

# Norwegian Health Registers

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Data source

Human

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Pharmacy dispensing records

Population registry

## Administrative details

### Administrative details

#### Data source ID

1111170

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#### Data holder

[The Norwegian Institute of Public Health](#)

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#### Data source type

Administrative healthcare records (e.g., claims)

Pharmacy dispensing records

Population registry

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#### Main financial support

National, regional, or municipal public funding

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## Care setting

Hospital inpatient care

Hospital outpatient care

Primary care – GP, community pharmacist level

Secondary care – specialist level (ambulatory)

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## Data source qualification

If the data source has successfully undergone a formal qualification process (e.g., from the EMA, ISO or other certifications), this should be described.

No

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## Data source website

<https://helsedata.no/en/>

## Contact details

Kari Furu kari.furu@fhi.no

Main

[kari.furu@fhi.no](mailto:kari.furu@fhi.no)

## Data source regions and languages

### Data source countries

Norway

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### Data source languages

Norwegian

## Data source establishment

## **Data source established**

15/06/1964

## **Publications**

### **Data source publications**

[Norwegian Control and Payment of Health Reimbursements Database \(KUHR\)](#)

[Medical Birth Registry of Norway](#)

[Norwegian Surveillance System for Communicable Diseases \(MSIS\)](#)

[Norwegian Prescription Database \(NorPD\)](#)

[Norwegian Immunisation Registry SYSVAK](#)

[SARS-CoV-2 Vaccination and Myocarditis in a Nordic Cohort Study of 23 Million Residents](#)

[Comparative Risk of Major Congenital Malformations With Antiseizure Medication Combinations vs Valproate Monotherapy in Pregnancy.](#)

[A common data model for harmonization in the Nordic Pregnancy Drug Safety Studies \(NorPreSS\)](#)

[Association of Prenatal Exposure to Antiseizure Medication With Risk of Autism and Intellectual Disability](#)

[Stroke and bleeding risk in atrial fibrillation with CHA2DS2-VASC risk score of one: the Norwegian AFNOR study](#)

## **Studies**

List of studies that have been conducted using the data source

Post-Authorization Active Surveillance Safety Study Using Secondary Data to Monitor Real-World Safety of Spikevax in Europe (COVID-19)

Post Conditional Approval Active Surveillance Study Among Individuals in Europe Receiving the Pfizer-BioNTech Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Vaccine

A post-authorisation safety study (PASS) to evaluate the long-term cardiovascular and psychiatric safety profile of methylphenidate (MPH) in adult patients with attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in European Countries (PASS on methylphenidate in adults)

Post-Authorisation Active Surveillance Study of Myocarditis and Pericarditis Among Individuals in Europe Receiving the Pfizer-BioNTech Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Vaccine

NN9535-4447 Epidemiological assessment of the risk for pancreatic cancer associated with the use of semaglutide in patients with type 2 diabetes- A cohort study based on Nordic registry data

A post-authorization safety study (PASS) to evaluate the paternal exposure to valproate and the risk of neurodevelopmental disorders including autism spectrum disorders as well as congenital abnormalities in offspring - a population-based retrospective study

Retrospective cohort study evaluating effectiveness of GARDASIL™ against adult-onset recurrent respiratory papillomatosis in Norway

mRNA-1273-P910: Clinical course, outcomes and risk factors of myocarditis and pericarditis following administration of Moderna vaccines targeting SARS-CoV-2.

Characterization of neurodevelopmental disorders in children exposed in utero to valproate and/or other antiepileptic drugs with long-term follow-up: retrospective study of multiple European data sources (AVALON)

Post-Authorisation Safety Study of Comirnaty Original/Omicron BA.1 and Comirnaty Original/Omicron BA.4-5 in Europe

Long-term real-world safety of ozanimod – A post-authorisation safety study (PASS) in patients diagnosed with ulcerative colitis

Antipsychotics in pregnancy and the risk of adverse pregnancy outcomes - a nationwide study

SAFETY-VAC: Network of Data Sources for Vaccine Safety Evaluation

ADEPT: The utilisation of antiseizure medications in pregnant women, other women of childbearing potential, and men: a multi-database study from 7 European countries

SAFETY-VAC: Background incidence estimation of flares of pre-existing chronic diseases using pan-European electronic healthcare data sources.

ADEPT: feasibility of estimating the risk of adverse pregnancy, neonatal and child outcomes following either in utero ASM exposure through the mother, or peri-conceptual ASM exposure through the father

DARWIN EU® - Background incidence rates of selected vaccine adverse events of special interest (AESIs) in Europe

Nested case-control study evaluating effectiveness of immunization of girls and women of childbearing potential with GARDASIL(TM)/GARDASIL(TM) 9 against juvenile-onset recurrent respiratory papillomatosis (JoRRP) in Sweden, Denmark, and Norway (V503-095)

SAFETY-VAC: Phenotype proposal and rates of immunocompromised populations in real-world data sources.

A Post-Authorisation Safety Study (PASS) of ABRYSV0 (Respiratory Syncytial Virus Stabilised Prefusion Subunit Vaccine) in Pregnant Women and their Offspring in a Real World Setting in Europe and UK (C3671026)

DARWIN EU® - Characterising the use of JAK inhibitors in Europe: a Drug Utilisation Study

DARWIN EU® - Prevalence of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) and obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (oHCM) in six European countries

A Drug Utilisation Study of Qsiva for Weight Management: A Postmarketing Cohort Database Study in Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Sweden

Qsiva Use Among Pregnant Women and Prescribed Contraceptive Use Among Qsiva Users of Childbearing Potential: A Postmarketing Cohort Database Study in Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Sweden

## Data elements collected

### The data source contains the following information

#### **Disease information**

Does the data source collect information with a focus on a specific disease? This might be a patient registry or other similar initiatives.

Yes

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#### **Rare diseases**

Are rare diseases captured? In the European Union a rare disease is one that affects no more than 5 people in 10,000.

Yes

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#### **Pregnancy and/or neonates**

Does the data source collect information on pregnant women and/or neonatal subpopulation (under 28 days of age)?

No

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### **Hospital admission and/or discharge**

Yes

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### **ICU admission**

Is information on intensive care unit admission available?

Yes

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### **Cause of death**

Captured

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### **Cause of death vocabulary**

ICD-10

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### **Prescriptions of medicines**

Not Captured

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### **Dispensing of medicines**

Captured

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### **Dispensing vocabulary**

ATC

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### **Advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMP)**

Is information on advanced therapy medicinal products included? A medicinal product for human use that is either a gene therapy medicinal product, a somatic cell therapy product or a tissue engineered products as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1394/2007 [Reg (EC) No 1394/2007 Art 1(1)].

No

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### **Contraception**

Is information on the use of any type of contraception (oral, injectable, devices etc.) available?

Yes

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### **Indication for use**

Does the data source capture information on the therapeutic indication for the use of medicinal products?

Captured

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### **Indication vocabulary**

Other

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### **Medical devices**

Is information on medicinal devices (e.g., pens, syringes, inhalers) available?

No

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### **Administration of vaccines**

Yes

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### **Procedures**

Does the data source capture information on procedures (e.g., diagnostic tests, therapeutic, surgical interventions)?

Captured

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### **Procedures vocabulary**

Other

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### **Procedures vocabulary, other**

NCSP, NCMP, NCRP

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### **Healthcare provider**



Is information on the person providing healthcare (e.g., physician, pharmacist, specialist) available?  
The healthcare provider refers to individual health professionals or a health facility organisation licensed to provide health care diagnosis and treatment services including medication, surgery and medical devices.

Yes

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## **Clinical measurements**

Is information on clinical measurements (e.g., BMI, blood pressure, height) available?

No

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## **Genetic data**

Are data related to genotyping, genome sequencing available?

Not Captured

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## **Biomarker data**

Does the data source capture biomarker information? The term “biomarker” refers to a broad subcategory of medical signs ( objective indications of medical state observed from outside the patient), which can be measured accurately and reproducibly. For example, haematological assays, infectious disease markers or metabolomic biomarkers.

Not Captured

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## **Patient-reported outcomes**

Is information on patient-reported outcomes (e.g., quality of life) available?

No

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## **Patient-generated data**

Is patient-generated information (e.g., from wearable devices) available?

No

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## **Units of healthcare utilisation**

Are units of healthcare utilisation (e.g., number of visits to GP per year, number of hospital days) available or can they be derived? Units of healthcare utilisation refer to the quantification of the use of services for the purpose of preventing or curing health problems.

No

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### **Unique identifier for persons**

Are patients uniquely identified in the data source?

Yes

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### **Diagnostic codes**

Captured

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### **Diagnosis / medical event vocabulary**

ICD-10

ICPC-2

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### **Medicinal product information**

Captured

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### **Medicinal product information collected**

Active ingredient(s)

Brand name

Formulation

Package size

Strength

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### **Medicinal product vocabulary**

ATC

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### **Quality of life measurements**

Not Captured

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### **Lifestyle factors**

Not Captured

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## **Sociodemographic information**

Captured

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### **Sociodemographic information collected**

Age

Country of origin

Education level

Gender

Living in rural area

Marital status

Socioeconomic status

## Quantitative descriptors

## Population Qualitative Data

### **Population age groups**

Paediatric Population (< 18 years)

Preterm newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Term newborn infants (0 – 27 days)

Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)

Children (2 to < 12 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Elderly ( $\geq 65$  years)

Adults (65 to  $< 75$  years)

Adults (75 to  $< 85$  years)

Adults (85 years and over)

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**Estimated percentage of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area**

100%

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**Description of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area whose data are not collected (e.g., people who are registered only for private care)**

All residents assigned a unique national personal identity number at birth or immigration and are covered in the healthcare and administrative registers.

Norway has universal tax-financed healthcare services that report to register.

Private healthcare is incompletely or not captured. However, private specialists with reimbursement appointment with the public health system are captured.

## Family linkage

**Family linkage available in the data source permanently or can be created on an ad hoc basis**

Permanently

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**Family linkage available between the following persons**

Father-child

Household

Mother-child

Sibling

## Population

**Population size**

5500000

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**Active population size**

5500000

## Data flows and management

### Access and validation

**Governance details**

Documents or webpages that describe the overall governance of the data source and processes and procedures for data capture and management, data quality check and validation results (governing data access or utilisation for research purposes).

<https://helsedata.no/en/access-to-data/>

**Biospecimen access**

Are biospecimens available in the data source (e.g., tissue samples)?

No

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**Access to subject details**

Can individual patients/practitioners/practices included in the data source be contacted?

No

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**Description of data collection**

Population-based data are routinely and prospectively collected on individuals lives and health mandated by law. The personal identity numbers are the key

identifiers in all registers/databases, enabling easy, accurate and unambiguous individual-level linkage of the registers.

Data holders: Health Data Service, Norwegian Institute of Public Health

Date established: 2004 for Prescribed Drug Register. 2008 for patient register (hospital, secondary care). 1964 for Population register. 1967 for Medical Birth Register. Different for each register

## Event triggering registration

### **Event triggering registration of a person in the data source**

Birth

Immigration

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### **Event triggering de-registration of a person in the data source**

Death

Emigration

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### **Event triggering creation of a record in the data source**

Drug dispensing from pharmacy, Healthcare contact (visit physician, hospital), administration of vaccine, diagnosed with cancer

## Data source linkage

### **Linkage**

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources (prelinked data source) and/or can the data source be linked to other data source on an ad-hoc basis?

Yes

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### **Linkage description, pre-linked**

The personal identity numbers are the key identifiers in all registers, enabling easy, accurate and unambiguous individual-level linkage of the registers

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### **Linkage description, possible linkage**

The personal identity numbers are the key identifiers in all registers and the data sources we may link to, enabling easy, accurate and unambiguous individual-level linkage of the registers and other data sources

## **Linked data sources**

### **Pre linked**

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources?

Yes

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### **Data source, other**

All national healthcare and administrative registers can be linked

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### **Linkage variable**

National and unique personal identity number assigned at birth or immigration

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### **Linkage completeness**

Near complete 100%

### **Pre linked**

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources?

No

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**Data source, other**

Cohort studies with biobanks, surveys, medical quality register for specific diseases

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**Linkage completeness**

Depends on type of consent given by registered person

## Data management specifications that apply for the data source

**Data source refresh**

Yearly

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**Informed consent for use of data for research**

Other

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**Possibility of data validation**

Can validity of the data in the data source be verified (e.g., access to original medical charts)?

Yes

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**Data source preservation**

Are records preserved in the data source indefinitely?

Yes

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**Approval for publication**

Is an approval needed for publishing the results of a study using the data source?

No

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**Informed consent, other**



You may need exemption from the duty of confidentiality

## Common Data Model (CDM) mapping

### **CDM mapping**

Has the data source been converted (ETL-ed) to a common data model?

No