# Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD

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Data source

( Human )

Primary care medical records

## Administrative details

#### Administrative details

#### **Data source ID**

1111113

#### Data source acronym

**CPRD GOLD** 

#### **Data holder**

Nuffield Department of Orthopaedics, Rheumatology and Musculoskeletal Sciences (NDORMS), University of Oxford

#### **Data source type**

Primary care medical records

#### **Data source qualification**

If the data source has successfully undergone a formal qualification process (e.g., from the EMA, ISO or other certifications), this should be described.

No

#### **Data source website**

https://www.cprd.com/primary-care-data-public-health-research

#### Contact details

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## Data source regions and languages

#### **Data source countries**

United Kingdom

#### **Data source languages**

English

#### Data source establishment

#### **Data source established**

09/09/1987

#### **Data source time span**

First collection: 09/09/1987

The date when data started to be collected or extracted.

Last collection: 01/01/2025

If data collection in the data source has ceased, the date new records last entered the data source.

## **Publications**

### Data source publications

The General Practice Research Database: Now and the Future (2007)

The accuracy of date of death recording in the Clinical Practice Research

Datalink GOLD database in England compared with the Office for National

Statistics death registrations (2019)

Recent advances in the utility and use of the General Practice Research Database as an example of a UK Primary Care Data resource (2012)

The General Practice Research Database: Role in Pharmacovigilance (2004)

Data Resource Profile Update: CPRD GOLD

#### **Studies**

## List of studies that have been conducted using the data source

DARWIN EU® Characterization of patients with chronic hepatitis B and C

Risk of Skin Cancer and Lymphoma in Users of Topical Tacrolimus, Pimecrolimus, and Corticosteroids: Protopic JOint European Longitudinal Lymphoma and skin cancer Evaluation (JOELLE) Study

DARWIN EU® - Co-prescribing of endothelin receptor antagonists (ERAs) and phosphodiesterate-5 inhibitors (PDE-5is) in pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)

DARWIN EU® Treatment patterns of drugs used in adult and paediatric population with systemic lupus erythematosus

DARWIN EU® EHDS Use Case: Natural history of coagulopathy in COVID-19 patients and persons vaccinated against SARS-CoV-2 in the context of the OMICRON variant

DARWIN EU® Drug utilisation study of medicines with prokinetic properties in children and adults diagnosed with gastroparesis

DARWIN EU® Natural history of dermatomyositis (DM) and polymyositis (PM) in adults and paediatric populations

DARWIN EU® Rates of occurrence of treatment-related intercurrent events in patients with major depressive disorder

DARWIN EU® Effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines on severe COVID-19 and post acute outcomes of SARS-CoV-2 infection

DARWIN EU® Age specific incidence rates of RSV related disease in Europe

DARWIN EU® Monitoring prescription of medicines for public health emergencies at risk of shortages

DARWIN EU® Effectiveness of Human Papillomavirus Vaccines (HPV) to prevent cervical cancer

DARWIN EU® Comparing direct and indirect methods to estimate prevalence of chronic diseases using real-world data

DARWIN EU® – Frailty and polypharmacy among adults with selected cancers at the time of diagnosis

DARWIN EU® - Chondrosarcoma: patient demographics, treatments, and survival in the period 2010-2023

DARWIN EU® - Characterising interstitial lung disease in Europe

SAFETY-VAC: Network of Data Sources for Vaccine Safety Evaluation

ADEPT: The utilisation of antiseizure medications in pregnant women, other women of childbearing potential, and men: a multi-database study from 7 European countries

DARWIN EU® – Trends in utilisation of Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Medications

DARWIN EU® - Drug Utilisation Study on GLP-1 Receptor Agonists

SAFETY-VAC: Background incidence estimation of flares of pre-existing chronic diseases using pan-European electronic healthcare data sources. (SAFETY VAC)

ADEPT: feasibility of estimating the risk of adverse pregnancy, neonatal and child outcomes following either in utero ASM exposure through the mother, or peri-conceptional ASM exposure through the father

DARWIN EU® - Background incidence rates of selected vaccine adverse events of special interest (AESIs) in Europe

DARWIN EU® - Suicidality following exposure to doxycycline

SAFETY-VAC: Phenotype proposal and rates of immunocompromised populations in real-world data sources.

DARWIN EU® - Incidence of suicidality in patients with specific chronic skin conditions

DARWIN EU® - Azathioprine - user characteristics

DARWIN EU® – Paracetamol prescribing and paracetamol overdose in Europe: a descriptive analysis of trends and patient characteristics

DARWIN EU® - DUS Characterising STOPP criteria medication use in people with recurrent falls

DARWIN EU® - Incidence of myoclonus in heart failure: a descriptive analysis in patients treated with sacubitril/valsartan and other treatments

A post-authorisation safety study of ABRYSVO in immunocompromised, or renally or hepatically impaired adults aged 60 years and older in a real world setting in Europe and UK

DARWIN EU® -Drug utilisation of salbutamol products for inhalation and therapeutic alternative inhalation products

DARWIN EU® - Suicidality incidence rates in adult male patients and in patients treated with finasteride and dutasteride

DARWIN EU® - Characterisation of exposure to acitretin and purpura and related conditions

DARWIN EU® - Prevalence of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) and obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (oHCM) in six European countries

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \textbf{DARWIN} \ \textbf{EU} \\ \textbf{@ - Prescription trends of ketamine and esketamine}$ 

DARWIN EU® - Incidence rates of venous thromboembolic events in patients with selected cancers

DARWIN EU® - Association of venous thromboembolism with non-steroidal antiinflammatory drug use in women 15-49 years using hormonal contraceptives

DARWIN EU® - Eye disorders in women with breast cancer treated with anastrozole, letrozole or tamoxifen

### Data elements collected

The data source contains the following information

#### **Disease information**

Does the data source collect information with a focus on a specific disease? This might be a patient registry or other similar initiatives.

No

#### Rare diseases

Are rare diseases captured? In the European Union a rare disease is one that affects no more than 5 people in 10,000.

Yes

#### **Pregnancy and/or neonates**

Does the data source collect information on pregnant women and/or neonatal subpopulation (under 28 days of age)?

Yes

#### Hospital admission and/or discharge

Yes

#### **ICU** admission

Is information on intensive care unit admission available?

Yes

#### **Cause of death**

Not Captured

#### **Prescriptions of medicines**

Captured

#### Prescriptions vocabulary, other

Gemscript

#### **Dispensing of medicines**

Not Captured

#### Advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMP)

Is information on advanced therapy medicinal products included? A medicinal product for human use that is either a gene therapy medicinal product, a somatic cell therapy product or a tissue engineered products as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1394/2007 [Reg (EC) No 1394/2007 Art 1(1)].

No

#### Contraception

Is information on the use of any type of contraception (oral, injectable, devices etc.) available?

Yes

#### Indication for use

Does the data source capture information on the therapeutic indication for the use of medicinal products?

Captured

#### **Medical devices**

Is information on medicinal devices (e.g., pens, syringes, inhalers) available?

Yes

#### **Administration of vaccines**

Yes

#### **Procedures**

Does the data source capture information on procedures (e.g., diagnostic tests, therapeutic, surgical interventions)?

Captured

#### **Procedures vocabulary**

Read

#### **Healthcare** provider

Is information on the person providing healthcare (e.g., physician, pharmacist, specialist) available? The healthcare provider refers to individual health professionals or a health facility organisation licensed to provide health care diagnosis and treatment services including medication, surgery and medical devices.

Yes

#### **Clinical measurements**

Is information on clinical measurements (e.g., BMI, blood pressure, height) available?

Yes

#### **Genetic data**

Are data related to genotyping, genome sequencing available?

Not Captured

#### Biomarker data

Does the data source capture biomarker information? The term "biomarker" refers to a broad subcategory of medical signs ( objective indications of medical state observed from outside the patient), which can be measured accurately and reproducibly. For example, haematological assays, infectious disease markers or metabolomic biomarkers.

Not Captured

#### **Patient-reported outcomes**

Is information on patient-reported outcomes (e.g., quality of life) available?

No

#### Patient-generated data

Is patient-generated information (e.g., from wearable devices) available?

No

#### Units of healthcare utilisation

Are units of healthcare utilisation (e.g., number of visits to GP per year, number of hospital days) available or can they be derived? Units of healthcare utilisation refer to the quantification of the use of services for the purpose of preventing or curing health problems.

Yes

#### **Unique identifier for persons**

Are patients uniquely identified in the data source?

Yes

#### **Diagnostic codes**

Captured

#### Diagnosis / medical event vocabulary

Read

#### **Medicinal product information**

Captured

#### Medicinal product information collected

Active ingredient(s)

Brand name

Formulation

Route of administration

Strength

#### **Medicinal product vocabulary**

dm+d

Gemscript

#### **Quality of life measurements**

Not Captured

#### **Lifestyle factors**

Captured

#### **Lifestyle factors**

Alcohol use

Diet

Tobacco use

#### **Sociodemographic information**

Captured

#### Sociodemographic information collected

Age

Deprivation index

Ethnicity

Gender

Marital status

## Quantitative descriptors

## Population Qualitative Data

#### Population age groups

Paediatric Population (< 18 years)

Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)

Adults (18 to < 46 years)

Adults (46 to < 65 years)

Elderly (≥ 65 years)

Adults (65 to < 75 years)

Adults (75 to < 85 years)

Adults (85 years and over)

## Estimated percentage of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area

In CPRD GOLD January 2025 there were 2,730,707 current acceptable patients (i.e. registered at currently contributing practices that use Vision software, excluding transferred out, deceased patients and those flagged by CPRD as not acceptable for clinical research for data quality issues) equal to 4.07% based on the UK population estimates of 67,026,300 from the Office of National Statistics (mid-2023). Our Oxford OMOP CDM data include 2,730,170 after excluding 537 patients as described for the full population below: the percentage remains the same.

# Description of the population covered by the data source in the catchment area whose data are not collected (e.g., people who are registered only for private care)

CPRD GOLD January 2025 included 24,499,592 patients of which we excluded in the following order:

- 2,912,952 flagged as not acceptable for clinical research
- 1,182 with gender not equal to Male or Female
- 3 with year of birth before 1875
- 3,801,458 with practice up-to-standard after the patient died or left the practice
- 4 with first registration date after the last collection date
- 257,093 with no observations

Our Oxford OMOP CDM data include the remaining 17,526,900 patients and the numbers below refer to this OMOP CDM population.

## **Population**

#### **Population size**

17526900

#### **Active population size**

2730170

## Population by age group

Age group	Population size	Active population size
Paediatric Population (< 18 years)	3156457	499808
Children (2 to < 12 years)	1855462	270946
Adolescents (12 to < 18 years)	962713	188977
Adults (18 to < 46 years)	7523905	1009545
Adults (46 to < 65 years)	3375756	681541
Elderly (≥ 65 years)	3470782	539276
Adults (65 to < 75 years)	1375331	282623
Adults (75 to < 85 years)	1183920	188530
Adults (85 years and over)	911531	68123

## Median observation time

Median time (years) between first and last available records for unique individuals captured in the data source

5.89

Median time (years) between first and last available records for unique active individuals (alive and currently registered) capt

13.35

## Data flows and management

## Access and validation

#### **Governance details**

Documents or webpages that describe the overall governance of the data source and processes and procedures for data capture and management, data quality check and validation results (governing data access or utilisation for research purposes).

https://cprd.com/

#### **Biospecimen access**

Are biospecimens available in the data source (e.g., tissue samples)?

No

#### Access to subject details

Can individual patients/practitioners/practices included in the data source be contacted?

No

#### **Description of data collection**

https://cprd.com/primary-care-data-public-health-research https://ohdsi.github.io/ETL-LambdaBuilder/docs/CPRD

## Event triggering registration

#### Event triggering registration of a person in the data source

Practice registration

#### Event triggering de-registration of a person in the data source

Death

Practice deregistration

#### Event triggering creation of a record in the data source

Patient has contact with a GP practice

## Data source linkage

#### Linkage

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources (prelinked data source) and/or can the data source be linked to other data source on an ad-hoc basis?

Yes

#### Linkage description, pre-linked

CPRD GOLD can be linked to several sources, however our Oxford OMOP CDM is only linked to the CPRD GOLD Ethnicity Record and to the CPRD Townsend Deprivation Index at Practice Level

#### Linkage description, possible linkage

https://cprd.com/cprd-linked-data#Data%20from%20NHS%20Digital

#### Linked data sources

#### Pre linked

Is the data source described created by the linkage of other data sources?

No

#### Data source, other

Hospital Episode Statistics (HES): HES Accepted Patient Care (APC), HES Accident & Emergency (A&E), HES Outpatient (OP). Office of National Statistics (ONS) mortality records. Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD), Townsend index, Carstairs index, Rural Urban classification

#### Linkage variable

Patient identifier

## Data management specifications that apply for the data source

#### Data source refresh

Every 6 months

#### Informed consent for use of data for research

Other

#### Possibility of data validation

Can validity of the data in the data source be verified (e.g., access to original medical charts)?

No

#### **Data source preservation**

Are records preserved in the data source indefinitely?

Yes

#### **Approval for publication**

Is an approval needed for publishing the results of a study using the data source?

Yes

#### Informed consent, other

Patient are assumed to consent, but they can withdraw consent at any time

#### Data source last refresh

01/01/2025

## Common Data Model (CDM) mapping

#### **CDM** mapping

Has the data source been converted (ETL-ed) to a common data model?

Yes

#### **CDM Mappings**

#### **CDM** name

**OMOP** 

#### **CDM** website

https://www.ohdsi.org/Data-standardization/

#### **Data source ETL CDM version**

5.4.1

#### **Data source ETL frequency**

6,00 months

#### **Data source ETL status**

Completed

#### **Data source ETL specifications (link)**

https://ohdsi.github.io/ETL-LambdaBuilder/docs/CPRD