

**Medicinal product name**

PRADAXA

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**Medicinal product name, other**

Pradaxa®(Dabigatran etexilate), or Vitamin K Antagonist (VKA)

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**Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) code**

(B01AE07) dabigatran etexilate

dabigatran etexilate

(B01AA) Vitamin K antagonists

Vitamin K antagonists

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**Medical condition to be studied**

Atrial fibrillation

## Population studied

**Age groups**

- Adults (46 to < 65 years)
- Adults (65 to < 75 years)
- Adults (75 to < 85 years)
- Adults (85 years and over)

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**Estimated number of subjects**

9000

## Study design details

## **Setting**

Data from approximately 9 000 patients were planned to be collected from approximately 800 sites from 12 Central & Eastern European countries (Russia, Poland, Romania, Hungary, Austria, Czech Republic, Latvia, Estonia, Slovenia, Bulgaria, Serbia, Croatia) and Israel.

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## **Outcomes**

For Cohort A (NVAF patients on VKA who are switched to Pradaxa®): Mean PACT-Q2 scores at second and last assessment compared to baseline assessment. For Cohort B (newly diagnosed NVAF patients initiated to either VKA or Pradaxa®): Mean PACT-Q2 scores at second and last assessment compared between treatment groups. For Cohort A (patients switched to Pradaxa®): Mean PACT-Q2 scores at last assessment compared to second assessment. For Cohort B (patients newly initiated to VKA or Pradaxa®): Description of PACT-Q1 items at baseline.

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## **Data analysis plan**

In this non-interventional study, baseline and longitudinal follow-up data over 6 months will be collected for non-valvular AF patients with a current VKA therapy and subsequent initiation of Pradaxa® in Cohort A, and for newly diagnosed AF patients initiated on Pradaxa® or VKA in Cohort B. Data from baseline and the longitudinal follow-up will be summarized descriptively. For Cohort A, mean PACT-Q2 scores between assessments will be compared using paired t-tests. For Cohort B, mean PACT-Q2 scores between Pradaxa® and VKA patients will be compared using propensity score matched analysis.

## **Documents**

### **Study results**

## Study publications

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33929686>

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## Data management

### ENCePP Seal

The use of the ENCePP Seal has been discontinued since February 2025.

The ENCePP Seal fields are retained in the display mode for transparency but are no longer maintained.

## Data sources

### Data sources (types)

[Other](#)

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### Data sources (types), other

Prospective patient-based data collection

## Use of a Common Data Model (CDM)

### CDM mapping

No

## Data quality specifications

### **Check conformance**

Unknown

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### **Check completeness**

Unknown

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### **Check stability**

Unknown

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### **Check logical consistency**

Unknown

## Data characterisation

### **Data characterisation conducted**

No